MAIDSTONE BOROUGH COUNCIL

COUNCIL

WEDNESDAY 10 DECEMBER 2014

REPRESENTATIVES WORKING GROUP

Report prepared by Angela Woodhouse

1. REVIEW OF GOVERNANCE ARRANGEMENTS

1.1 In September 2014 Full Council agreed the following motion:

"In accordance with the provisions of the Localism Act 2011, this Council believes that a modernised committee system would be an appropriate system of governance for Maidstone and hereby resolves to introduce this system from the next Annual Meeting of the Council.

In order to bring forward a full and detailed scheme of committee governance, the Council authorises all Group Leaders (as defined in the updated Widdecombe report 2005) or their nominated representative to meet and discuss proposals to implement the Council's decision and report back to Full Council for final decision at the scheduled meeting on 10 December 2014."

Since the motion's approval a working group of Councillors ("the Working Group") has been meeting, with officer support to consider a detailed scheme of committee governance. This scheme is outlined in the report below for consideration by Full Council.

1.2 Working Group Membership – Councillors: Burton, McKay, Newton, Sargeant and Mrs Wilson.

2 **COUNCIL IS RECOMMENDED TO:**

2.1 Resolve to change the Council's governance arrangements from an executive to a committee system of governance pursuant to s9KC Local Government Act 2000, effective from the Annual Council Meeting in May 2015.

- 2.2 Approve the scheme of governance as outlined in this report in option 1 at **Appendix A** and section 3.3.4 and the terms of reference detailed in **Appendix B**.
- 2.3 Authorise the Head of Policy and Communications and the Monitoring Officer to publish the required notice; to work with Group Leaders to prepare a new constitution for the Council to adopt; and to deal with any other matters arising from or in connection with the change of governance arrangements.
- 3 Reasons for Recommendation
- 3.1 In September 2014 the Council approved a motion to set up a working group to consider a full and detailed scheme of committee governance to report back to full council on 10 December 2014. The Working Group has agreed an objective and set of principles for the proposed governance structure

Objective for the Governance Structure:

 To achieve greater involvement and participation of all Members in decision making whilst avoiding a cumbersome bureaucratic structure that lacks direction and accountability

Principles:

- To be cost neutral
- To increase Member participation in decision making
- To lead to more effective and efficient decision making.
- 3.2 <u>Legislative Context and Process for Change</u>
- 3.2.1 The Localism Act 2011

The Act amended the Local Government Act 2000 to allow the Council to adopt one of the following forms of governance:

- (a) Executive arrangements;
- (b) A committee system; or
- (c) Prescribed arrangements (to be set out in regulations by Secretary of State).

Under executive arrangements strategic decision making powers lie with a small number of elected Members (Cabinet and Cabinet Members) with the executive (usually controlled by the largest political group) making the majority of the member decisions. Decisions are also delegated to officers as set out in the constitution. Overview and Scrutiny acts as a check and balance on the executive's decisions through call-in and the committees are responsible for developing policy through proactive overview and scrutiny.

A committee system involves groups of Councillors from all parties/groups sitting as committees in political balance to make decisions as delegated by Council. It is not possible to delegate decisions to individual Members in the committee system.

The Localism Act also allows local authorities to make alternative proposals to the Secretary of State as long as the proposed governance arrangements meet the following conditions:

- That they would be an improvement on the arrangements already in place at the authority;
- That they ensure the decisions taken by the authority are done in an efficient, transparent and accountable way; and
- That the arrangements would be appropriate for all local authorities, or particular type of local authority, to consider.

3.2.2 Process for Changing the Governance Arrangements

The Localism Act specifies that in order to change from a cabinet system to a committee system, local authorities must:-

- Pass a resolution to change their governance arrangements;
- As soon as practicable after passing the resolution, make the provisions of the new arrangements available for inspection; and
- Publish in one or more newspapers circulating in the area a notice which describes the features of the new system and timescales for implementation.

Having passed a resolution and complied with the publicity requirements authorities are required to cease operating their old form

of governance arrangements and start operating their new arrangements. This must take place at the first annual meeting or a later annual meeting as specified in that resolution.

It should be noted that any change to a new scheme would be a 5 year commitment to that model. The motion adopted by Council in September 2014 does not meet this requirement because the details of the new arrangements were not considered. The details need to be clear at the time the Council passes the resolution i.e. what the new structure will comprise including which bodies, their terms of reference and how the new system will work in practice.

3.2.3 Timetable for Change if Governance Arrangements are changed

Working back from May 2015 Full Council:

- May 2015 Annual General Meeting new committee arrangements take effect
- April 2015 New Constitution Approved by Full Council [this
 is not essential legally but would be sensible in advance of
 the new arrangements taking effect]
- December 2014 March 2015 Draft new constitution (this will require additional resource to produce)
- December/January 2015 Publicise new arrangements

3.3 Options for Governance

- 3.3.1 In looking at whether to change the system of governance, the Council has to demonstrate that a range of options has been considered. The governance review conducted by Overview and Scrutiny in 2012-13 outlined a number of options with advantages and disadvantages¹. The Council as a whole considered a number of options as a result of the review of governance in 2013. These options along with the option for a mayoral system for completeness and an option to return to a committee system as developed by the group are outlined in **Appendix A.**
- 3.3.2 As with all decision making the Council also has to consider best value requirements and "make arrangements to secure continuous improvement in the way in which its functions are exercised, having regard to a combination of economy, efficiency and effectiveness."²

¹ Please note the advantages and disadvantages given for each model other than Mayor are those given by the Scrutiny Governance Review Working Group in 2012-13.

