

REPORT SUMMARY

REFERENCE NO: - 21/506257/FULL		
APPLICATION PROPOSAL: Material change of use of land for the stationing of caravans for residential occupation with associated operational development including hard standing, package treatment plant, utility shed, shed and dog run (Retrospective)		
ADDRESS: 1 Long Lane, Lenham Road, Headcorn, Kent, TN27 9LG		
RECOMMENDATION: GRANT PLANNING PERMISSION subject to planning conditions		
SUMMARY OF REASONS FOR RECOMMENDATION: The proposal is acceptable in relation to the potential impact on Lenham Road in relation to visual harm and character, nor residential amenity, nor highway safety.		
REASON FOR REFERRAL TO COMMITTEE: Call in from Parish Council if officers are minded to approved for the reasons set out in section 5 of this report.		
WARD: Headcorn	PARISH/TOWN COUNCIL: Headcorn	APPLICANT/AGENT: Mr. John Adams / Mrs Alison Heine
CASE OFFICER: William Fletcher	VALIDATION DATE: 08/12/2021	DECISION DUE DATE: 30/09/2022
ADVERTISED AS A DEPARTURE: NO		

Relevant Planning History

Long Lane:

15/502956/FULL - Continued use of land for private gypsy family with 2 caravans and 1 utility block. Permission refused 20/11/2017.

Greengates:

01/1320 - Change of use of land to residential and stationing of 1 no. mobile home, as shown on drawings received on 14.08.01. Refused. Appeal Allowed 17/09/2001

05/0518 - Retrospective application for the change of use of land from agriculture to the stationing of 1 no mobile home and 1 no touring caravan as shown on unnumbered plans received on 30/12/04 and 10/02/05. Refused. 05/05/2005

10/2177 - Application for planning permission for the change of use of land for the stationing of 4no static caravans for residential occupation by extended Gypsy family and associated development (stationing of 3no touring caravans, extended hardstanding and cess pool) as shown on site location plan and A4 site layout plan received on 30th December 2010. Three year temporary, named, permission granted. Temporary permission. 04/04/2013

14/504021/FULL - Application to vary condition 1 of MA/10/2177 (Application for planning permission for the change of use of land for the stationing of 4no static caravans for residential occupation by extended Gypsy family and associated development, stationing of 3no touring caravans, extended hardstanding and cess pool) to allow any gypsy family to live on site. Refused on the grounds of Planning permission 10/2177 expiring on 4 April 2016. Refused 01/07/2016

17/501852/FULL - Siting of four mobile homes and three touring caravans. (Retrospective). Refused on the grounds that the development would be visually harmful to the character and appearance of the countryside and any supplementary landscaping would not mitigate this harm. This would be contrary to policies ENV28 of the Maidstone Borough-Wide Local Plan 2000 and the NPPF, and draft policies SP17 and DM15 of the

draft Maidstone Borough Local Plan (2011-2031). Refused, Appeal Withdrawn. 17/08/2017.

21/506265/FULL - Retrospective application for a material change of use of land for stationing of caravans for residential occupation and keeping of horses with associated operational development including hard standing, package treatment plant, gas tank, shed, dog run and stables. Permission granted 25/08/2022

1 Greengates

22/500193/FULL - Retrospective application for material change of use of land to a mixed use of land for stationing of caravans for residential purposes and the keeping of horses. Permission granted 25/08/2022

Oak Tree Farm (see layout plan at paragraph 1.07 for site location)

18/503291/FULL - Change of use of land to use as a residential gypsy caravan site for two gypsy families including the stationing of 2 no. mobile homes and 1 no. touring caravan. Permission refused 05/10/2018. Appeal allowed 22/04/2022,

19/501788/FULL - Retrospective change of use of land to use as a residential caravan site for two gypsy families including the stationing of 2no. mobile homes and 1no. touring caravan (resubmission of 18/503291/FULL). Permission refused 11/06/2019. Appeal allowed 22/04/2022,

1.0 DESCRIPTION OF SITE

- 1.01 The application site is located to the south east of Lenham Road, Headcorn. The application site is within open countryside and adjoins a number of other Gypsy and Traveller sites which are at the time of writing awaiting appeal decisions / are unauthorised.
- 1.02 There is an established, dense native species hedgerow approximately 4 metres in height along Lenham Road and the application site is bounded by a 2m close boarded fence. Due to its siting behind the 'Greengates' site views from Lenham Road are very minimal. The close boarded fence only allows for views of the tops of the application site and Traveller sites to the northeast of the application site (Oak Tree Farm).
- 1.03 The application site in this instance was the 'wider' Greengates site, as indicated in the below image. This site has since been subdivided. The site in this instance is known as '1 Long Lane' and is situated to the south east of 'Greengates' and '1 Greengates' which also have ongoing applications seeking Gypsy and Traveller development.

