

# Audit, Governance and Standards Committee Maidstone Borough Council Progress Report and Update Year ended 31 March 2016

21 March 2016

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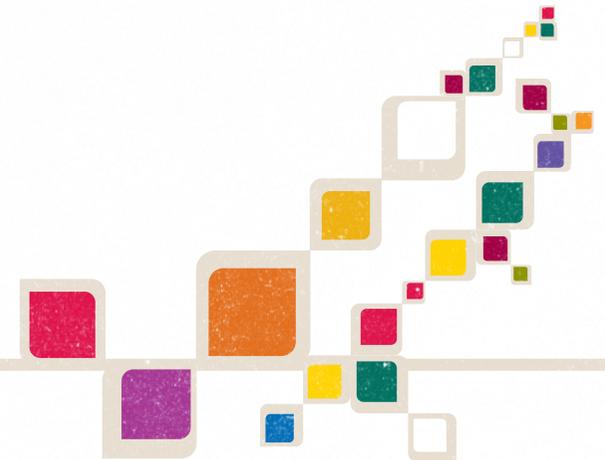
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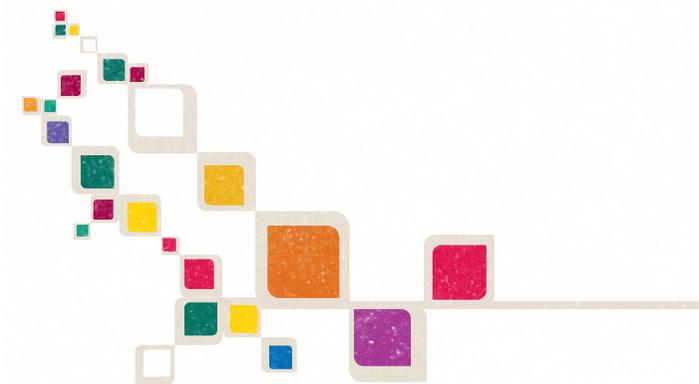
# Introduction

This paper provides the Audit, Governance and Standards Committee with a report on progress in delivering our responsibilities as your external auditors.

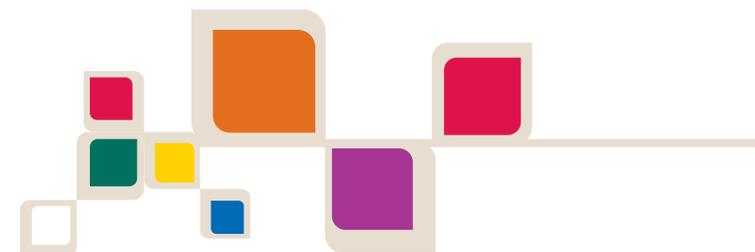
Members of the Audit, Standards and Governance Committee can find further useful material on our website [www.grantthornton.co.uk](http://www.grantthornton.co.uk), where we have a section dedicated to our work in the public sector. Here you can download copies of our publications:

- Innovation in public financial management (December 2015); [www.grantthornton.global/en/insights/articles/innovation-in-public-financial-management/](http://www.grantthornton.global/en/insights/articles/innovation-in-public-financial-management/)
- Knowing the Ropes – Audit Committee; Effectiveness Review (October 2015); [www.grantthornton.co.uk/en/insights/knowing-the-ropes--audit-committee-effectiveness-review-2015/](http://www.grantthornton.co.uk/en/insights/knowing-the-ropes--audit-committee-effectiveness-review-2015/)
- Making devolution work: A practical guide for local leaders (October 2015) [www.grantthornton.co.uk/en/insights/making-devolution-work/](http://www.grantthornton.co.uk/en/insights/making-devolution-work/)

If you would like further information on any items in this briefing, or would like to register with Grant Thornton to receive regular email updates on issues that are of interest to you, please contact either your Engagement Lead or Engagement Manager.