 $^{^{2}}$ Section 3 of the Local Government Act 1999 (as amended by s137 of the Local Government & Public Involvement in Health Act 2007).

- 3.3.3 The Working Group has identified option 1 from **Appendix A** as the preferred model of governance. The terms of reference for the committees proposed can be found at **Appendix B**. A diagram of the structure has also been included at **Appendix C**.
- 3.3.4 There are a number of other matters that have been considered by the Working Group:

The role of the Leader – the Leader will be appointed at Annual Council and will be the Chairman of the Policy and Resources Committee. He/she will have no formal decision making powers. Whilst he/she will have a role as a spokesperson this will be based on a mandate from the Policy and Resources Committee so their role will be more limited than the present executive Leader.

The role of an opposition group Leader – is removed.

Chairman and Vice Chairman of Service Committees – To be appointed by each committee at the first meeting following the Annual General Meeting of the Council however Policy and Resources Committee will be chaired by Leader appointed by Full Council. The Chairman and Vice-Chairman of the new committees shall come from different groups.

Call-in to Council –The Working Group has debated and agreed that there should be a mechanism in place whereby any 3 Members of a Service Committee can call for a decision of the Committee to be reviewed at Full Council, before implementation.

Scheme of delegation – The Working Group has reviewed the present scheme of delegation and identified that the current executive functions would transfer to the new committees and the officer scheme of delegation would remain the same. There is no delegated decision making to individual Members in the committee system.

Membership of Committees

Committee	Number of Members
Policy and Resources Committee	15
Strategic Planning, Sustainability and	9
Transport Committee	
Communities, Housing and Environment	9
Committee	
Culture, Heritage and Leisure Committee	9

3.4 <u>Meeting the Principles</u>

3.4.1 Communities and Local Government considered the impact of Councils changing governance arrangements in an impact assessment³. This identified that there was not likely to be a cost implication in terms of servicing a committee system versus servicing executive and scrutiny arrangements. The impact assessment states "Any costs incurred by councils are very much dependent upon how councils decide to organise themselves under the committee system. The Government believes it is reasonable to assume that councils will take a value for money approach." It also identified that there were likely to be one-off costs to make the change in terms of a new constitution and training for Officers and Members. In trying to work out the costs there are a large number of variables and there will be knock-on costs and savings across the Council as a result of the change, so this is challenging to quantify. However, Members will need to justify the creation of a large number of Committees and large numbers of Members on the Committees if this will have the effect of increasing costs, bureaucracy and the complexity of decision-making.

A number of factors will need to be decided/estimated to work out the cost:

- Number of Committees
- Frequency of meetings
- Business to be conducted by new Service Committeeshow they will work?
- Level of resource needed to support a meeting
- One-off costs to change
- Legal and financial advice at Service Committees
- Impact on officer workload
- Members' Allowances this will have to be reviewed by the Independent Remuneration Panel

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³ http://www.parliament.uk/documents/impact-assessments/ia11-010as.pdf

3.4.2 Estimating the number of meetings and resources

In the last municipal year (from Annual General Meeting to Annual General Meeting) 85 decisions were made by Cabinet and Cabinet Members. These decisions have been allocated to the new committees proposed at **Appendix D**. This does not include officer delegated decisions and delegated decisions of sub-committees.

In 2013/14 there were 17 Cabinet Meetings and 45 Scrutiny meetings, not including the scrutiny coordinating committee. Based on the attached mapping exercise and using the combined officer support from Democratic Services and Scrutiny being merged into a new committee support function a four service committee structure should be able to be serviced within the current committee support costs. However there will be additional costs for legal, financial and other support which is not currently required for Scrutiny meetings (see 1.4.4.3). It would be beneficial to review this after a year.

Number of meetings estimated for new committees:

Committee	Number of Meetings per year
Policy and Resources	12
Strategic Planning, Sustainability and Transport	12
Local Plan Sub-Committee	12
Communities, Housing and Environment	12
Heritage, Culture and Leisure	6
Total Meetings	54

3.4.3 Briefing Meetings

Under the Cabinet system of governance, scrutiny chairmen and vice-chairmen can have briefing meetings with officers prior to Overview and Scrutiny Committee meetings. Cabinet Members have individual briefings on a weekly, two weekly or monthly basis dependent on portfolio and business needs. Cabinet away-days are also held on a monthly basis for early informing and shaping of policy, strategy and decisions. The Shadow Cabinet has briefing meetings approximately

every other month as does the Independent Group with the Chief Executive.

With a move to the committee style of governance, it is the intention to hold briefing meetings prior to committee meetings with the chairman and vice-chairman of each service committee. In general briefing meetings will not take place with other committee members present as this could give rise to the perception that decisions are being made behind closed doors prior to the publicly advertised committee meeting itself. It is acknowledged, however, that there may be occasions when a briefing for all committee members outside of the scheduled committee meeting or the equivalent of an away-day needs to take place. This should be the exception rather than the norm.