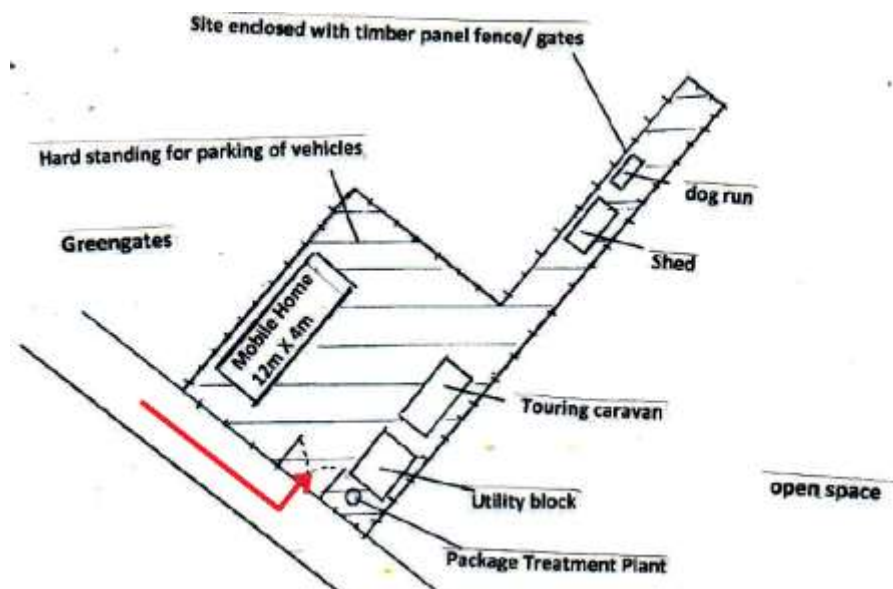
Image 1: Site Location Plan 17/501852/FULL (current application site in blue)



SITE LOCATION PLAN (17/501852/FULL)

- 1.04 The application site is accessed at the start of Long Lane, as depicted below which provides access to other sites to the southeast of the application site (Land Adjacent Greengates, 1 Long Lane and Long Lane).

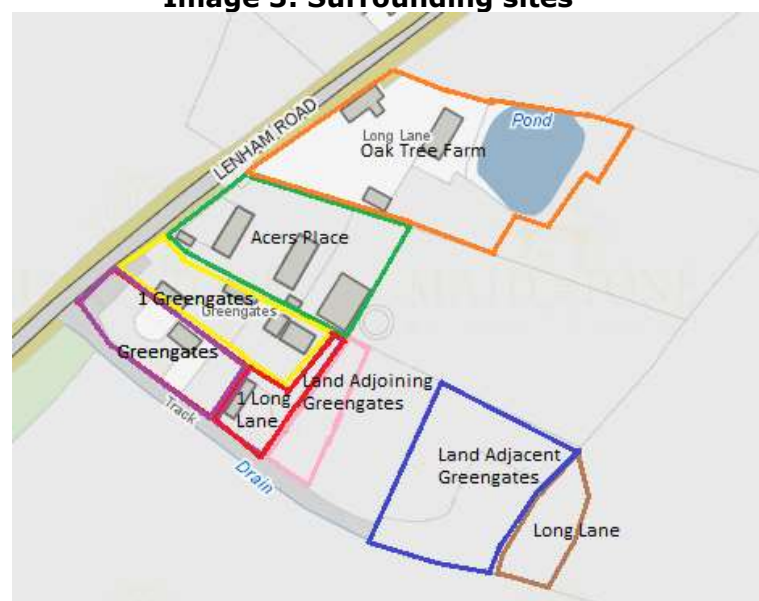
Image 2: Proposed Site Layout Plan (red access arrow added by case officer)



- 1.05 The application site is accessed via a close boarded gate located at the southern end of the plot. The mobile home occupied by the applicant is located at the western portion of the site, with a utility building situated south of the mobile and a dog run/kennel and shed located to the north east of the mobile unit. A tourer is parked to the east of the mobile home. The image above (with annotations added by the case officer) shows the access arrangements.

- 1.06 Existing gypsy and traveller development is evident in the area. As well as the sites immediately surrounding the application site, there are the sites associated with Ash Gardens and Smiths Cottages approximately 160m northeast of the application site. Approximately 10m to the northwest of the Ash Gardens sites is a Gypsy and Traveller site (The Meadows) where there is ongoing appeal (public inquiry).
- 1.07 In terms of the surrounding development Image 3 below shows nearby gypsy and traveller development.
- **Red site:** This is the current application site
 - **Purple Site:** 'Greengates' immediately to the west of the application site was granted permanent permission at committee on 25/08/2022.
 - **Yellow site:** The site to the north of the application site '1 Greengates' was granted permanent permission at committee on 25/08/2022.
 - **Green site:** Immediately to the north of the 1 Greengates is 'Acers Place'. Following the latest applications (19/502590/FULL and 20/504079/FULL) which were 'declined to be determined', the site has been cleared of development. The site has been submitted as a Gypsy and Traveller site in the local plan 'call for sites'.
 - **Orange site:** To the north of 'Acers Place' is Oak Tree Farm where two applications were refused in 2018 and 2019. These appeals were allowed and permanent permission granted in April 2022 detailed in the planning history section.
 - **Pink Site:** The site to the east is of the application site is 'Land Adjoining Greengates', unlawful, retrospective application (22/502321/FULL) awaiting determination.
 - **Blue site:** 50m to the east of the application site is 'The Land Adjacent Greengates'. This site has been subject to a number of applications with the most recent (21/500188/FULL) permitted on a temporary three-year basis expiring on 01/04/2024.
 - **Brown site:** Immediately to the east of 'The Land Adjoining Greengates' is 'Long Lane'. Whilst the site needs to be fully cleared, it is no longer used for the stationing of caravans following refusal 15/502956/FULL.

