APPENDIX A – Schedule of responses to the representations to the sites in Policy H1

Policy Number	Site Name				
H1 (1)	Bridge Nursery, London Road, Maidstone.				
Number of Suppor	Number of Support (1) / Object (22) / General Observations (2)				
Summary of issues	3	Officer Response	Proposed change		
Cumulative impact including junction Lane and at Junction be found to fund to junction at A20. The ends of Hermitage	congestion – highway capacity concerns. If of development on local transport infrastructure, capacity issues north and south ends of Hermitage on 5 M20. Unclear how the balance of funding will the necessary off-site infrastructure. Unnecessary the junction capacity issues at the north and south Lane and at J5M20 need to be addressed now Alternative route through East Malling cannot take Malling PC).	The council takes full account of the traffic and transport implications of proposed development and seeks contributions for highway and other appropriate improvements from the highway authority and prospective developers; as an intrinsic element of the development management process.	No change.		
Bus service welcomed. Bus service welcomed but route description too prescriptive. Amend to read "a bus service that links new housing developments in the area with the hospital and the town centre".		Noted. Bus route is considered to provide the most appropriate level of access to the hospital and town centre.	No change.		
	path along the railway line (East Malling PC). lic footpath be extended along the railway line.	At this point the railway is on embankment and footpath would be difficult to provide.	No change.		
Criterion 7 seeks contributions towards pedestrian and cycle links to surrounding essential infrastructure. This criterion should be amended to confirm that it will be a proportionate contribution only based on the scale of this development.		All planning obligations are negotiated on the basis of the scale of the development and requirements of policy with evidence provided.	No change.		

Criterion 8 requires an appropriate contribution towards highways improvement schemes along the A20. However, the criterion wording must acknowledge the proportionate nature of any contribution and that the amount for each junction/enhancement must be justified.		
Impact on air quality. Air quality impacts at Hermitage Lane / Tonbridge road junction. Criterion 2(ii) should be flexibly worded to enable various techniques to be considered other than the ecological corridor to incorporate noise attenuation. It is unclear how criterion 3 will be met.	Criterion 2 ii identifies one of a number of measures which can be taken to improve air quality and incorporated into potential new policy for the Maidstone North-west strategic housing location.	No change.
Concerns about vehicle access to the site.	Access issues have been agreed with the highways authority as being adequate to service the quantity of development planned for the site.	No change.
Concern about impact on the ecological value of the site / detrimental to local wildlife and habitats/ impact on ancient woodland. Question how the protected habitat will be protected long term (East Malling PC).	Criterion 11 is in place to address the ecological impacts of proposed development, and surveys have been undertaken which support the continued allocation. Prior to commencement of development a condition on the planning permission will require submission and implementation of landscape and ecological management plan.	No change to allocation but consideration to be given to clarifying strategic habitats protection policy.
Loss of amenity area – this is one of only two amenity areas.	Criterion 4 requires publicly accessible open space to be provided in any proposed development.	No change.
Inadequate infrastructure.	Specific and detailed infrastructure requirements are indicated in existing strategic policies and H1. Further strategic policies will strengthen these	New policy formulation to strengthen infrastructure requirements.

Loss of Countryside / Rural Character. Loss of semi-rural character of Barming. Coalescence between villages and concerned that development may be cross-boundary. Proposals erode separation of Allington from the Medway Gap (East Malling PC).	requirements for strategic housing locations. Existing strategic and detailed policies for the protection of the countryside seek to prevent the coalescence of villages and maintain the rural character of the area. Further strategic policies will strengthen these requirements for strategic housing locations.	New policy formulation to strengthen countryside protection and maintenance of rural character.
Loss of Grade 2 Agricultural Land.	The Agricultural Land Classification (ALC) survey undertaken in 1994 confirms that land on the site is predominantly Grade 2. However, some loss of agricultural land is inevitable in this allocated greenfield site. Strategic policies seek to reduce the impact of development on high quality agricultural land. The site is now subject to a resolution to grant planning permission.	No change.
Impact on Local school.	Criterion 5 requires contributions from prospective developers for community infrastructure provision.	No change.
Unsustainable development.	Existing Policy NPPF1 requires the council to ensure that proposed development is sustainable, in line with the National Policy Planning Framework. The site is considered to be in a sustainable location at the edge of Maidstone with its attendant services and facilities.	No change.

Other than developer contributions it is unclear how the balance of funding will be found to fund necessary offsite infrastructure.		If development generates additional demand / need that cannot be accommodated, appropriate contributions will be secured from the development to address the deficit. Infrastructure providers have their own investment programmes.	No change.
Policy Number	Site Name		
H1 (2)	East of Hermitage Lane, Maidstone.		
Number of Support	t (1) / Object (57) / General Observations (6)		
		Officer Response	Proposed change
,		·	Troposed change
Increased traffic / congestion - highway capacity concerns. General concerns about transport requirements. Parking concerns and emergency vehicle access concerns. Cumulative impact of development on local transport infrastructure, including junction capacity issues north and south ends of Hermitage Lane and at Junction 5 M20. Unclear how the balance of funding will be found to fund the necessary off-site infrastructure. The junction capacity issues at the north and south ends of Hermitage Lane and at J5M20 need to be addressed now (East Malling PC). Alternative route through East Malling cannot take more traffic (East Malling PC). Additional roundabouts on Hermitage Lane required to improve traffic flow.		The council takes full account of the traffic and transport implications of proposed development and seeks contributions for highway and other appropriate improvements from the highway authority and prospective developers; as an intrinsic element of the development management process.	No change.
Concern about proposed bus service via Howard Drive.		Provision of an additional bus service is widely supported. Bus route is considered	