As happens now under the Cabinet system of governance, with the committee system, an individual Councillor may seek guidance or clarification from an officer in relation to an agenda item prior to the actual committee meeting if it is believed it will facilitate better debate and understanding on the night of the committee meeting.

3.4.4 Cost of a Committee Meeting

The following is a basic estimated cost of a committee meeting based on the following assumptions:

- at present an average committee meeting takes three days of democratic services or scrutiny support
- there will be at least one senior officer present at the meeting
- the meeting will last for 2.5 hours.
- The new committees at most meetings will require both legal and finance officers to be present as they are making decisions
- Meetings will be held at the Town Hall so will require set-up and staffing by a civic officer.

The above does not include officer preparation or report writing time and does not include any additional officers attending. There could for example be unit managers and more than one head of service at a meeting. It should be noted that at present Overview and Scrutiny has officers attending meetings and the constitution requires senior officers to attend when requested to do so. Therefore, taken together, the probable decline in briefing meetings but additional committee meetings should balance against one another.

The estimate described above has been used to calculate the additional resource required if the Council were to go beyond the present level of meetings without any adjustment made in relation to a decrease in informal briefing meetings. It should also be noted that the total cost (briefing and informal meetings) of making a Cabinet Member decision is less as there is no formal meeting cost and therefore democratic services cost is reduced. Currently the support required is for publication of a report then the sign-off and publication of decision as opposed to the three days' work required for a formal meeting plus overtime for the clerk. The estimation of three days is based on the time to prepare the agenda including discussions with officers and chairmen on reports and agenda items from officers, then compiling the agenda using the committee management system.

Support	Cost
Legal @£70 an hour	£175
Finance @£70 an hour	£175
3 days of a grade 8.1 Democratic Services Officer @ £37 per hour (with all on-costs)	£777
Clerking the meeting @ £12.21 per hour	£30.53
Head of Service Attendance @ £44.96 per hour	£112.40
Report Author grade 12	£61.49
Director	£159.91
Civic Officer @£13.18 per hour (including on costs) for 3.5 hours	£46.13
Total	£1491.33

3.4.5 Financial and legal support requirements

At present there is financial and legal support provided for Cabinet but only on very rare occasions for scrutiny so there would be a resource implication for these two teams to support committees. The cost will be approximately £175 per meeting per team - £350 in total. If each of the new meetings lasts on average 2.5 hours, this would be an additional cost of £10,500 per annum for the Council. The calculation has been based on 30 additional meetings requiring the presence of Finance and Legal Officers; (this assumes that the legal and finance resource presently required for Cabinet is transferred to Policy and Resources). This additional support will be provided by a limited number of officers, so will impact on other areas of their work. The Local Plan sub-committee meetings of up to 12 times a year have not been included.

Committee	Number of Meetings	Legal and Financial Resource	Total Cost
Strategic Planning, Sustainability and Transport	12	£350	£4,200
Communities, Housing and Environment	12	£350	£4,200
Heritage, Culture and Leisure	6	£350	£2,100

3.4.6 Additional Meetings and Sub Committees

Currently any scrutiny committee or the cabinet can create sub committees, working groups or advisory panels to assist as deemed necessary. The new service committees will also be able to appoint sub committees, working groups or advisory boards. A differentiation needs to be made, however, between properly constituted permanent sub committees, permanent working groups and advisory panels and those set up on an ad hoc and temporary basis as the need arises.

Currently there are nine such permanent committees, working groups or advisory panels that will need to be retained under the committee system and where the costs transferring from Cabinet governance to committee governance are neutral. They are: Cobtree; QORWK; Relief in Need; Bentlif; Brenchley; Gunsley; Joint Remuneration Panel; Mid Kent Downs Steering Group and members working party when it meets.

The current Property Investment Cabinet sub committee disappears under the committee system and the working group agreed that the Property Investment Advisory panel's work was covered by the New Policy and Resources (P&R) Committee. There is, however, a strong body of opinion that believes this is not a good idea and it may therefore be advisable to allow a cost for this advisory panel's work to be reconstituted if the new committee members of P&R deem this to be a good idea. If so this is not a saving but should be cost neutral.

Both Crime and Disorder Scrutiny and Health Scrutiny will go under the wing of the new Communities, Housing and Environment Service committee and should therefore be cost neutral.

Joint Mid Kent Improvement Partnership (MKIP) Scrutiny is shortly to produce its report and may therefore be disbanded. However the three partner authorities may decide they wish it to continue. If Maidstone agreed to continue with this scrutiny arrangement it would be cost neutral as it is resourced within the present system.

P&R may also wish to retain a budget working group. If so this will not provide a saving but the costs of continuation should remain the same.

One new sub committee is suggested and that is the Local Plan sub committee. This, and any other new service sub committee proposed will require additional resourcing.

The cost of each sub committee meeting using the table above will be approximately £780 per meeting. This is based on the meeting lasting 2.5 hours and requiring the attendance of two heads of service and two report authors. So, if each committee had one additional sub-committee to those specified in **Appendix B** meeting monthly, it would be an additional cost of £9,360 per twelve meetings. In terms of direct costs - solely democratic services and civic officer time - it would be an estimated £434 per meeting, so for 12 additional sub committee meetings a year this would be £5,208 equating to 40 days of additional democratic services support plus 30 hours of civic officer support a year.