Image 3: Surrounding sites



- 1.08 The development upon the application site itself (highlighted in red) is retrospective, following the subdivision of the wider site which itself contained

Gypsy and Traveller development albeit on a temporary basis.

2.0 PROPOSAL

- 2.01 The current application seeks retrospective planning permission for a material change of use of land for the stationing of a mobile home for residential occupation with associated operational development including hard standing, package treatment plant, utility shed, shed and dog run.
- 2.02 The current application site forms part of the land that was included within the application site boundary for planning permission under reference 17/501852/FULL. The site permitted under 17/501852/FULL included both Greengates, 1 Greengates and 1 Long Lane. Since then, the larger site has been split up and sold separately. The current application site is at the south-eastern end of the larger site.
- 2.03 As such, should all current planning applications be successful there would be
- 1 mobile home and 1 tourer as well as the associated development upon 'Greengates'.
 - 2 mobiles and 2 tourers at '1 Greengates',
 - 2 mobiles and 1 tourer at Oak Tree Farm,
 - 1 mobile and 1 tourer '1 Long Lane' and
 - 2 mobile homes, 2 touring caravans, and associated with the 'Land Adjacent Greengates' and
 - 1 mobile and 2 tourers associated with 'Land Adjoining Greengates'.

3.0 POLICY AND OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

Maidstone Borough Local Plan 2017:

SP17 – Countryside

DM1 – Principles of good design

DM3 – Natural environment

DM15 – Gypsy, Traveller and Travelling Showpeople accommodation

DM30 – Design principles in the countryside

The National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF):

Section 12 – Achieving well-designed places

Supplementary Planning Guidance:

Planning Policy for Traveller Sites' (PPTS)

Maidstone Landscape Character Assessment (amended 2013)

Maidstone Borough Council – Local Plan Review, draft plan for submission (Regulation 19) dated October 2021.

The Regulation 19 draft is a material consideration, and some weight must be attached to the document because of the stage it has reached. This weight is limited, as it has yet to be the subject of an examination in public.

4.0 LOCAL REPRESENTATIONS

- 4.01 As well as the posted site notice, nine neighbouring properties were consulted by direct mail regarding the proposed development. The consultation expired on 05/01/2022, one representation was received from Headcorn Aerodrome which will be detailed below.

5.0 CONSULTATIONS

Headcorn Parish Council (summarised)

5.01 Development in the Open Countryside and paragraph 25 of the PPTS which states that Local Authorities should strictly limit Traveller site development in open countryside. Poor social cohesion with the villages settled community leading to social tensions on both sides.

These applications are also contrary to the following local plan policies: -

- SS1 Maidstone Borough Spatial Strategy.
- SP17 Countryside.
- DM1 Principals of Good Design.
- DM15 Gypsy, Traveller and Traveling show people accommodation.
- DM30 Design Principals in the Countryside.

5.02 The Committee wish to see this application refused and referral to planning committee is required.

Environmental Health

5.03 No objections subject to conditions.

Headcorn Aerodrome

5.04 No objections were raised by this representee but did raise the fact that future occupants of the site would be proximity to the Aerodrome and may be subject to noise from activities at the site.

6.0 APPRAISAL

6.01 The key issues are:

- Need for Gypsy and Traveller Pitches
- Supply of Gypsy Sites
- Gypsy Status
- Landscape and Visual Impact
- Cumulative Impact
- Amenity Impact
- Highways
- Ecology
- Domination and Pressure on Local Infrastructure
- Sustainability

Need for Gypsy and Traveller Pitches

6.02 The Maidstone Borough Local Plan was adopted in October 2017 and includes policies relating to site provision for Gypsies and Travellers. Local Authorities also have responsibility for setting their own target for the number of pitches to be provided.

6.03 Maidstone Borough Council published a Gypsy and Traveller and Travelling Show People Accommodation Assessment (GTAA) in January 2012. The GTAA conclusions on the need for pitches are shown in the table below.

Need for Gypsy and Traveller Pitches Oct 2011 to March 2031

Period	No of pitches
Oct 2011 – March 2016	105
April 2016 – March 2021	25

April 2021 – March 2026	27
April 2026 – March 2031	30
Total Oct 2011 to March 2031	187

- 6.04 The GTAA is the only comprehensive assessment of need. The GTAA when it was carried out provided a reasonable and sound assessment of future pitch needs. Notwithstanding this, the GTAA is now over 11 years old.
- 6.05 The Council’s Regulation 19 Local Plan was submitted to the Planning Inspectorate on 31st March 2022 and whilst this document is a material planning consideration, at this time it is of limited weight.
- 6.06 The Council’s Regulation 19 Local Plan seeks to meet the future identified need for Gypsy and Traveller accommodation; and a separate Gypsy, Traveller and Travelling Showpeople DPD will be produced to manage the emerging need for the period until 2037. A call for sites exercise ran from 1st February to 31st March 2022. The DPD is at its early stages and is not due to be completed until 2024, however the work that has been completed has indicated a significant emerging need for Gypsy and Traveller accommodation in the borough and significantly greater than the 187 pitches indicated above.

