EXECUTIVE

Council Tax Reduction Scheme 2023/24

| Timetable | | |
|---|------------------|--|
| Meeting | Date | |
| Corporate Services Policy Advisory Committee | 16 November 2022 | |
| Executive | 23 November 2022 | |
| Council | 7 December 2022 | |

| Will this be a Key Decision? | Yes |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Urgency | Not Applicable |
| Final Decision-Maker | Council |
| Lead Head of Service | Georgia Hawkes, Director of Mid Kent Services |
| Lead Officer and Report Author | Zoe Kent, Interim Head of Revenues and Benefits |
| Classification | Public |
| Wards affected | All |

Executive Summary

Each year Full Council has to approve the Council Tax Reduction Scheme for the following year. This report makes a recommendation on the scheme to be implemented for 2023-24

This report has been considered by the Communities, Housing and Environment Policy Advisory Committee before being passed to the Executive. The final decision on the scheme will be made by Full Council.

Purpose of Report

Recommendation for Decision

This report asks the Executive to consider making the following recommendation to Council:

1. That the Council be recommended to agree that no changes be made to the Council Tax Reduction Scheme for the year 2023/24.

Council Tax Reduction Scheme 2023/24

1. CROSS-CUTTING ISSUES AND IMPLICATIONS

| Issue | Implications | |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| Impact on Corporate Priorities | The four Strategic Plan objectives are: | |
| Cross Cutting Objectives | The four cross-cutting objectives are: Heritage is Respected Health Inequalities are Addressed and Reduced Deprivation and Social Mobility is Improved Biodiversity and Environmental Sustainability is Respected The report recommendation supports the achievement of the Deprivation and Social Mobility cross-cutting objective by providing support to low-income households. | Zoe Kent, Interim Head of Revenues and Benefits |
| Risk Management | The risks associated with implementing and operating the scheme are not considered high. Endorsement of a scheme helps reduce the risk but the overall cost of the CTRS is subject to the risk of household incomes falling, as may be the case if the cost-of-living crisis leads onto an increase in unemployment. | Zoe Kent, Interim Head of Revenues and Benefits |

| Financial | The cost of the CTRS impacts on the Council Tax base and thereby the Council Tax yield. If the cost of awards were to increase, this would mean the Council Tax base and overall Council Tax income would reduce. Any change in the cost of the scheme is shared through the collection fund between the Council and preceptors. | Section 151 Officer & Finance Team |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| Staffing | We will deliver the recommendations with our current staffing. | Zoe Kent, Interim Head of Revenues and Benefits |
| Legal | Section 13A of the Local Government Finance Act 1992 requires the Council to adopt a Council Tax Reduction Scheme. Schedule 1A of the Act requires the Council to consider each financial year whether to revise or replace its scheme. The Act contains a statutory duty to consult on a proposed scheme, with guiding principles for fair consultation set out in case law. As there are no changes proposed for the 2023- 24 scheme further consultation will not be necessary unless the scheme is not approved. | Interim Team Leader (Contentious and Corporate Governance) |
| Information Governance | The recommendation does not propose any changes that will impact differently on the personal information (as defined in UK GDPR and Data Protection Act 2018) the Council Processes. | Information Governance Team |
| Equalities | alities The recommendation does not propose a change in service therefore will not require an equalities impact assessment. | |
| Public Health | We recognise that the recommendation will have a positive impact on population health or that of individuals. | Public Health Officer |
| Crime and Disorder | No impact | Zoe Kent, Interim Head of Revenues and Benefits |
| Procurement | No Impact | Zoe Kent, Interim Head |

| | | of Revenues and Benefits |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Biodiversity and Climate Change | There are no direct implications on biodiversity and climate change. | Biodiversity and Climate Change Manager |

2. INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND

- 2.1 The Council Tax Reduction Scheme (CTRS) was introduced in April 2013 as a replacement for Council Tax Benefit (CTB), a national scheme administered on behalf of the Department for Works and Pensions (DWP).
- 2.2 Since its introduction in April 2013, our local scheme has been reconsidered on an annual basis. In 2020 a full review and consultation was carried out to take account of the increase in claimants moving onto Universal Credit The consultation sought views on moving to a banded scheme from April 2021 for working age claimants.
- 2.3 Council Tax Reduction provides financial assistance in the form of a rebate on the Council Tax bill, the cost of the scheme generally reduced before the COVID pandemic. In 2020/21 there was an increase in claims due to the pandemic and the number of people claiming Universal Credit.