Amend policy to read "a bus service that links new housing	to provide the most appropriate level of	
developments in the area with the hospital and the town centre".	access to the hospital and town centre.	No change
developments in the area with the hospital and the town tentre.	access to the hospital and town centre.	No change.
Need for permanent cycle routes. Sufficient parking needed for	Criterion 5 required the wooded	
	character of KB19 to be maintained. A	
community infrastructure. Maintain and improve green footpath		
corridors.	direct cycle path will be required as part	
	of any proposed development. (Criterion	
Assessment of the capacity of the A26 is required (Wateringbury PC).	21).	
The state of the s	A Cartie 40C A	
Highway schemes must precede development and there is concern	A Section 106 Agreement will ensure	
about finding facilities.	infrastructure is in place to serve the	
	development. This can include trigger	
	points for infrastructure provision where	
	justified.	
Pollution - noise and light. Impact on air quality. Air quality impacts	Air quality issues are covered by strategic	New policy formulation to strengthen
at Hermitage Lane / Tonbridge road junction. The impacts on air	and detailed policies. Criterion 12	air quality measures.
quality arising from new development in Maidstone on areas beyond	identifies one of a number of measures	
the borough boundary should also be taken into account, for example	which can be taken to improve air quality	
in relation to Wateringbury and the Hermitage Lane allocations	and incorporated into potential new	
(Tonbridge and Malling BC).	policy for the Maidstone North-west	
	strategic housing location.	
Concerns about vehicle access to the site at Hermitage Lane and	Access issues have been carefully	No change.
Howard Drive. Criteria should include highway access appraisals	considered and specific proposals made	
(Wateringbury PC). Automated gate unsuitable. There should be no	to mitigate impacts. The Council is not	
access through the woodland.	proposing access through the woodland.	
Proposed number of dwellings too high. Should have lower density	The proposed number of houses is	No change.
than proposed. Too many houses in field surrounding reservoir.	considered appropriate having regard to	
	the site's characteristics and the need to	
	make the efficient use of land.	
Impact on the ecological value of the site / detrimental to local	Strategic and detailed policies are in	New policy formulation to strengthen

wildlife and habitats (incl bluebell wood) / impact on existing trees / impact on ancient woodland. Landscape buffer should be 30m. Protect Ancient Woodland. Field between hospital and Ancient Woodland should be used to create Ancient Woodland buffer / open	place to protect habitats, wildlife and ancient woodlands. Criteria 13-17 relate to open space. Criteria 2 relates to Ancient Woodland.	the treatment of ecological issues and biodiversity.
space	/ Wilder Woodiana.	
Inadequate infrastructure - sewerage Infrastructure is at capacity.	Specific provision is being made to provide appropriate levels of physical infrastructure. No objection to proposed development has been made by Southern Water.	No change.
Loss of agricultural land. Protection must be given to agricultural Land (including Grade 1) / orchards .	The site was predominantly assessed as Grade 2 agricultural land with smaller proportions of Grade 3a and Grade 3b land in the 1994 ALC survey. However, some loss of agricultural land is inevitable in this allocated greenfield site. Strategic policies seek to reduce the impact of development on high quality agricultural land.	No change.
Loss of green corridor.	Policy includes the retention of open space and woodland throughout the site.	No change.
Impact on countryside and rural character. Loss of semi-rural character of Barming. Coalescence between villages and concerned that development is at TBMB boundary. Proposals erode separation of Allington from the Medway Gap (East Malling PC).	Strategic policies for the protection of the countryside seek to prevent the coalescence of villages and maintain the rural character of the area.	New policy formulation to strengthen countryside protection and maintenance of rural character.
Loss of amenity area – this is one of only two amenity areas. Open space needed. Impact on lifestyle of established residents.	Strategic and detailed policies seek to reduce the detrimental impacts of development. Criterion 4. notes that publicly accessible open space will be required as an element of any proposed development.	No change.
Inappropriate extension to urban area.	Sustainability appraisal and other analysis supports this location for sustainable	No change.

	development.	
Risk of flooding.	The site is not within floods zones 2 or 3.	No change.
	Notwithstanding this, as the site is	
	greater than 1ha in size, a planning	
	application would be accompanied by a	
	flood risk assessment. The Environment	
	Agency would be consulted on this FRA	
	and will advise on the suitability and	
	adequacy of any mitigation measures	
	proposed. Flooding was not one of the	
	reasons for the recent refusal of	
	permission on this site.	
	•	
Pressure on local services and facilities including school and doctor	Specific strategic policies ensure that the	No change.
surgery, lack of dental surgery. Cumulative impacts with TMBC	appropriate level of community	
developments. Alternative location for Maidstone Baptist church?	infrastructure is provided for proposed	
Community facilities should have adequate parking.	development. Parking space provision	
	will be considered as part of the planning	
	application process.	
Loss of views.	The loss of views is not a material	No change.
	planning consideration, except insofar as	
	it relates to the maintenance of	
	environmental quality which is covered	
	by landscape and related measures.	
Impact on aquifer.	None of the statutory undertakers have	No change.
	raised this as an issue against the	
	allocation of this site.	
Loss of open area. MBC has not justified its allocation of the field at	Emergent information supports	No change.
the South Western extent as public open space, contrary to allocation	additional open space provision in this	
in saved Local Plan (2000) and Interim Policy SS1b, and has no regard	location.	
to outline planning application (Barton Willmore). Object to wording		