Supply of Gypsy Sites

- 6.07 Accommodation for Gypsies and Travellers is a specific type of housing that Councils have a duty to provide for under the Housing Act (2004). Adopted Local Plan policy DM15 accepts that subject to a number of criteria being met, this type of accommodation can be provided in the countryside.
- 6.08 The following table sets out the overall number of pitches which have been granted consent from 1st October 2011, the base date of the assessment, up to 30 April 2022.

Since 1st October 2011, the base date of the GTAA, the following permissions for pitches have been granted (as of 30th April 2022):

Type of consents	No. pitches
Permanent consent	253
Permanent consent + personal condition	26
Consent with temporary condition	0
Consent with temporary + personal conditions	7

- 6.09 A total of 279 pitches have been granted permanent consent since October 2011. These 279 pitches exceed the Local Plan’s 187 pitch target. The Council’s current position is that it can demonstrate a 6.2 year supply of Gypsy and Traveller sites at the base date of 1st April 2021.
- 6.10 Government guidance on Gypsy and Traveller development is contained in ‘Planning Policy for Traveller Sites’ (PPTS). The PPTS at paragraph 11 advises “...Where there is no identified need, criteria-based policies should be included to provide a basis for decisions in case applications nevertheless come forward. Criteria based policies should be fair and should facilitate the traditional and nomadic life of travellers while respecting the interests of the settled community”.

- 6.11 The PPTS directs that the lack of a 5 year supply of Gypsy and Traveller pitches should be given weight in the consideration of granting consent on a temporary basis. As the Council considers itself to be in a position to demonstrate a 5 year supply of pitches, the PPTS direction to positively consider the granting of temporary consent does not apply.

Gypsy Status

- 6.12 The planning definition of 'gypsies & travellers' as set out in the PPTS has been amended to exclude those who have ceased to travel permanently. The revised definition (Annex 1 of the PPTS) is as follows: "Persons of nomadic habit of life whatever their race or origin, including such persons who on grounds only of their own or their family's or dependants' educational or health needs or old age have ceased to travel temporarily, but excluding members of an organised group of travelling show people or circus people travelling together as such".
- 6.13 The definition still includes those who are of a nomadic habit of life who have ceased to travel temporarily because of their own, or their dependants', health or education needs or old age. To determine whether an applicant falls within the definition in terms of ceasing travel temporarily, the PPTS advises that regard should be had to; a) whether they had previously led a nomadic habit of life; b) the reasons for ceasing their nomadic habit of life; and c) whether there is an intention of living a nomadic habit of life in the future and if so, how soon and in what circumstances.
- 6.14 The agent acting on behalf of the applicant has submitted a statement detailing the applicant's personal circumstances.
- 6.15 The site would be occupied by the applicant and his partner together with their school aged child.
- 6.16 The statement suggests that the applicant had a settled base for some time elsewhere in the Kent where they had resided for 30 years. Following some disruption to their amenity there they have moved to the application site after attempting to secure accommodation on a Council operated Gypsy and Traveller site.
- 6.17 The applicant has been employed in various occupations over his life including seasonal agricultural work and the family have strong connections to the Kent area. Mrs Adams is from the Draper family based in Maidstone. Her Uncle once owned the Gypsy museum in Cranbrook at Whitewall Lane. Mr Adams grandparents used to own the Shenley corner caravan site in Headcorn and are related to the Lees family and his granddad used to own a boxing booth which they bring to fairs.
- 6.18 The applicant keeps two horses on land at Staplehurst and attends the main horse fairs including Appleby (recently held mid-2021), Stow, Kenilworth, Blandford and New Forest drives. Mr Adams sells carts and harnesses and has a small business with his brother.
- 6.19 The submitted statement does not indicate where the child attends school but inspectors do "very significant weight" (3199316) to the needs of children when determining an application in these circumstances and it is accepted that a settled base is advantageous to children's schooling and health.
- 6.20 The statement does indicate that the applicant and his partner have health issues and these would be better managed if the applicant had a settled base.

Landscape and Visual Impact

- 6.21 Local Plan Policy SP17 states that development proposals in the countryside will not be permitted unless:
- a) they accord with other LP policies and
 - b) they will not result in harm to the character and appearance of the area.
- 6.22 The application site is located in the countryside and will result in harm to the character and appearance of the area. The other relevant LP policies are DM15 and DM30 and compliance with these policies weighs in favour of the submitted application.
- 6.23 Policies DM1 and DM30 set out how development must respond positively to, and where possible enhance the character of the area and that any detrimental effects to the landscape must be appropriately mitigated.
- 6.24 Policy DM15 states that Gypsy and Traveller development must not result in significant harm to the landscape and rural character of the area. Impact will be assessed with particular regard to the following three areas and these three areas are considered in turn below :
- (a) Local landscape character.
 - (b) Cumulative effect – the landscape impact arising as a result of the development in combination with existing lawful caravans; and
 - (c) Existing landscape features – development should be well screened by existing landscape features and there must be a reasonable prospect of landscape features being retained long term.