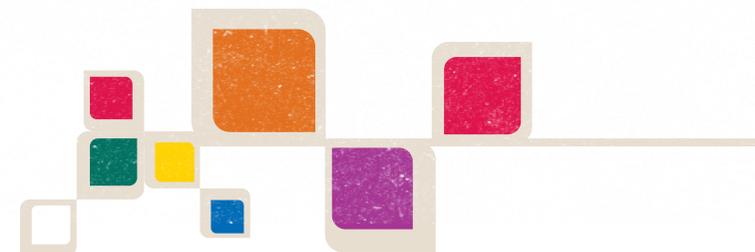


# Progress at 21<sup>st</sup> March 2016



2015/16 work	Planned Date	Complete?	Comments
<p><b>Fee Letter</b> We are required to issue a 'Planned fee letter for 2015/16' by the end of April 2015</p>	April 2015	Yes	The 2015-16 fee letter was issued during April 2015 and confirmed a fee of £50,475 for the 2015-16 Accounts Audit.
<p><b>Accounts Audit Plan</b> We are required to issue a detailed accounts audit plan to the Council setting out our proposed approach in order to give an opinion on the Council's 2015-16 financial statements.</p>	March 2016	In progress	Our audit plan has been drafted and is included as a separate agenda item for the Audit, Governance and Standards Committee to consider.
<p><b>Interim accounts audit</b> Our interim fieldwork visit plan included:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• updated review of the Council's control environment</li> <li>• updated understanding of financial systems</li> <li>• review of Internal Audit reports on core financial systems</li> <li>• early work on emerging accounting issues</li> <li>• early substantive testing</li> <li>• planning for the proposed Value for Money conclusion.</li> </ul>	January to March 2016	In progress	Our interim audit work is in progress. This includes early audit testing where practical to support a more efficient final accounts audit. We are due back on site w/c the 21 <sup>st</sup> of March to undertake further early testing to reduce further the work needed at year end.
<p><b>Final accounts audit</b> Including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• audit of the 2015-16 financial statements</li> <li>• proposed opinion on the Council's accounts</li> </ul>	July 2016	Not yet due	<p>We are planning to complete our audit by the end of July. as part of the transition to the earlier closedown and audit cycle from 2017-18</p> <p>The findings from this work will be presented within our Audit Findings Report, which will be presented to the Audit, Governance and Standards Committee in September 2016.</p>

# Progress at 21<sup>st</sup> March 2016



2015/16 work	Planned Date	Complete?	Comments
<p><b>Value for Money (VfM) conclusion</b></p> <p>The scope of our work has changed and is set out in the final guidance issued by the National Audit Office in November 2015. The Code requires auditors to satisfy themselves that; "the Council has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources".</p> <p>The guidance confirmed the overall criterion as; "in all significant respects, the audited body had proper arrangements to ensure it took properly informed decisions and deployed resources to achieve planned and sustainable outcomes for taxpayers and local people".</p> <p>The three sub criteria for assessment to be able to give a conclusion overall are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Informed decision making</li> <li>• Sustainable resource deployment</li> <li>• Working with partners and other third parties</li> </ul>	January to July 2016	In progress	<p>We have yet to complete our initial risk assessment and will present an update on this to the Audit, Governance and Standards Committee in July 2016.</p> <p>The findings from this work will be included within our Audit Findings Report, which will be presented to the Audit, Governance and Standards Committee in September 2016.</p>
<p><b>Housing Benefits</b></p> <p>We are required to certify the Council's Housing Benefit Claim in accordance with the HBCOUNT methodology as agreed between Public Sector Audit Appointments (PSAA) and the Department for Work and Pensions.</p>	August to October 2016	Not yet due	<p>We presented the 2014-15 Certification Report, summarising the results of the 2014-15 Housing Benefit work at the Audit, Governance and Standards Committee in January 2016. Updates on the 2015-16 Housing Benefit work will be provided to the Committee as required during the course of the work.</p>

# Local Government Accounting and other issues



# IFRS 13 - 'Fair Value Measurement'

The 2015/16 Accounting Code applies IFRS 13 'Fair Value Measurement' for the first time. The standard sets out a single framework for measuring fair value and defines fair value as the 'price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date'.