Ad hoc meetings and those of a temporary nature are usually serviced by officers re-arranging their working day to accommodate servicing the needs of the working group. The cost in officer time, and therefore also in financial terms, should not be under-estimated.

Currently the Council does not set aside a contingency fund to service such working groups and it may be politic for the Council to consider whether it should do so in the future.

3.4.7 The cost of making the change

As stated earlier there will be one-off cost implications if the governance system is changed. The resource to write a new constitution and develop the agreed structure further with Members cannot be found within existing resources. This will require bringing in senior additional legal expertise from December until April 2015, the costs of this will have to be ascertained. There will also be costs in terms of training for officers and Members and re-writing templates and processes on the modern gov system. This could be covered by an additionally funded temporary Democratic Services Officer who could also support the formulation of the new constitution. Costs of publishing notices as required by legislation also need to be taken into account, plus dealing with questions and issues raised by the public and outside organisations in response to the changes. As an indicative amount, this cost is estimated to be in the region of £30,000.

3.4.8 Consultation

The Localism Act 2011 requires the Council to make available information available to enable people to understand the changes once the decision is made. There is no longer an obligation to consult in advance, although Councils may choose to hold a referendum (cost expected to be in the region of £70 – £80k) or may consult on the new arrangements proposed (either in advance of making any decision or on the detailed proposals or once the resolution is made). No referendum nor formal consultation with the public is being proposed.

3.4.9 How will the service committees operate – effectiveness

One of the principles set by the group is that the new system should be effective and efficient. In order to test this, the cost of the new system has been considered in terms of support and number of meetings. The other matter that needs to be considered as part of this measure is how the committees will operate in practice.

The purpose of the committees will be to set strategy, policies and take decisions as delegated by Full Council. The diagram below demonstrates how the committees will work in practice.



3.4.10Looking at other Councils

Several councils have changed governance arrangements to committees since the Localism Act came into force. The information on the cost of changing to the committee system where available and provided by these councils is included at **Appendix E.**

- 4. Alternative Action and why not Recommended
- 4.1 As outlined in **Appendix A** to the report there are a number of governance models the council could adopt; the Council could also choose to retain the present system. Councillors are requested to review all the information to determine the appropriate action in relation to the governance arrangements of the Council.
- 5. <u>Impact on Corporate Objectives</u>
- 5.1 The Council has set a priority to ensure it provides effective cost efficient services. Any change would need to ensure that the Council has a cost effective and efficient decision making system.
- 6. Risk Management
- 6.1 There are a number of risks including whether the constitution will be developed by the time of the Annual General Meeting in 2015. The Member Working Group identified two key risks to completion by the deadline of the 2015 Annual General Meeting based on the planned timetable:
 - (a) having adequate internal officer resource to provide expertise on drafting a new constitution; and
 - (b) the overall level of resource for both member and senior officers to make this amount of change at the same time as other high priority pieces of work and change going on.
- These risks will need to be addressed to ensure the council's governance arrangements are not compromised.

7. Other Implications

1.	Financial	Х
1.	Staffing	×
2.	Legal	
3.	Equality Impact Needs Assessment	Х
4.	Environmental/Sustainable Development	
5.	Community Safety	
6.	Human Rights Act	
7.	Procurement	
8.	Asset Management	

7.1 Financial

The financial implications as estimated are outlined in the report. It should be noted that it has been difficult to estimate the total cost of changing to a committee system because of the number of variables to be considered including the number of meetings, Members' allowances and the opportunity costs of officers attending additional meetings. As an estimated guide the one off costs for implementation could be approximately £30k. The additional support from Democratic Services could be met by transferring the scrutiny post into Democratic Services. The on-going costs of operating the committee system could lead to a need for an additional full time democratic services post if the number of meetings were to significantly increase from the present arrangement.

7.2 Staffing

If the Council does change its governance arrangements this will have implications for the current scrutiny officer and democratic services officers.

7.3 Legal

The legal implications are set out in section 3.2 of this report.

8. Relevant Documents

8.1 <u>Appendices</u>

Appendix A – Options for Governance Arrangements

Appendix B – Terms of Reference for New Committees

Appendix C- New Committees Structure Chart

Appendix D – Decisions Mapped onto New Committees

Appendix E – Costs for Other Councils

9. <u>Background Documents</u>

None

<u>IS THIS A</u>	KEY DECISION REPO	RT?	THIS BOX MUST BE COMPLETED
Yes		No	X
If yes, this	is a Key Decision beca	use:	······································
			······································
Wards/Par	ishes affected:		
			••••••

Governance Options

Option 1 - Committee Option

A committee system is "a style of governance involving councillors sitting on committees which make decisions, receive briefings and commission reviews to develop policy."¹

What will this look like?

There will be a number of service based committees taking decisions previously taken by the Cabinet or Cabinet Members. The decisions currently taken by individual Cabinet Members outside of public meetings would be taken by Committees based on their terms of reference under a committee system. There is no individual delegated decision making.

Advantages	Disadvantages
Increased member involvement	Decision making may not be as
in decision making	accountable
Members can develop	Decision making could take
specialisms	longer
Collective responsibility for	May be more bureaucratic and
decisions	take more resources

Option 2 - No Change

This would mean the present system of governance Cabinet plus enhanced scrutiny remains as is.