Local Landscape Character

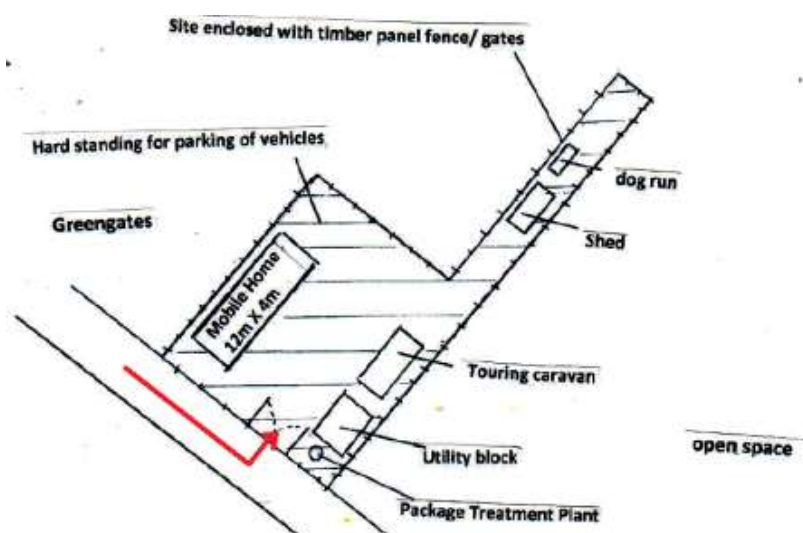
- 6.25 The application site is located in countryside identified as a Landscape of Local Value, The Headcorn Pasturelands within the Low Weald. The Low Weald Landscape of Local Value (LLV), for the purposes of the Local Plan, is a landscape that is highly sensitive to significant change. The Low Weald has distinctive landscape features including field patterns (many of medieval character), hedgerows, stands of trees, ponds and streams, and buildings of character. The landscape has a gently undulating form with only scattered housing, farmsteads or hamlets and a few narrow lanes like Lenham Road. The landscape is generally attractive with an agricultural and rural quality. The site also falls within the Headcorn Pasturelands Landscape Character Area as a low lying landscape which forms part of the wider Low Weald and shares many of the same characteristic.
- 6.26 The 2017 application (17/501852/FULL) which related to the “wider” Greengates site, assessed that the development, including the mobiles, hard surfacing, and fencing, particularly at plot 1 and 2, would be visible from Lenham Road when approaching the site from the south. The visibility of the site would however be reduced by the presence of the tree belt on adjoining land as this would result in views being broken.
- 6.27 Whilst there are views into the site from the entrance, there are no public rights of way in the immediate vicinity and no significant public views into the site. When considering the site is situated to the rear of the two new ‘Greengates’ sites and situated some 60m to the southeast of Lenham Road The only views onto the site are from Long Lane and are ‘glimpses’ of the tops of the mobiles.
- 6.28 The site is bordered by a 2m high close boarded fence except for the access which is a 5 bar timber gate. The site itself is visible but screened by the neighbouring sites to the north west, views into the site are not possible unless travelling along Long Lane.

- 6.29 Local Plan policy DM15 states that in assessing impact on the landscape weight will be attached to screening by existing landscape features. The application site is screened from Lenham Road by a mature hedgerow and the two 'Greengates' sites. Even in winter the mobiles would be screened due to the density of the planting, any views would be glimpses filtered by existing vegetation. Hardstanding on the site would only be visible when travelling along Long Lane. The timber access gate is not urban in appearance, and is of a design typically found on Gypsy and Traveller sites. Local Plan policy DM15 states that: *Additional planting should be used to supplement existing landscaping but should not be the sole means of mitigating the impact of the development.*
- 6.30 Plans do not indicate any proposed landscaping. It is suggested that landscaping conditions could be imposed to secure new planting along the southern boundary of the site to soften the impact of the development along Long Lane.
- 6.31 The above assessment has been made in the context of Gypsy and Traveller accommodation that currently exists on neighbouring sites. To attach the appropriate weight in the assessment of the current application, it is highlighted that in addition to the current application two nearby sites have recently been granted permanent permission on 25/08/2022 (Greengates 21/506265/FULL and 1 Greengates 22/500193/FULL) and another site along Long Lane (Land Adjoining Greengates 22/502321/FULL) has a current retrospective application.
- 6.32 'Acers Place' has been cleared of development but submitted as a Gypsy and Traveller site in the local plan 'call for sites'. The Land Adjacent Greengates'. Has temporary permission on a three-year basis expiring on 01/04/2024. (21/500188/FULL. Long Lane' no longer used for the stationing of caravans following refusal 15/502956/FULL.
- 6.33 Earlier Council Decisions to refuse planning permission at Oak Tree Farm (60m to the north of the application site) have recently been overturned with two appeals allowed in April 2022 and permanent permission granted for gypsy and traveller accommodation on these sites.
- 6.34 Paragraph 12 of the appeal decision notes "Lenham Road runs through this landscape north-eastwards from Headcorn. The countryside either side of the road exhibits many of the above qualities but also contains several gypsy and traveller sites that have a contrasting character and appearance. These sites vary in size and orientation, but typically involve large amounts of hardstanding and fencing, with a number of mobile homes and touring caravans visible from the road"
- 6.35 Paragraph 14 states "The site already has a good level of screening from the road thanks to the mature hedgerow. Even in winter, the mobile home next to the hedge is difficult to see due to the density of planting. The mobile home in front of the pond is more obvious from the site entrance and can also be seen in views from the road to the north-east. However, such views are glimpses and filtered by existing vegetation. The hardstanding is only visible when the gate is open, and the gate itself has stark urban appearance."