The figures below give the cost of the scheme to the public, in the amount of CTR awarded annually rather than collected as Council Tax.

2016/17 - £8,786,555 2017/18 - £8,385,298 2018/19 - £8,616,425 2019/20 - £8,652,758 2020/21 - £10,694,613 2021/22 - £10,264,367 2022/23 - £10,046,498 (estimated)

- 2.4 From April 2021, a new income banded scheme was introduced which has an in-built, simplified claiming process with wide income ranges. The new banded scheme means that frequent liability changes have been avoided, and revised bills are only being issued where income crosses into another earnings band. This has made it less cumbersome for customers and has allowed us to convey a relatively simple eligibility message to residents.
- 2.5 Feedback from the Customer Services team and Citizens' Advice has been positive with fewer enquiries being made about eligibility and understanding of the income banded scheme for households with no children, 1-2 children and 3 plus children.
- 2.6 Table 1 shows the banded scheme which awards a maximum of 80% support for those on a passported benefit. Bands 2 to 5 give a maximum

award of between 65% and 10% based on the person's earnings. All other income is disregarded. An extra 5% support is given to those in Bands 2 to 5 if a disability benefit is in payment.

Table 1

| Band | Household size and earnings threshold | | | Maximum Award |
|--------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| | No Children | 1 -2 Children | 3+ Children | |
| Band 1 | *Passported/Max UC | *Passported/Max UC | *Passported/Max UC | 80% |
| Band 2 | Less than £316 | Less than £387 | Less than £441 | 65% |
| Band 3 | £316 - 631.99 | £387 - £774.99 | £441 - £882.99 | 50% |
| Band 4 | £632 - £947.99 | £775 - £1,162.99 | £883 - £1,324.99 | 25% |
| Band 5 | £948 - £1,263.99 | £1,163 - £1,550.99 | £1,325 - £1,766.99 | 10% |

*Passported in the table refers to legacy benefits (job seekers allowance, income support, employment support allowance) for customers who have not migrated to Universal Credit.

3. AVAILABLE OPTIONS

- 3.1 To make no changes to the Council Tax Reduction Scheme for 2023/24. The advantages of this are that claimants have got used to this simplified scheme, they are aware how much they need to pay. It also makes no change to the budget.
- 3.2 To revise the current scheme. This would require consultation with the other preceptors and with those affected by any changes. There could also be additional costs if the payment towards the administration of the scheme was withdrawn by the major preceptors.

4. PREFERRED OPTION AND REASONS FOR RECOMMENDATIONS

- 4.1 That no changes be made to the Council Tax Reduction Scheme for the year 2023/24.
- 4.2 This is the second year of the income banded scheme, and it may be advisable for two years to be completed before considering any changes.

5. RISK

5.1 The risks associated with implementing and operating the scheme are not considered high.

- 6.1 A public consultation was carried out in 2020 before the decision was taken to move to a banded Council Tax Reduction scheme. As changes to the scheme are not being recommended a public consultation is not mandatory.
- 6.2 The public consultation results were considered as part of the decisionmaking process when the banded scheme was put forward in 2020.
- 6.3 This report will be considered by the Communities, Housing and Environment Policy Advisory Committee on 15 November 2022 and the Committee's comments and recommendations will be reported to the Executive.

7. NEXT STEPS: COMMUNICATION AND IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECISION

7.1 The scheme will be published on the website once a decision has been made by Full Council.

8. **REPORT APPENDICES**

 Appendix 1: Council Tax Reduction Scheme 2023/24 – to follow for Full Council

9. BACKGROUND PAPERS

None