Advantages	Disadvantages
Increased member involvement through more use of predecision scrutiny	May not be successful
Less change management involved	Members could still disengage
Collective responsibility for decisions	Could be seen as a rubber stamp

¹ Changing Governance Arrangements, CfPS Policy briefing 4, December 2010

Option 3 - A Committee and Scrutiny Hybrid System

What will this look like

Service based committees making decisions similar to the Committee system plus a scrutiny committee. There will be a 'policy and resources' style committee to set the strategic direction of the council and take key corporate decisions such as make recommendations to Council on setting the budget. The Member workshop as part of the governance review identified that this committee's membership should consist of:

- -Leader of council
- -Deputy Leader
- -Leader of Opposition
- -Deputy Leader of Opposition
- -Leader of any other party, back bench
- Other members to make it politically balanced

Advantages	Disadvantages
Wider Member buy in and involvement	Decision making is slower
in the decision making process	
Building up of expertise	Blurred accountability
Greater Member satisfaction	Some members not contributing

Option 4 - Retain Cabinet System and Engage Advisory Committees/Boards

What will this look like?

In essence this would be a similar model to that adopted by Kent County Council. There would be a reduced scrutiny function with pre-decision member involvement taking place through Cabinet Advisory Committees or Boards. This would mean more committees like the Strategic Housing Advisory Board and the Spatial Policy and Plans Advisory Group.

Tunbridge Wells have also adopted a hybrid system. Cabinet Advisory Boards are chaired by Cabinet Members while the Deputy Chairs are non-executive members.

- Everything that goes to Cabinet (for a decision) goes through a Cabinet Advisory Board first
- The decision maker for such items is Cabinet. Reports to Cabinet contain information on the discussion / recommendations from the Cabinet Advisory Board.
- The Leader and Portfolio Holders are authorised to take executive decisions on all non-key decisions within their respective portfolios. If the Leader or Portfolio Holder is considering taking a decision, which is contrary to its recommendation, the matter shall be referred the Cabinet for a decision. Unlike Sevenoaks, all non-key decisions are subject to callin.

Advantages	Disadvantages
More member involvement	Could become a rubber stamp for the
	administration
Wider debate and challenge in pre-	Risk that distinction between the
decisions	administration and the opposition will
	be lost
Collective responsibility for decisions	Too many cooks may spoil the broth

Option 5 - An Elected Mayor

This option was not considered in the original governance review having been taken out by the review group as not appropriate for Maidstone early on in the 2012/13 governance review as the group believed we already had a clear mayoral position. It should however be part of any consideration of alternative options, particularly since the existence of Mayors is increasing in popularity and for completeness.

What will this look like?

A person is elected to the office of Mayor by the electorate following a vote across the Borough. Once the Mayor is elected they can then put in place a Cabinet and the system would be similar to the current Leader and Cabinet Model, although the Mayor may choose to exercise more power individually. So scrutiny would still be required.

Advantages	Disadvantages
Clear Accountability for decision	Backbench Members could feel
making	disenfranchised from decision making
Efficient Decision Making	Decision making may not be
	representative of the make-up of the
	council, could generate more call-ins
A clear and elected voice for the	All the autonomy given to one person
Council	

This option could potentially reduce member involvement in decision-making still further and so would not meet the stated objectives of members, set out above.

Proposed Committee Structure and Terms of Reference

Four service committees and one sub-committee of Strategic Planning, Sustainability and Transportation Committee have been proposed to replace the present Cabinet and Cabinet Advisory Committees (Property Investment) and Overview and Scrutiny Committees. It is proposed that officer support will have the same remit as for the present executive functions. The terms of reference are set out below. Under the Committee system no decision making can be delegated to an individual. Reports from the Monitoring Officer and Chief Finance Officer will be to Council in the new system. The Committees outside of those being replaced in the present structure may need to have their terms of reference amended.

Terms of Reference for Committees Proposed

POLICY AND RESOURCES COMMITTEE

(15 Members)

- To be responsible for any key decisions involving more than one service committee
- To receive reports on risk management
- To be responsible for the annual budget submission to Full Council (including staffing budgets)
- To make decisions regarding all land issues
- To be responsible for all strategic budget related staffing issues within the committee's remit

Strategic Planning—to oversee the development, review and implementation of the Council's

- People strategy and workforce plan including health and safety and equalities policies
- Medium Term Financial Strategy to include, though not exclusively Capital Investment Strategy, Council tax support scheme, business rates and income generation
- Information Management Strategy
- Risk Management Strategy
- Commissioning Strategy
- Asset Management Strategy
- Democratic Engagement Strategy

- Emergency and Resilience Planning
- Future Council Accommodation Strategy
- Economic Development Strategy
- Communications Strategy
- Corporate Improvement Plan
- Commercialisation Strategy

Performance management —to ensure excellent standards of performance and improvement with respect to the Council's services for

- Workforce characteristics and a healthy workforce
- Customer service
- Corporate finance including overall budget setting and regular budget monitoring
- Legal advice
- Information technology
- Council tax and housing benefits
- Democratic services including electoral services, member services and the mayoralty
- Property services
- Commissioning