	Barton Willmore).		
Other than developer contributions it is unclear how the balance of funding will be found to fund necessary offsite infrastructure.		If development generates additional demand / need that cannot be accommodated, appropriate	No change.
		contributions will be secured from the	
		development to address the deficit.	
		Infrastructure providers have their own investment programmes.	
Howard Drive suff	ers from subsidence	This would be dealt with through the	No change
		planning application process and Building Control assessments.	
Policy Number	Site Name		
H1 (3)	West of Hermitage Lane, Maidstone		
	<u> </u>		
Number of Suppo	rt (2) / Object (22) / General Observations (3)		
Number of Suppo		Officer Response	Proposed change
Summary of issue	s congestion - highway capacity concerns. Parking	The council takes full account of the	Proposed change No change.
Summary of issue Increased traffic / and emerging veh	congestion - highway capacity concerns. Parking icle access concerns. Cumulative impact of	The council takes full account of the traffic and transport implications of	
Summary of issue Increased traffic / and emerging veh development on lo	congestion - highway capacity concerns. Parking icle access concerns. Cumulative impact of ocal transport infrastructure, including junction	The council takes full account of the traffic and transport implications of proposed development and seeks	
Summary of issue Increased traffic / and emerging veh development on le capacity issues no	congestion - highway capacity concerns. Parking icle access concerns. Cumulative impact of ocal transport infrastructure, including junction rth and south ends of Hermitage Lane and at	The council takes full account of the traffic and transport implications of proposed development and seeks contributions for highway and other	
Summary of issue Increased traffic / and emerging veh development on le capacity issues no Junction 5 M20. U	congestion - highway capacity concerns. Parking icle access concerns. Cumulative impact of ocal transport infrastructure, including junction rth and south ends of Hermitage Lane and at nclear how the balance of funding will be found to	The council takes full account of the traffic and transport implications of proposed development and seeks contributions for highway and other appropriate improvements from the	
Summary of issue Increased traffic / and emerging veh development on le capacity issues no Junction 5 M20. U	congestion - highway capacity concerns. Parking icle access concerns. Cumulative impact of ocal transport infrastructure, including junction rth and south ends of Hermitage Lane and at	The council takes full account of the traffic and transport implications of proposed development and seeks contributions for highway and other appropriate improvements from the highway authority and prospective	
Summary of issue Increased traffic / and emerging veh development on le capacity issues no Junction 5 M20. U	congestion - highway capacity concerns. Parking icle access concerns. Cumulative impact of ocal transport infrastructure, including junction rth and south ends of Hermitage Lane and at nclear how the balance of funding will be found to	The council takes full account of the traffic and transport implications of proposed development and seeks contributions for highway and other appropriate improvements from the highway authority and prospective developers; as an intrinsic element of the	
Summary of issue Increased traffic / and emerging veh development on le capacity issues no Junction 5 M20. U	congestion - highway capacity concerns. Parking icle access concerns. Cumulative impact of ocal transport infrastructure, including junction rth and south ends of Hermitage Lane and at nclear how the balance of funding will be found to	The council takes full account of the traffic and transport implications of proposed development and seeks contributions for highway and other appropriate improvements from the highway authority and prospective	
Summary of issue Increased traffic / and emerging veh development on le capacity issues no Junction 5 M20. U fund the necessar	congestion - highway capacity concerns. Parking icle access concerns. Cumulative impact of ocal transport infrastructure, including junction rth and south ends of Hermitage Lane and at nclear how the balance of funding will be found to	The council takes full account of the traffic and transport implications of proposed development and seeks contributions for highway and other appropriate improvements from the highway authority and prospective developers; as an intrinsic element of the development management process.	
Summary of issue Increased traffic / and emerging veh development on lo capacity issues no Junction 5 M20. U fund the necessar	congestion - highway capacity concerns. Parking icle access concerns. Cumulative impact of ocal transport infrastructure, including junction rth and south ends of Hermitage Lane and at nclear how the balance of funding will be found to y off-site infrastructure.	The council takes full account of the traffic and transport implications of proposed development and seeks contributions for highway and other appropriate improvements from the highway authority and prospective developers; as an intrinsic element of the	No change.

	appropriate level of access to the bessite!	
	appropriate level of access to the hospital	
	and town centre.	
Retain existing footpath. Public Right of Way need to be retained	Appropriate footpath provision is made in	No change.
	items Criteria 3, 5 and 6. Existing Public	
	Rights of Way cannot be diverted or	
	altered without approval of the highway	
	authority.	
Assessment of the capacity of A26 is required (Wateringbury PC).		
	Strategic transport proposals have taken	
The junction capacity issues at the north and south ends of Hermitage	account of main road capacities in	
Lane and at J5M20 need to be addressed now (East Malling PC).	negotiation with the highway authority	
	and the Highways Agency.	
Alternative route through East Malling cannot take more traffic (East	g , g ,	
Malling PC).		
Impact on air quality. Air quality impacts at Hermitage Lane /	Air quality issues are covered by Criterion	New policy formulation to strengthen
Tonbridge road junction. The impacts on air quality arising from new	8 and potential new policy for the	air quality measures.
development in Maidstone on areas beyond the borough boundary	Maidstone North-west strategic housing	an quanty measures.
should also be taken into account, for example in relation to	location.	
Wateringbury and the Hermitage Lane allocations (Tonbridge and		
Malling BC).	Considire policy in included to approve that	No obcors
Concerns about vehicle access to the site via Oakapple Lane. Criteria	Specific policy is included to ensure that	No change.
should include highway access appraisals (Wateringbury PC).	any alterations to Oakapple Lane will	
Principle access should be via Oakapple Lane . Broomshaw Road is	retain the features which are integral to	
not suitable and should be used for walking and cycling only.	its character. Broomshaw Road is not	
	proposed to provide vehicular access,	
	from this site. It is more appropriate that	
	the principle access is from Hermitage	
	Lane, leaving Oakapple Lane for mainly	
	pedestrians, cyclists and emergence	
	vehicle access.	
Inadequate infrastructure.	Specific provision is being made to	New policy formulation to strengthen