Oak Tree Farm



1 Long Lane



- 6.36 The access to '1 Long Lane' is less 'exposed' than Oak Tree Farms on account of the distance from the roadside and this site has less of an impact upon Lenham Road. The site is screened from Lenham Road by the close-boarded fence around the site as well as the vegetation along Lenham Road and the neighbouring Gypsy and traveller sites closer to Lenham Road which means that the site has little visual effect for the most part, only the tops of the mobile homes are visible from Lenham Road when standing immediately at the northern end of Long Lane (the access road).
- 6.37 The mobile home itself is a single storey building with, a shallow gable ended roof. It is 12.5m in length and 3.6m in height (including stands), rendered exterior with a clay-coloured roof tiles similar to other mobiles found in the area. In the specific context of other surrounding Gypsy sites, the appearance of the mobile is unlikely to appear incongruous in terms of scale and design. It is not assessed that the additional buildings i.e. the utility building, shed and dog run would have a harmful impact when viewed in the context of the application site. These types of buildings are often found on Gypsy and Traveller sites, they do not have a harmful visual

Cumulative Impact

- 6.38 Policy DM15 advises that the cumulative effect on the landscape arising as a result of the development in combination with existing lawful caravans needs to be assessed and to ensure no significant harm arises to the landscape and rural character of the area.
- 6.39 The information in the preceding parts of this report, including the planning history section, have set out the planning history of adjacent sites.
- 6.40 In terms of cumulative impact, paragraph 17 of the appeal relating to Oak Tree Farm states "Both appeal schemes would be in keeping with the wider landscape character in terms of the existing and proposed boundary planting and would also reflect the scattered form of development in the surrounding area. Thus, the cumulative effect of the development in either appeal would not be harmful."
- 6.41 The inspector also states in the same paragraph "If the various unauthorised sites were removed and returned to agricultural fields, the site with appropriate boundary planting would remain low key. I have no reason to doubt that the planting could be maintained, improved, and retained in the long-term."
- 6.42 With regards to paragraph 17, the Inspector would have to consider either outcome in terms of the other unauthorised adjacent sites (removal or retention), it appears that the overriding consideration was that the nature of the site with caravans meant that the sites were low key and had the benefit of landscape screening. The possibility of the other sites becoming lawful was also a factor but not the overriding one.
- 6.43 The landscape impact of the proposal has been assessed above and it is concluded that the landscape harm that occurs as a result of the development is not grounds for refusal of permission. Were the surrounding sites removed and returned to agricultural fields, the application site would also remain low key when viewed from Lenham Road. Additional landscaping will be sought through planning condition. The current submitted proposal for one mobile, a tourer and utility buildings which benefit from existing landscaping would also be a 'low key' development and will not result in significant cumulative landscape harm that is sufficient to warrant a refusal on cumulative harm.

Amenity

- 6.44 Policy DM1 states that applications must respect the amenity of neighbouring properties and that development must not result in overlooking, visual intrusion, loss of privacy or light enjoyed by nearby properties.
- 6.45 In terms of the impact upon the amenity of other Gypsy and Traveller accommodation, the closest caravans are located immediately northwest of the application site belonging to the Greengates sites. As site photos show, views into the plots are restricted by the boundary fencing, and when considering the distance of 18m between mobiles no overshadowing impact or loss of privacy would occur.
- 6.46 Whilst they are closer, a similar assessment is made regarding the adjoining plots to the north and south east. The plot is subdivided by a close boarded fence, the mobile, tourer and utility buildings do not cause any overshadowing or loss of privacy.
- 6.47 In terms of the impact upon the settled community, there are no permanent dwellings in the immediate vicinity of the application site, no harmful impact would occur to the settled community.

Highways

- 6.48 Policy DM1 states that applications must ensure that development does not result in, amongst other things excessive activity or vehicle movements. Policy DM15 states that there must be safe site access from the highway. DM30 also continues this theme stating that proposals must not result in unacceptable traffic levels on nearby roads or unsympathetic changes to the character of rural lanes.
- 6.49 With the small-scale nature of the submitted proposal, the vehicle movements from the application site are easily accommodated on the local road network. The current proposal does not raise any highway safety issues in relation to the use of the existing access on to Lenham Road including in terms of diver sightlines. A refusal would not be warranted in relation to the individual impact from the additional caravan currently proposed or in terms of the cumulative impact from other local development.

Ecology

- 6.50 The National Planning Policy Framework encourages net gains for biodiversity to be sought through decisions. Biodiversity net gain delivers measurable improvements for biodiversity by creating or enhancing habitats in association with development.
- 6.51 Policy DM3 states that development proposals will be expected to appraise the value of the boroughs natural environment and take full account of biodiversity present including the retention and provision of native plant species.
- 6.52 The current application is retrospective and as such this would include the hard surfaces the development is located on.
- 6.53 On this basis a planning condition is recommended requiring the applicant to submit details of biodiversity enhancement to achieve a net biodiversity gain on the application site. This could be in the form of retro fitted bird boxes bat boxes, and where relevant bee bricks.

"Domination" and pressure on local infrastructure

- 6.54 The Planning Policy for Traveller Sites, paragraph 25 states "Local Planning authorities should ensure that sites in rural areas respect the scale of, and do not dominate, the nearest settled community, and avoid placing undue pressure on local infrastructure".
- 6.55 The addition of one mobile and one touring caravan and utility buildings will not dominate the nearest settled community or place undue pressure on local infrastructure. I cannot see any grounds to conclude that the current proposals would place undue pressure on local infrastructure.