Sub Committees

- Cobtree Manor Estate Charity Sub Committee (T of R as they are now)
- The Queens Own Royal West Kent Regiment Museum Trust (T of R as they are now)

ROLE OF THE CHAIRMAN OF POLICY AND RESOURCES

Where appropriate the Committee may delegate the functions below to a member of the committee:

- Being a figurehead for the Council
- Providing leadership in building a political consensus around council policies
- Taking the lead within this committee and with the other chairmen of working with others in building a vision for the Council and community and for overall co-ordination of all committees work in this respect
- Providing strong, clear leadership in the co-ordination of policies

- Represent the Council and its interests in regional and national bodies as appropriate including the Kent Council Leaders.
- To be responsible for the Council's role in partnerships including leading the Council's contribution to the Mid Kent Improvement Partnership and supporting partnerships and organisations in the private, public and voluntary sectors.
- To act as Ambassador for the Council and its activities amongst external advisory and interest groups not falling within the responsibility of the other committees.
- To act as an advocate for the Council in pressing for changes in national policy
- To foster close links with the business community and develop partnerships to achieve outcomes identified in the economic development strategy.
- To foster close links and develop partnerships with skills and education providers to achieve outcomes identified in the Economic Development Strategy.
- To take responsibility for relationships with funders including KCC and the Heritage Lottery fund, service delivery partners including the Chamber of Commerce, Federation of small businesses, locate in Kent, education and skills providers, voluntary and community groups.

STRATEGIC PLANNING, SUSTAINABILITY AND TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE

(9 Members)

- To take the lead in ensuring that the Council delivers its strategic objectives for planning, sustainability and transportation
- To be responsible for reports to Full Council within its remit
- To submit to Policy and Resources (P&R) Committee all revenue estimates and capital programmes within the remit of the Committee with a view to P&R determining the budget for submission to Council
- To be responsible for all strategic budget related staffing matters within the committee's remit.

Strategic Planning—to oversee the development, review and implementation of the Council's

- Spatial Planning Strategy including the local plan and other Spatial
 Planning documents including Development Plan documents, Development
 Management policies and Development briefs
- Integrated Transport Strategy
- Community Infrastructure levy (CIL) and Infrastructure Delivery Plan (IDP)
- Air Quality Management Strategy
- Blue and Green Infrastructure
- Landscape Character Assessment

Performance Management

- Development Management including Planning Enforcement and Land Charges
- Spatial Planning
- Landscape
- Conservation
- Building Control
- Development of public transport initiatives and Parking Policy
- Local (district) highways functions as they relate to Planning
- Capital projects and programmes relevant to this committee
- Parking management and enforcement and day to day dealing with park

Sub Committees

Local Plan Sub Committee

ROLE OF THE CHAIRMAN OF STRATEGIC PLANNING, SUSTAINABILITY AND TRANSPORT

Where appropriate the Committee may delegate the functions below to a member of the committee:

- Working with others in building a vision for the Council and Community
- To represent the Council on all partnerships relevant to the committee
- To take the lead role in this committee of fostering close links with key stakeholders including Parish Councils, the Developers Forum, English Heritage and transport interest groups such as Quality Bus Partnership, Transport Users Group, Rail Stake Holders Group
- To take the lead role within this committee for responsibility for relationships with funders including Kent County Council and The Highways Agency
- To chair Joint Transportation Board in alternate years

COMMUNITIES, HOUSING AND ENVIRONMENT

(9 Members)

- To take the lead within the Council for ensuring that the Council delivers its strategic objectives with regard to Communities, Housing and the Environment
- To take the lead within the Council in ensuring that the Council achieves inclusiveness and productive community engagement
- To be responsible for reports to Full Council within its remit
- To submit to Policy and Resources (P&R) Committee all revenue estimates and capital programmes within the remit of the committee with a view to P&R determining the budget for submission to Council
- To act as the Council's Crime and Disorder Overview and Scrutiny Committee
- To be responsible for all strategic budget related staffing matters within this committee's remit

Strategic Planning—to oversee the development, review and implementation of the Council's

- Housing Strategy
- Community Development Strategy
- Climate Change Framework
- Parish Charter
- Community Safety Strategy to include CCTV
- Compact with Voluntary and Community Sector
- Health Inequalities Strategy
- Waste Management Strategy
- Contaminated Land Strategy
- Private Water Management
- Licensing Strategy and Policies
- Street Scene and Environmental Strategy (to include Clean Neighbourhood Enforcement, monitoring and enforcement of Air Quality Policies)
- Renewable Energy Strategy
- Public Conveniences

Performance Management

- Community Safety in consultation with the Safer Maidstone Partnership
- Community Engagement
- Community KPI's
- Healthy Living
- Waste minimisation and recycling
- Waste collection including collaboration with the Waste Disposal authority (KCC)
- Cleansing and street scene services
- Licensing
- Capital projects and programmes relevant to this committee

ROLE OF THE CHAIRMAN OF COMMUNITIES, HOUSING AND ENVIRONMENT COMMITTEE

Where appropriate the Committee may delegate the functions below to a member of the committee:

- Taking the lead within this committee of working with others in building a vision for the council and community
- To take the lead within this committee for external relationships with properly constituted Resident's Groups and Parish Councils including the Parish Services Scheme
- To take the lead within this committee for all aspects of community engagement
- To work with groups such as the Older Person's Forum and the Voluntary Sector including organisations such as the Citizens Advice Bureau, Voluntary Action Maidstone, Maidstone Mediation and other important community organisations as well as represent the Council on important partnerships relevant to this committee including the Health and Wellbeing Board.
- To represent the Council on all relevant partnerships including the Kent Waste Partnership and the Kent Community Safety Partnership.
- To take the lead on this committee for ensuring good relationships with funders including Kent County Council and WRAP, service delivery partners including contractors, voluntary and community groups

HERITAGE CULTURE AND LEISURE COMMITTEE

(9 Members)

- To take the lead within the council for ensuring that the Council delivers
 its strategic objectives with respect to Maidstone as a decent place to live
 by providing opportunities for engagement in cultural and leisure pursuits,
 developing a sense of place and ensuring that everyone, no matter who
 they are, or where they live, has access to quality open space, sports and
 leisure facilities;
- To take the lead in ensuring that Maidstone's Heritage and Culture together with its leisure facilities play a key role in regeneration and in improving and sustaining the Borough's economic development and health and wellbeing;
- To be responsible for reports to Full Council within its remit;
- To submit to Policy and Resources Committee all revenue estimates and capital programmes within the remit of the committee with a view to P&R Committee determining the budget for submission to Council;
- To be responsible for all strategic budget related staffing matters within the committee's remit.

Strategic Planning—to oversee the development, review and implementation of the council's

- Parks and Open Spaces strategy
- Events Strategy
- Destination Management Strategy
- Visitor Economy
- Theatre, events and festivals
- Public Works of Art
- Museum
- Cobtree Golf Course
- Bereavement Services (crematorium and cemetery)

Performance management

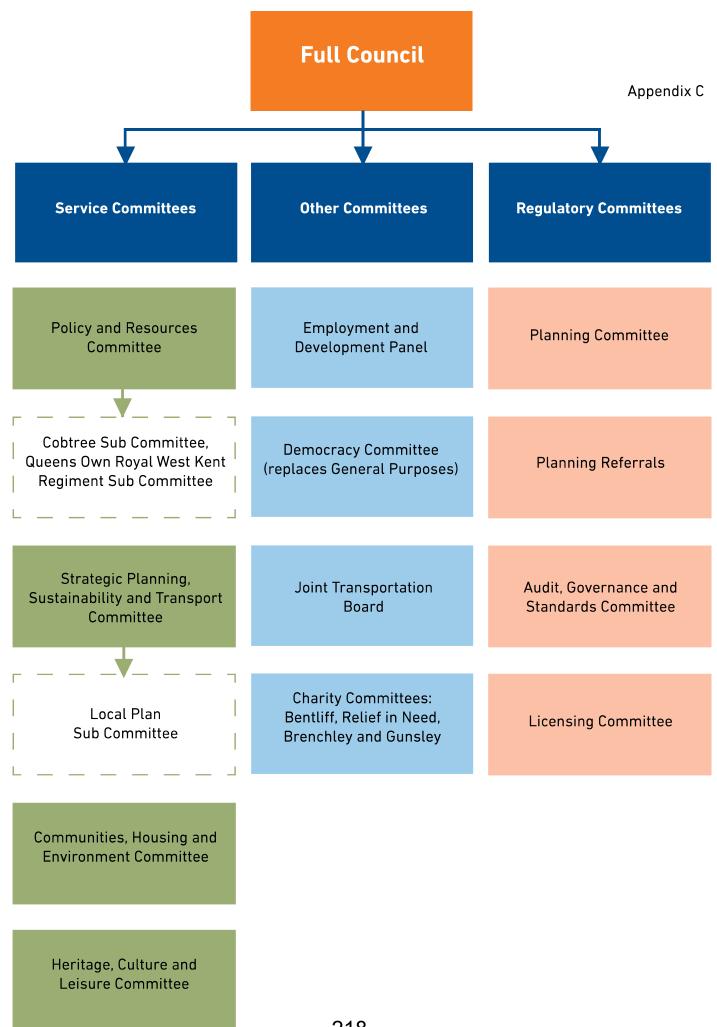
The visitor economy, including the Hazlitt Arts Centre, Maidstone Museum,
 Tourism, the Kent Conference Bureau and Maidstone Market

- To work with, and foster good relationships with sporting leisure and cultural organisations, service delivery partners and Trusts including Maidstone Leisure Trust, Cobtree Golf Course and funders in related spheres.
- Parks, open spaces and allotments, including grounds maintenance and play areas
- Public works of art
- Leisure activities including sporting and recreational based activities and including services provided via Maidstone Leisure Centre
- Capital projects and programmes, allocation and monitoring of grants, environmental schemes relevant to this portfolio

ROLE OF THE CHAIRMAN OF HERITAGE, CULTURE AND LEISURE COMMITTEE

Where appropriate the Committee may delegate the functions below to a member of the committee:

- To take the lead on this committee on working with others in building a vision for the Council and community
- To represent the Council on all relevant partnerships to include Town Team, TCM in its role producing events and MAAP
- To take the lead within this committee for relationships with funders, service delivery partners including voluntary and community groups and Trusts including Maidstone Leisure Trust, Cobtree and the Museum Trust.