	provide appropriate levels of physical	infrastructure requirements.
	infrastructure. Extensive consultation	
	has taken place with the appropriate	
	statutory providers.	
Loss of agricultural Land / countryside / greenfield land.	Some loss of agricultural land is inevitable	No change.
	in this allocated greenfield site. Strategic	
	policies seek to reduce the impact of	
	development on high quality agricultural	
	land. The southern part of the site was	
	assessed as Grade 3a in the 1994 ALC	
	survey. The entire site is now subject to a	
	resolution to grant planning permission.	
Loss of green and blue corridor.	Any loss of green and blue corridor land is	No change.
	to be kept to a minimum in line with	
	landscape and related protection policies.	
Impact on countryside and rural character. Loss of semi-rural	Strategic and detailed policies for the	New policy formulation to strengthen
character of Barming. Coalescence between villages and concerned	protection of the countryside seek to	countryside protection and
that development is at TBMB boundary. Proposals erode separation	prevent the coalescence of villages and	maintenance of rural character.
of Allington from the Medway Gap (East Malling PC).	maintain the rural character of the area.	
Pressure on local services and facilities including the school and	Strategic and detailed policies ensure	No change.
doctor surgery, lack of dental surgery.	that the appropriate level of community	
	infrastructure is provided for proposed	
	development.	
Impact on the ecological value of the site / detrimental to local	Strategic and detailed policies are in	New policy formulation to strengthen
wildlife and habitats / impact on existing hedgerows /impact on	place to protect habitats, wildlife and	the treatment of ecological issues and
ancient woodland.	ancient woodlands.	biodiversity.
Proposed number of dwellings too high.	The proposed number of houses is	No change.
	considered appropriate having regard to	
	the site's characteristics and the need to	
	make the efficient use of land. The site is	
	now subject to a resolution to grant	
	planning permission.	

Unsustainable dev	velopment.	Existing Policy NPPF1 requires the council	No change.
		to ensure that proposed development is	
		sustainable, in line with the National	
		Policy Planning Framework. The site is	
		considered to be in a sustainable location	
		at the edge of Maidstone with its	
		attendant services and facilities.	
Other than developer contributions it is unclear how the balance of		If development generates additional	No change
funding will be found to fund necessary offsite infrastructure.		demand / need that cannot be	
		accommodated, appropriate	
		contributions will be secured from the	
		development to address the deficit.	
		Infrastructure providers have their own	
		investment programmes.	
Policy Number	Site Name		
H1 (4)	Oakapple Lane, Barming		

Number of Support (1) / Object (26) / General Observations (3)

Summary of issues	Officer Response	Proposed change
Increased traffic / congestion. Highway capacity concerns. Cumulative impact of development on local transport infrastructure, including junction capacity issues north and south ends of Hermitage Lane and at Junction 5 M20. Unclear how the balance of funding will	The council takes full account of the traffic and transport implications of proposed development and seeks contributions for highway and other	No change.
be found to fund the necessary off-site infrastructure.	appropriate improvements from the highway authority and prospective developers; as an intrinsic element of the development management process.	
Amend policy to read "a bus service that links new housing developments in the area with the hospital and the town centre".	Provision of an additional bus service is widely supported. Bus route is considered to provide the most appropriate level of access to the hospital and town centre.	No change.

	T	
The junction capacity issues at the north and south ends of Hermitage Lane and at J5M20 need to be addressed now (East Malling PC). Alternative route through East Malling cannot take more traffic (East Malling PC). Assessment of the capacity of A26 is required (Wateringbury PC).	Strategic transport proposals have taken account of main road capacities in negotiation with the highway authority.	No change.
Public Right of Way needs to be protected	The Public Right of Way runs adjacent to this site. Access through the adjacent site will be protected as part of development.	
Impact on air quality. The impacts on air quality arising from new development in Maidstone on areas beyond the borough boundary should also be taken into account, for example in relation to Wateringbury and the Hermitage Lane allocations (Tonbridge and Malling BC). Air quality impacts at Hermitage Lane / Tonbridge road junction.	Air quality issues are covered by strategic and detailed policies and will be considered in new policy for the Maidstone North-west strategic housing location.	New policy formulation to strengthen air quality measures.
Criteria should include highway access appraisals (Wateringbury PC). Concerns about vehicle access to the site via Oakapple Lane. Vehicle access via Hermitage Lane only (Barming PC).	Detailed consideration has been given to access arrangements, and specifically, the character of Oakapple Lane is to be retained.	No change.
Inadequate infrastructure.	Specific provision is being made to provide appropriate levels of physical infrastructure. Extensive consultation has taken place with the appropriate statutory providers.	New policy formulation to strengthen infrastructure requirements.
Impact on countryside and rural character; loss of semi-rural character of Barming. Cumulative impact with other sites on local environment and character. Overdevelopment in this location.	Strategic and detailed policies for the protection of the countryside seek to prevent the coalescence of villages and maintain the rural character of the area.	New policy formulation to strengthen countryside protection and maintenance of rural character.
Loss of Grade 2 agricultural Land / countryside / greenfield.	Some loss of agricultural land is inevitable to enable development to take place on this greenfield site but this is kept to a	No change.