Sustainability

- 6.56 The supporting text to policy DM15 states in relation to gypsy and traveller accommodation "It is preferable for sites to be located close to existing settlements where there are community facilities such as schools and health services. Frequently, because of land availability, more rural sites are proposed. Where such sites are proposed, the impact of development on the landscape and rural character is an important factor in respect of the wider objective of protecting the intrinsic character of the countryside".
- 6.57 The site is approximately 1.6 miles northeast of Headcorn where there is access to a comprehensive range of services, amenities and facilities.

- 6.58 To access services within Headcorn it is accepted that occupants of the site will be reliant on private vehicles, which is the same arrangement as the existing sites in the vicinity and at other Gypsy and Traveller sites throughout the borough.

PUBLIC SECTOR EQUALITY DUTY

- 6.59 Article 8 of the European Convention on Human Rights, as incorporated into UK law by the Human Rights Act 1998, protects the right of an individual to, amongst other things, a private and family life and home.
- 6.60 Race is one of the protected characteristics under the Equality Act and ethnic origin is one of the things relating to race. Romany Gypsies and Irish Travellers are protected against race discrimination because they are ethnic groups under the Equality Act. This application has been considered with regard to the protected characteristics of the applicant and the gypsies and travellers who occupy the caravans. I am satisfied that the requirements of the PSED have been met and it is considered that the application proposals would not undermine objectives of the Duty.
- 6.61 Due regard has been had to the Public Sector Equality Duty (PSED) contained in the Equality Act 2010. The ethnic origins of the applicant and his family and their traditional way of life are to be accorded weight under the PSED.

7.0 CONCLUSION

- 7.01 In predicting the need for Gypsy and Traveller accommodation in the borough the GTAA target of 187 additional pitches, whilst the conclusion of the latest full needs assessment, needs to be weighed against the age of this assessment which is 11 years old. Whilst limited work has been completed on a more up to date needs assessment (estimated completion in 2024) the work that has been completed has shown a significant increased need.
- 7.02 The agent acting on behalf of the applicant has submitted information relating to the applicants Gypsy and Traveller status and this is accepted.
- 7.03 The above report has set out the planning history on the application site and the history relating to neighbouring sites where gypsy and traveller accommodation is currently located and has highlighted temporary permissions.
- 7.04 In reaching a conclusion on the current proposal the decision maker has to take account of the possibility of neighbouring caravans being removed from the site. This was confirmed in the Blossom High Court decision which found that the potential change to the character of an area needs to be assessed "if the Council took action or if the temporary permission expired".
- 7.05 Whilst unlikely to take place, if all neighbouring caravans without permanent planning permission were to be removed, the application site would still be broadly screened from Lenham Road by existing landscaping as well as the permanent sites at immediately adjacent Lenham Road.
- 7.06 As is detailed in the planning history section, previous appeals at sites in the area (as well as others not referred to in this report) indicate that the needs of the applicant's children and the benefits of raising them in a stable environment should be given significant weight in the decision making process This requirement and as outlined in this report the lack of any significant harmful visual impact leads to the conclusion that planning permission should be approved.

- 7.07 The development is not assessed as having an impact upon the amenity of neighbouring Gypsy and Traveller, nor would it result in so many additional vehicle movements that a harmful impact upon the countryside would occur.
- 7.08 Conditions are recommended to ensure the development results in a gain for biodiversity.
- 7.09 The addition of one mobile and touring caravan with utility buildings will not dominate the nearest settled community or place undue pressure on local infrastructure. I cannot see any grounds to conclude that the current proposals would place undue pressure on local infrastructure.
- 7.10 To access services within Headcorn it is accepted that occupants of the site will be reliant on private vehicles, which is the same arrangement as the existing sites in the vicinity and at other Gypsy and Traveller sites throughout the borough.

8.0 RECOMMENDATION –

GRANT PLANNING PERMISSION subject to the following conditions with delegated powers to the Head of Planning and Development to be able to settle or amend any necessary planning conditions in line with the matters set out in the recommendation and as resolved by the Planning Committee.

CONDITIONS:

- 1) The development hereby permitted shall be carried out in accordance with the following approved plans and information:

Application for Planning Permission
Proposed Site Layout Plan
Proposed Utility Building Elevations
Shed and Dog Runs Plans and Elevations
Photographs
Planning Statement
Existing Site Layout Plan
Fence and Gate Elevations
Site Location Plan
Static Caravan Elevations

Reason: To clarify which plans have been approved.

- 2) The mobile home and tourer hereby approved shall not be occupied by any persons other than gypsies and travellers as defined in Planning Policy for Traveller Sites, August 2015 (or any subsequent definition that supersedes that document);

Reason: The site is in an area where the stationing of caravans/mobile homes is not normally permitted, and an exception has been made to provide accommodation solely for gypsies/travellers who satisfy the requirements for Gypsy and Traveller Caravan Sites.

- 3) No more than one mobile home and one tourer as defined by the Caravan Sites and Control of Development Act 1960 and the Caravan Sites Act 1968, shall be stationed on the site at any one time, , and no further caravans shall be placed at any time anywhere within the site. The mobile home and tourer shall be stationed on the site only in the positions shown on the plan (Proposed Site Plan received 22 November 2021) hereby approved;

Reason: To safeguard the visual amenity, character and appearance of the open countryside location which forms part of the designated Low Weald Landscape of Local Value.