There is no public sector adaptation to IFRS13 but the Treasury and therefore the Code has adapted IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment so that operational assets (providing service potential) are no longer held at fair value but current value. As such IFRS 13 does not apply to operational assets. This new definition of current value means that the measurement requirements for operational property, plant and equipment providing service potential have not changed from the prior year.

However, surplus assets will need to be measured under the new definition of fair value, reflecting the highest and best use from the market participant perspective.

Other areas affected by the new standard include investment property, available for sale financial assets and those items where fair values are disclosed - for example, long term loans and PFI liabilities. IFRS 13 also introduces extensive disclosure requirements.



## Local Authorities need to:

- review their classification of surplus assets and investment properties
- discuss IFRS13 with their property valuers and treasury advisers to ensure that the fair values provided are produced in line with the new standard
- update accounting policies and disclosures to reflect the new standard

# Highways Network Asset

CIPFA announced at the recent Local Government Accounting Conferences some key messages with regards to changes in accounting for the Highways Network Asset form 2016/17. These included:

- Transport Infrastructure Assets will now be referred to as single asset, the Highways Network Asset (HNA)
- this will be measured at Depreciated Replacement Cost (DRC) using the Modern Equivalent Asset (MEA) basis of valuation from 1 April 2016 and will be applied prospectively rather than requiring a full retrospective restatement
- the new requirements only apply to authorities with assets meeting the definition of a single HNA asset

CIPFA's expects that the transport infrastructure assets held by district councils/ non-highways authorities will be scoped out of the new requirements as assets are unlikely to form a single interconnected network. However, district councils will need to consider the nature of their transport infrastructure assets to assure themselves and evidence that their transport infrastructure assets are not part of an interconnected network.

The 2016/17 Accounting Code which will include further details on these announcements is expected to be published in Spring 2016. Grant Thornton has produced a short briefing on these announcements which is available from your Engagement Lead and Engagement Manager and will provide further briefings as further details become available requirements.

# Unlodged National Non-Domestic Rate (NNDR) appeals

Last year, there were primarily no provisions for unlodged non-domestic rates appeals as appeals received on or after 1 April 2015 were only backdated to 1 April 2015. The effect of last years announcement was supposed to put authorities in the position as if the revaluation had been done in 2015 as initially intended before the extension to 2017. This was only a one year reprieve and so any unlodged appeals at 31 March 2016 will only be backdated to 1 April 2015 and therefore may not be material.

However, this year, local authorities will need to estimate a provision for unlodged appeals but as above it may not be material.

Under IAS 37 'Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets' and the Code it is in only extremely rare cases that a reliable estimate cannot be made. Therefore, if your local authority does have such an instance, the rationale needs backing up: both in terms of disclosures (as a contingent liability) and in providing evidence to those charged with governance as to why a reliable estimate for the provision cannot be made.

# Grant Thornton Publications



# Reforging local government: Summary findings of financial health checks and governance reviews

The recent autumn statement represents the biggest change in local government finance in 35 years. The Chancellor announced that in 2019/20 councils will spend the same in cash terms as they do today and that "better financial management and further efficiency" will be required to achieve the projected 29% savings. Based on our latest review of financial resilience at English local authorities, this presents a serious challenge to many councils that have already become lean.



Our report is available at <http://www.grantthornton.co.uk/en/insights/reforging-local-government/>, or in hard copy from your Engagement Lead or Engagement Manager.

Our research suggests that:

- the majority of councils will continue to weather the financial storm, but to do so will now require difficult decisions to be made about services
- most councils project significant funding gaps over the next three to five years, but the lack of detailed plans to address these deficits in the medium-term represents a key risk
- Whitehall needs to go further and faster in allowing localities to drive growth and public service reform including proper fiscal devolution that supports businesses and communities
- local government needs a deeper understanding of their local partners to deliver the transformational changes that are needed and do more to break down silos
- elected members have an increasingly important role in ensuring good governance is not just about compliance with regulations, but also about effective management of change and risk
- councils need to improve the level of consultation with the public when prioritising services and make sure that their views help shape council development plans.