	minimum. This has to be weighed against	
	the fact that this is a sustainable site on	
	the edge of the urban area.	
Loss of green and blue corridor.	Any loss of green and blue corridor land is	No change.
	to be kept to a minimum in line with	
	landscape and related protection policies.	
Pressure on local services and facilities - school and doctor surgery,	Strategic and detailed policies ensure	No change.
lack of dental surgery.	that the appropriate level of community	
	infrastructure is provided for proposed	
	development.	
Loss of green space including greenspace used by residents / buffer to	Loss of green and open space is to be	No change.
the quarry.	kept to a minimum, and specific	
	measures provide landscape buffers.	
Impact on the ecological value of the site / detrimental to local	Strategic and detailed policies are in	New policy formulation to strengthen
wildlife and habitats / impact on existing hedgerows / impact on	place to protect habitats, wildlife and	the treatment of ecological issues and
ancient woodland.	ancient woodlands.	biodiversity.
Proposed number of dwellings too high.	The proposed number of houses is	No change.
	considered appropriate having regard to	
	the site's characteristics and the need to	
	make the efficient use of land.	
Unsustainable development.	Existing Policy NPPF1 requires the council	No change.
	to ensure that proposed development is	
	sustainable, in line with the National	
	Policy Planning Framework. The site is	
	considered to be in a sustainable location	
	at the edge of Maidstone with its	
	attendant services and facilities.	
	acconduit services and identites.	
Inappropriate extension to urban area. Coalescence between villages	Strategic and detailed policies for the	No change.
and concerned that development is at TBMB boundary. Proposals	protection of the countryside seek to	_
erode separation of Allington from the Medway Gap (East Malling	prevent the coalescence of villages and	
PC).	maintain the rural character of the area.	

Vehicular access v	ria Hermitage Lane only. This appears to be a land-	Additional access is required to mitigate	No change.	
	propriate access . Reject access from Oakapple Lane.	the impact of traffic generated by		
		proposed development.		
This appears to be	e a land-locked site. There appears to be no means			
• •	an: purchase of houses in Rede Wood Road or	Criterion 4 indicates that primary access		
Broomshaw Road	to â€~clear a way' through to those respective	is intended to be taken from the adjacent		
roads.; or a Legal	arrangement with the owner/developer of H1(3) to	development site H1 (3) (Land West of		
allow access on to	Oakapple Lane; or a Legal arrangement(s) with the	Hermitage Lane). Secondary access is		
land owner(s) at t	he South westerly corner to allow access onto the	indicated from Rede Wood Road or		
single track byway	(KM13) connecting Sweets Lane (northerly) and	Broomshaw Road. It is not intended to		
North Pole Road (southerly), the length of which is totally	upgrade access on the track past the		
unsuitable/inaded	quate for traffic and would give rise to significant	water-tower onto North Pole Road.		
highway safety iss	sues. PROW KM11 has always been, and continues	Existing Public Rights of Way cannot be		
to be, in constant	use and highly valued by local walkers and dog	diverted or altered without approval of		
walkers and need	s to be protected and maintained.	the highway authority.		
Other than developer contributions it is unclear how the balance of If development generates additional				
funding will be found to fund necessary offsite infrastructure.		demand / need that cannot be		
		accommodated, appropriate		
		contributions will be secured from the		
		development to address the deficit.		
		Infrastructure providers have their own		
		investment programmes.		
Policy Number	Site Name			
H1 (5)	Langley Park, Sutton Road, Boughton Monchelsea	1		
111 (3)	Edilgicy Fairk, Sutton Roda, Boughton Monencisco			
Number of Suppo	ort (2) / Object (24) / General Observations (1)			
Summary of issue	es	Officer Response	Proposed change	
Increased traffic /	congestion. Highway canacity concerns (including	The council takes full account of the	No change	
mcreased traffic/	congestion. Highway capacity concerns (including	THE COUNCIL LAKES FUIL ACCOUNT OF THE	No change.	

at Otham village). Unsuitable road network. Highway safety concerns. Pressure on rural lanes. Highway impacts (including HGV traffic concerns along Willington Street). Increased rat-running. Additional train capacity needed. Lack of parking at train stations. Impact on cyclist / horses / pedestrians. Lack of traffic management survey. Inadequate transport strategy. Cumulative impact on congestion and infrastructure unacceptable. Collective impact of 2750 dwelling on SE edge of Maidstone on transport network unacceptable (Swale BC). Poor parking facilities. Access and egress from the south side of the town is subject to severe delays (Swale BC). Willington Street / A20 junction already at capacity. Willington Street / Wheatsheaf Junction unsuitable for increased traffic. No plans to improve roads and junctions east towards Hollingbourne. Solution is not a new road at Leeds/Langley. Park and Ride scheme required. Proposed alternative highway route via J8, removal of HGV traffic along Willington Street, 20mph speed limit and additional pedestrian	traffic and transport implications of any proposed development and seeks contributions for highway and other appropriate improvements from the highway authority and prospective developers; as an intrinsic element of the development management process. Full consultations have taken place with transport undertakings to ensure the most appropriate provision of facilities, including parking. The Local Plan seeks to promote alternatives to private car use wherever possible. No reference made to new road in the Local Plan.	No change.
Pollution – including air quality concerns.	Air quality mitigation measures are	New policy formulation to strengthen
. Shadon morading an quanty concerns.	included in Criterion 10.	air quality measures.
Detrimental to wildlife and habitats.	Strategic and detailed policies are in place to protect habitats, wildlife and ancient woodlands.	New policy formulation to strengthen biodiversity and habitats protection.
Pressure on / lack of local services and facilities – including school,	Strategic and detailed policies ensure	No change.
medical facilities, public services, transport, hospital, burial space in	that the appropriate level of community	
local church yard. Looking for potential location to relocated	infrastructure is provided for proposed	
Maidstone Baptist Church.	development.	
Impact on amenities of existing residents. Impact on quality of life.	Strategic and detailed policies are in	No change.