- 4) No commercial activities shall take place on the land at any time, including the storage of materials and/or livery use. No vehicles over 3.5 tonnes shall be stationed, stored or parked on the site and not more than four vehicles shall be stationed, stored or parked on the site at any one time;

Reason: To safeguard the visual amenity, character and appearance of the open countryside location which forms part of the designated Low Weald Landscape of Local Value and local amenity generally.

- 5) The use hereby permitted shall cease and all caravans, structures, equipment, and materials brought onto the land for the purposes of such use shall be removed and the land restored to its condition before the development took place within 6 weeks of the date of failure to meet any one of the requirements set out in (i) to (iv) below:

- i) Within 6 weeks of the date of this decision a Site Development Scheme, hereafter referred to as the 'Scheme', shall have been submitted for the written approval of the Local Planning Authority. The Scheme shall include details of:
 - a) the external appearance of the mobile home and utility building;
 - b) means of enclosure,
 - c) extent of hardstanding and parking;
 - d) the means of foul and surface water drainage at the site;
 - e) existing external lighting on the boundary of and within the site;
 - f) details of the proposed grass area and hedgerow;
 - g) details of the measures to enhance biodiversity at the site; and,
 - h) the said Scheme shall include a timetable for its implementation.
- ii) Within 11 months of the date of this decision the Scheme shall have been approved by the Local Planning Authority or, if the Local Planning Authority refuse to approve the Scheme, or fail to give a decision within the prescribed period, an appeal shall have been made to, and accepted as validly made by, the Secretary of State.
- iii) If an appeal is made in pursuance of (ii) above, that appeal shall have been finally determined and the submitted Scheme shall have been approved by the Secretary of State.
- iv) The approved Scheme shall have been carried out and completed in accordance with the approved timetable and thereafter maintained and retained as approved.

Reason: To ensure the visual amenity, character and appearance of the open countryside location which forms part of the designated Low Weald Landscape of Local Value is safeguarded.

- 6) Within 6 weeks of the date of this decision a landscape scheme designed in accordance with the principles of the Council's Landscape Guidelines (Maidstone Landscape Character Assessment Supplement 2012) shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. The scheme shall use predominantly native or near-native species as appropriate and show all existing trees, hedges and blocks of landscaping on, and immediately adjacent to, the site and indicate whether they are to be retained or removed. It shall also provide details of replacement planting to mitigate any loss of amenity and biodiversity value, the location of any habitat piles of cut and rotting wood and include a plant

specification, implementation details, a maintenance schedule and a [5] year management plan. [The landscape scheme shall specifically address the need to provide planting along the southern boundary of the application site.]

Reason: In the interests of landscape, visual impact and amenity of the area and to ensure a satisfactory appearance to the development

- 7) All planting, seeding and turfing specified in the approved landscape details shall be completed by the end of the first planting season (October to February) following its approval. Any seeding or turfing which fails to establish or any existing or proposed trees or plants which, within five years from planting die or become so seriously damaged or diseased that their long term amenity value has been adversely affected shall be replaced in the next planting season with plants of the same species and size as detailed in the approved landscape scheme.

Reason: In the interests of landscape, visual impact and amenity of the area and to ensure a satisfactory appearance to the development.

- 8) No additional external lighting shall be installed unless full details of any such lighting have first been submitted to, and approved in writing by, the local planning authority. The approved details shall be in accordance with the Institute of Lighting Obtrusive Light Limitations for Exterior Lighting Installations for Environmental Zone E1. The development shall thereafter be carried out in accordance with the approved details and retained as such thereafter

Reason: In order to protect dark skies and prevent undue light pollution, in accordance with the maintenance of the character and quality of the countryside.

- 9) Notwithstanding the provisions of Schedule 2, Part 4 of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015 (as amended) (or any order revoking and/or re-enacting that Order with or without modification), no temporary buildings or structures shall be stationed on the land without the prior permission of the Local Planning Authority other than as expressly permitted by this decision

Reason: To safeguard the visual amenity, character and appearance of the open countryside location.

- 10) No bonfires or incineration of rubbish or organic material or vegetation shall take place on the site;

Reason: In order to safeguard residential and local amenity generally.

- 11) The rating level of noise emitted from the proposed plant and equipment to be installed on the site (determined using the guidance of BS 4142 : 2014 Rating for industrial noise affecting mixed residential and Industrial areas) shall be low as can be possible. In general this is expected to be 5dB below the existing measured background noise level LA90, T. In exceptional circumstances, such as areas with a very low background or where assessment penalties total above 5 the applicants consultant should contact the Environmental Protection Team to agree a site specific target level.

Reason: In order to safeguard residential and local aural amenity generally.

INFORMATIVES:

it is the responsibility of the applicant to ensure, before the development is commenced, that all necessary highway approvals and consents have been obtained and that the limits of the highway boundary have been clearly established, since failure to do so may result in enforcement action being taken by the Highway Authority.

The applicant must also ensure that the details shown on the approved plans agree in every aspect with those approved under the relevant legislation and common law. It is therefore important for the applicant to contact KCC Highways and Transportation to progress this aspect of the works prior to commencement on site.