# CFO Insights – driving performance improvement

CFO insights is an online analysis tool that gives those aspiring to improve the financial position of their local authority instant access to insight on the financial performance, socio-economy context and service outcomes of every council in England, Scotland and Wales.

The tool provides a three-dimensional lens through which to understand council income and spend by category, the outcomes for that spend and the socio-economic context within which a council operates. This enables comparison against others, not only nationally, but in the context of their geographical and statistical neighbours. CFO Insights is an invaluable tool providing focused insight to develop, and the evidence to support, financial decisions.



We are happy to organise a demonstration of the tool if you want to know more.

# Innovation in public financial management

In December 2015 we issued a report, which drew on a survey of almost 300 practitioners worldwide, also includes insights from experts at the International Consortium on Governmental Financial Management (ICGFM) and the Massachusetts Institute of Technology's Centre for Finance and Policy.

The report is the latest in a decade-long series jointly published by Grant Thornton and the ICGFM and it covers four major topics that, globally, will impact on the future of public financial management:

**Changing practices.** Our research showed that the biggest issue ahead will be finding the political commitment to support more difficult innovations on the agenda – such as increasing public engagement.

**The right PPP formula.** 90% of respondents felt that substantial investment in infrastructure was required to drive economic growth. In this age of austerity, most governments are also seeking ways to attract outside investment – with the majority using some form of public-private partnership (PPP). Many countries remain inexperienced with such arrangements and the results of

their application have been mixed. There has been little improvement since our 2011 survey, which shows that it takes a long time to develop the requisite skills and experience to make PPPs work.

**Transparency with technology.** Public financial managers are convinced of the importance of enhancing transparency and most are trying to be innovative in this area. However, most are using outdated digital tools. Fewer than half use social media to enhance openness. Even among the best, most transparency efforts are focussed on releasing data sets than data insights.

**The new normal.** Public financial management remains weighed down by the effects of the global financial crisis, but respondents also focussed on important developments since 2008, such as the Eurozone problems and the collapse of commodity prices. This suggests that public financial management is having to come to terms with not just the lessons one major financial crisis, but with how governments can live with less over the long term.

Our report, Innovation in public financial management, can be downloaded from our website:  
<http://www.grantthornton.global/en/insights/articles/innovation-in-public-financial-management/>

## Grant Thornton reports



# 2016 Transparency Report

Grant Thornton's commitment to quality underpins all that we do and this is reflected in our 2016 Transparency Report.

We have more than 42,000 people in over 130 countries and this report is a public statement of our commitment to provide high-quality services to businesses and organisations operating throughout the world.

It is designed to help clients, audit committees, regulators and the public, who make up our many stakeholders, understand us better.

The report covers the three key aspects of our business, namely:

- Audit and assurance;
- Taxation; and
- Advisory services.

The report provides information on our audit methodology and sets out how we monitor the quality of our work and engage with external regulators.

It also covers our arrangements for governance and management and sets our most recent financial information.

The report can be downloaded from our website:

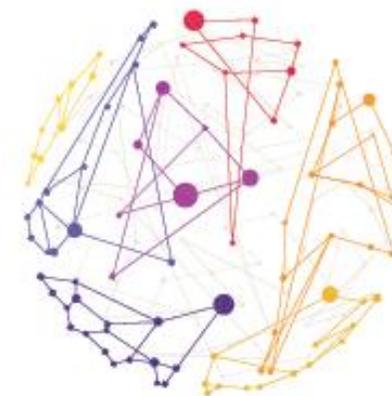
[www.grantthornton.global/globalassets/1.-member-firms/global/grant-thornton-global-transparency-report-2016.pdf](http://www.grantthornton.global/globalassets/1.-member-firms/global/grant-thornton-global-transparency-report-2016.pdf)

Alternatively, hard copies can be provided by your Engagement Lead or Audit Manager.

Grant Thornton reports



Transparency report 2016  
*Our commitment to brighter futures*





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