	T	
Impact on rural activities. Loss of privacy of existing residents.	place to reduce the detrimental impacts	
	of proposed development. Specific	
	measures are included in SP5	
	Countryside to encourage rural activities.	
	There are no residents immediately	
	adjacent to this site. The site now has	
	planning permission.	
Inadequate infrastructure, including water supply.	Specific provision is being made to	New policy formulation to strengthen
	provide appropriate levels of physical	infrastructure requirements.
	infrastructure. Extensive consultation	
	has taken place with the appropriate	
	statutory providers.	
Loss of greenfield land. Loss of landscape. Unacceptable impact on	Strategic and detailed policies for the	New policy formulation to strengthen
countryside (Swale BC).	protection of the countryside seek to	countryside protection and
	prevent the coalescence of villages and	maintenance of rural character.
	maintain the rural character of the area.	
	Some loss of greenfield land is necessary	
	to accommodate future housing growth	
	and the countryside and landscape	
	impacts of development on this site are	
	considered to have been adequately	
	mitigated against.	
Development of Maidstone misconceived. High number of houses	Additional housing growth is proposed as	No change.
compared to other areas. Housing numbers are out of scale with	a result of a rigorous process of analysis	
infrastructure. Density too high. Support housing at 35dph.	of the housing required and the	
Brownfield first. Does not take account of homes already built.	implementation of national policy. The	
	site is considered to be in a sustainable	
	location at the edge of Maidstone with its	
	attendant services and facilities. The	
	proposed number of houses is considered	
	appropriate having regard to the site's	
	1	

	characteristics and the need to make the	
	efficient use of land.	
Detrimental impacts on historic and listed buildings. Impact on rural	Strategic policies promote conservation	New policy formulation to strengthen
character. Impact on heritage assets.	and the protection of heritage and high	heritage protection.
	quality environments. The site allocation policy includes a specific provision for the	
	protection of the setting of the listed	
	Bicknor Farmhouse.	
Coalescence with other settlements. Increased urban sprawl. These	Strategic and detailed policies for the	No change.
sites will surround Boughton Monchelsea with development.	protection of the countryside seek to	9
	prevent the coalescence of villages and	
	maintain the rural character of the area.	
	The policy (and consented planning	
	application) provided for open space to	
	the south of the site. The site is	
	considered to be in a sustainable location	
	at the edge of Maidstone with its	
	attendant services and facilities. The role	
	of the Local Plan is to plan future	
	development and thereby prevent	
	uncontrolled urban sprawl.	
Unsustainable development. Will be reliant on private cars. No local	Existing Policy NPPF1 requires the council	No change.
employment opportunities.	to ensure that proposed development is	
	sustainable, in line with the National	
	Policy Planning Framework. The site is	
	adjacent to the Parkwood Industrial	
	Estate and Maidstone itself is a centre for	
Access via dedicated lang linked to Cutton Dd annuvith are access	employment.	No oborgo
Access via dedicated loop linked to Sutton Rd only with emergency	Access is identified at the most	No change.

and pedestrian access onto Gore Court Road and White Hose Lane. Access points need to be addressed. Access for public transport into Bircholt Road is welcomed and note a highway link is included with H1(10).	appropriate locations for all modes, including for emergency services.	
Support for a 2 form entry primary school.	Community infrastructure, including extra school contributions is included in policy requirements. A school is provided as part of the planning consent for this site.	No change.
Other than developer contributions it is unclear how the balance of funding will be found to fund necessary offsite infrastructure.	If development generates additional demand / need that cannot be accommodated, appropriate contributions will be secured from the development to address the deficit. Infrastructure providers have their own investment programmes.	No change.
Conflicts with H1(10) regarding the boundary of two sites. Policy H1(10) requires that links be made through to the adjacent site (owned by Taylor Wimpey) for a secondary access. Lack of such reciprocal requirements within Policy H1(5) to ensure that such links can be achieved.	Agreed	Include additional criteria in Policy H1(5). A separate cycle and pedestrian access will be provided to site H1(10) South of Sutton Road subject to agreement with the highways authority and the Borough Council
Risk of flooding to Boughton	The site is not within floods zones 2 or 3. Notwithstanding this, as the site is greater than 1ha in size, a planning application would be accompanied by a flood risk assessment. The Environment Agency would be consulted on this FRA and will advise on the suitability and adequacy of any mitigation measures proposed.	