Appendix D

Mapping of Executive Decisions

Committee	Month	Decisions	Number of Items
Policy and Resources	Мау	Provisional Revenue and Capital OutturnLease of Open Space at Penenden Heath	2
	June	 Equalities Objectives Update Equalities Policy Property Investment KPI Target Report and end of year performance Capital Programme Review Environmental Health Shared Service Planning Support Shared Service Hayle Place Economic Development Team Structure 	8
	July	Petition	1
	August	 Residents Survey 2013 Quarter 1 performance report 2013/14 Corporate Planning Timetable Budget monitoring first quarter Mote Cricket Ground Annual Governance Statement Local Code of Corporate Governance Use of 2012-13 Revenue Underspend Commissioning and Procurement Strategy 2013-16 	9
	September	Budget Strategy 2014/15 Onwards	1
	October	Joint Environmental Health	3

	and Planning System Contract • Local Plan Public Consultation Draft – Group 1 Development Management Policies • Business Rate Pooling	
November	 Mid Kent Audit Partnership – Evolution to one team one employer Equality Objectives Mid-year Update Quarter 2 performance monitoring 	3
December	 Budget Strategy 2014/15 Onwards - Revenue Corporate Improvement Plan Council Tax 2014-15 - Collection Fund Adjustment Changes to a Maidstone Locality Board Budget Strategy 2014/15 - Fees and Charges Budget Strategy 2014/15 Onwards - Capital Strategic Plan refresh 2014- 15 Disposal of Land at White Horse Lane, Otham Maidstone Enterprise Hub 	9
February	 Transfer of Oakwood Cemetery MKIP Shared Fraud Service Refresh of the Corporate Improvement Plan Budget Monitoring 3rd Quarter Performance Report 3rd Quarter Irrecoverable Business Rates Business rates – Retail Relief Flood Support Schemes 	8
March	Disposal of Land at White	1

		Horse Lane, Otham	
	April	Communication and Engagement Strategy	1
	May	 Provisional Outturn Chillington House following consideration by Communities and Leisure 	2
Meetings and total decisions	12 Meetings		45 Items
Strategic Planning, Sustainability and Transport	May	Statement of Community Involvement 2013	1
	July	Maidstone Landscape Character Assessment 2012 (2013 amended version)	1
	August	Town Centre Management Nomination	1
	September	Local Plan Public Consultation	1
	November	Community Infrastructure Levy	1
	December	Green and Blue Infrastructure StrategyLocal Plan Public Consultation	2
	January	 Maidstone Integrated Transport Strategy Local Plan Public Consultation Local Plan Spatial Strategy Solar Energy Planning Policy Advice Notes 	3
	February	 Local Plan Public Consultation (regulation 18) Infrastructure Delivery Position Community Infrastructure 	4

		T	
		Levy • Annual Monitoring Report	
	March	Objections to traffic regulation orders	1
	May	Kent Downs Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty Management Plan	1
Meetings and total decisions	10 Meetings		16 Items
Communities, Housing and Environment	June	• Rent Deposit Bond Scheme	1
	July	Review of Fees and ChargesWaste Services	1
	August	CCTV Operational Protocol	1
	September	 Collective Switching of Energy Supplier Service for Householders Review of the Housing Assistance Policy ECO pilot 	w
	November	Bringing Empty Homes back into use as Affordable Housing	1
	December	 Heather House Future Management Transfer of former Oakwood Cemetery 	2
	February	Licensing Peer ChallengeEnvironmental HealthShared Service	2
	March	 Review and Progress Update of Waste Strategy Free Lets 2014/15 Purchase of Refuse Compaction Vehicle 	3
	April	Waste Strategy	2

		Accessing Mental Health Services Before the point of Crisis	
	May	Warm Homes Eco Pilot Review	1
Meetings and Items	10 meetings		17 Items
Heritage, Culture and Leisure	June	Museum East Wing Project reviewCulture and Leisure Services	2
	August	Erection of a sculpture at Maidstone Museum	1
	December	Play Area Improvements Programme 2013/14	1
	April	 Battle of Maidstone Plaque Active Maidstone Awards Chillington House Events Review 	3
Meetings and Items	4 meetings		7 Items

Appendix E

Costs - Estimated for other Councils

The council's listed below provided some information on a number of areas including costs. In terms of direct servicing costs the majority have not required additional committee servicing support, but they have not specified additional costs in relation to finance, legal or other support.

Council	Cost	What that covers
Brighton and	*£45,000, looking to reduce	An estimated cost for
Hove	this going forward as	extra officer time and
	arrangements settle in	printing
Kingston	No estimation/information	More time at
	given on actual costs	meetings and some
		savings on members
		allowances
South	Structure would have to	
Gloucestershire	remain within current	
	budgets but there will be	
	some cost for making the	
	change	
Reading	Remain within current	The number of staff
	budget	in democratic
		services have
		remained the same
Stroud	Anticipated some additional	No actual figure
	cost to provide legal and	given, commitment
	financial support, plus	that democratic
	additional web casting and	services would
	a new committee report	remain within the
	system	budget

^{*}Brighton and Hove have also decided to retain overview and scrutiny in their new governance arrangements.