Policy Number	Site Name		
H1 (6)	North of Sutton Road, Otham		
Number of Suppo	rt (2) / Object (20) / General Observations (0)		
Summary of issue	S	Officer Response	Proposed change
at Otham village). Pressure on rural I HGV traffic concer Rural roads unsuit needed. Lack of pu	Congestion. Highway capacity concerns (including Highway safety concerns (including pedestrian). anes. Poor local roads. Highway impacts (including rns along Willington Street). Increased rat-running. able for development. Additional train capacity ablic transport. Lack of parking at train station. Thorses / pedestrians. Lack of traffic management	The council takes full account of the traffic and transport implications of any proposed development and seeks contributions for highway and other appropriate improvements from the highway authority and prospective developers; as an intrinsic element of the development management process. Full consultations have taken place with transport undertakings to ensure the most appropriate provision of facilities, including parking.	No change.
pedestrian and cycedge of Maidstone Access and egress	t on congestion and infrastructure. Support for cle links. Collective impact of 2750 dwelling on SE on transport network unacceptable (Swale BC).	The Local Plan seeks to promote alternatives to private car use wherever possible.	No change.
/ Wheatsheaf Junc improve roads and	A20 junction already at capacity. Willington Street ction unsuitable for increased traffic. No plans to junctions east towards Hollingbourne.		No change.
Solution is not a no	ew road at Leeds/ Langley.		

Proposed alternative highway route via J8, removal of HGV traffic along Willington Street, 20mph speed limit and additional pedestrian crossing.	No reference made to new road in the Local Plan.	
Development of Maidstone misconceived. Number of houses does not take into account already built homes. Too much housing on one area. High number of houses compared to other areas. Housing numbers are out of scale with infrastructure. Many buildings stand empty in the town and there are brownfield sites – seems disproportionate to destroy small rural village. Support housing at 35dph.	Additional housing growth is proposed as a result of rigorous process of analysis of the housing required (SHMA) and the availability and suitability of potential sites (SHLAA).	No change.
Detrimental to wildlife and habitats. Existing hedgerows must be retained. Impact on ancient woodland.	Strategic and detailed policies are in place to protect habitats, wildlife and ancient woodlands. A Phase 1 habitat survey is a specific requirement of this site allocation policy.	New policy formulation to strengthen biodiversity and habitats protection.
Pressure on / lack of local services and facilities – including school places, medical facilities, transport, burial space in local church yard.	Strategic and detailed policies ensure that the appropriate level of community infrastructure is provided for proposed development.	No change.
Lack of amenities. Impact on quality of life. Impact on rural activities.	Strategic and detailed policies are in place to reduce the detrimental impacts of proposed development. Specific measures are included in CP5 Countryside to encourage rural activities.	New policy formulation to strengthen maintenance of rural character.
Inadequate infrastructure, including water supply.	Specific provision is being made to provide appropriate levels of physical infrastructure. Extensive consultation has taken place with the appropriate statutory providers.	New policy formulation to strengthen infrastructure requirements.
Use brownfield first.	Existing Policy NPPF1 requires the council to ensure that proposed development is sustainable, in line with the National	No change.

	Policy Planning Framework, which	
	promotes the reuse of previously	
	developed land.	
Detrimental impacts on historic and listed buildings. Impact on	Strategic policies promote conservation	New policy formulation to strengthen
Otham which is part of a Conservation Area.	and the protection of heritage and high	heritage protection.
	quality environments. The site allocation	
	policy includes specific criteria to	
	preserve the setting of the listed Bicknor	
	Farmhouse.	
Pollution – including air quality concerns.	Air quality issues are covered by Criterion	New policy formulation to strengthen
	8.	air quality measures.
Coalescence with other settlements.	Strategic and detailed policies for the	No change.
	protection of the countryside seek to	
	prevent the coalescence of villages and	
	maintain the rural character of the area.	
Schools further than walking distance. No local employment	Development proposed adjacent to	No change.
opportunities.	existing built-up area which includes	
	employment sites. Maidstone itself is a	
	major employment centre.	
Access via dedicated loop linked to Sutton Rd only with emergency	Access is identified at the most	No change.
and pedestrian access onto Gore Court Road and White Hose Lane.	appropriate locations for all modes,	
	including for emergency services.	
Eastern section should be protected.	Planning permission already granted	No change.
	which has taken account of ecological	
	and biodiversity issues.	
Other than developer contributions it is unclear how the balance of	If development generates additional	No change.
funding will be found to fund necessary offsite infrastructure.	demand / need that cannot be	
	accommodated, appropriate	
	contributions will be secured from the	
	development to address the deficit.	
	Infrastructure providers have their own	
	investment programmes.	

Policy Number	Site Name		
H1 (7)	North of Bicknor Wood, Gore Court Road, Otham		
Number of Suppo	rt (0) / Object (38) / General Observations (0)		
Summary of issue	S	Officer Response	Proposed change
concerns (including (including pedestri (Otham PC). Pressimpacts (including Increased rat-runn (Downswood PC). station / public traparking at St Nichopedestrians. Lack of Cumulative impact impact of 2750 dwnetwork unaccept assessments. Prop	Downsword PC) /congestion. Highway capacity g at Otham village). Highway safety concerns ian), including on rural lanes if increased traffic ure on rural lanes. Poor local roads. Highway HGV traffic concerns along Willington Street). ing. Rural roads unsuitable for heavy traffic Additional train capacity needed. Lack of railway nsport. Lack of parking at train station. Impact on class church (Otham PC). Impact on cyclist / horses / of traffic management survey (Otham PC). to on congestion and infrastructure. Collective relling on SE edge of Maidstone on transport able (Swale BC). Lack of evidence of transport osed road improvements inadequate.	The council takes full account of the traffic and transport implications of any proposed development and seeks contributions for highway and other appropriate improvements from the highway authority and prospective developers; as an intrinsic element of the development management process. Full consultations have taken place with transport undertakings to ensure the most appropriate provision of facilities, including parking. The Local Plan seeks to promote alternatives to private car use wherever possible.	No change.
/ Wheatsheaf Junc No plans to improv Solution is not a no Proposed alternati	A20 junction already at capacity. Willington Street etion unsuitable for increased traffic (Otham PC). We roads and junctions east towards Hollingbourne. New road at Leeds/ Langley. Eve highway route via J8, removal of HGV traffic treet, 20mph speed limit and additional pedestrian	Criterion 12 indicates the strategic transport requirements from potential developers in respect of Willington Street, including additional capacity and improvements in the area which will increase capacity. Transport Assessments required will address the cumulative impacts of proposals and consider	No change.

	additional measures for road safety.	
Inadequate infrastructure (Downswood PC, Otham PC), including	Extensive consultation has taken place	New policy formulation to strengthen
sewerage capacity, water supply.	with the appropriate statutory providers	infrastructure requirements.
	to ensure adequate provision.	
Detrimental impacts on historic and listed buildings. Impact on rural setting and character of villages. Impact on rural character. Impact on Otham which is part of a Conservation Area and has a lack of shops and street lighting. Otham is unique in terms of the number of listed buildings, its topography and landscape setting. Loss of character to Downswood (Downswood PC). Impact on Grade 1 listed church (Downswood PC). Development out of character with listed church. Impact on heritage assets and character of Otham village (Otham PC). Located outside village boundary of Bearsted.	Specific impacts on historic and listed buildings and heritage matters are not specifically considered in this policy and this will be reviewed. Site located a considerable distance from Otham Church and Conservation Area.	New policy formulation to strengthen heritage protection.
Pressure on / lack of local services and facilities (Downswood PC, Otham PC) – including school places, medical facilities, transport, burial space in local church yard (Downswood PC, Otham PC), shops.	Strategic and detailed policies ensure that the appropriate level of community infrastructure is provided for proposed development and appropriate contributions will be sought.	No change.
Lack of amenities. Impact on quality of life. Impact on rural activities (Downswood PC, Otham OC). Loss of views. Increase in anti-social behaviour. Impact on existing residents. Detrimental to the village area of Otham. Impact of route of public footpath KH131.	Strategic and detailed policies seek to reduce the detrimental impacts of proposed development which is located adjacent to existing settlements. Specific	New policy formulation to strengthen maintenance of rural character.
	policies encourage rural activities.	
Density inappropriate for area. Development of Maidstone misconceived. Number of houses does not take into account already built homes. Quantum of development around Otham is inappropriate. Too much housing on one area. High number of houses compared to other areas. Housing numbers are out of scale with infrastructure. Many buildings stand empty in the town and there are brownfield sites – seems disproportionate to destroy small rural village.	Additional housing growth is proposed as a result of a rigorous process of analysis of the housing required and the implementation of national policy which seeks to increase housing densities to reduce land take required. The council's SHEDLAA studies identify the most appropriate locations for proposed	No change.

	T	
	feasibility and policies seek to increase	
	the use of previously developed land.	
Loss of agricultural land/ greenfield land. Located in open	The site is predominantly Grade 3b	No change.
countryside. Use brownfield first. Wrong to build on good quality	(approx 65%) not classified as Best and	
farmland in food production. Detrimental to intrinsic character and	Most Versatile land, with some grade 3a	
beauty of the countryside.	(20%) and Grade 2 (15%). However,	
	some loss of agricultural land is inevitable	
	to enable development but this is kept to	
	a minimum.	
Detrimental to wildlife and habitats. Existing hedgerows must be	Any proposed development will be	New policy formulation to strengthen
retained. Impact on ancient woodland. Ecological constraints	subject to an ecological survey which will	biodiversity and habitats protection.
(Downswood PC).	identify potential constraints.	
Pollution – including air quality concerns. Deterioration of water	Pollution, including air quality, issues are	New policy formulation to strengthen
quality in the River Len.	covered by strategic and detailed policies	air quality measures.
4,	relasted to the South-east strategic	• ,
	housing location.	
Coalescence with other settlements / merging of surrounding villages.	Strategic and detailed policies for the	New policy formulation to strengthen
Development will swamp Otham and merge it into the urban sprawl	protection of the countryside seek to	countryside protection and
of Maidstone.	prevent the coalescence of villages and	maintenance of rural character.
	maintain the rural character of the area.	
Schools further than walking distance. No local employment	Site allocations are mainly adjacent to	No change.
opportunities.	existing settlements but it is accepted	
	that in some cases this will mean schools	
	are not within walking distance.	
	Employment policies seek to promote	
	employment opportunities throughout	
	the borough. Maidstone itself is a major	
	employment centre.	
All new housing should be accessed from Sutton Road (Downswood	Proposed access arrangements from	No change.
PC). Access via dedicated loop linked to Sutton Rd only (Otham PC).	Sutton Road have been subject to	
Unsuitable access. Access through the site into H9 for public	consultation with the highway authority	
transport should be included. Do not understand link with spine road	and may link with the development site	

•	(6) which is stated only links with A274. Alarming ct to a spine road on H1 (6).	at Policy H1(6). (Criterion 6)	
Increased risk of flo	ooding.	The site is not within floods zones 2 or 3. Notwithstanding this, as the site is greater than 1ha in size, a planning application would be accompanied by a flood risk assessment. The Environment Agency would be consulted on this FRA and will advise on the suitability and adequacy of any mitigation measures proposed.	No change
	per contributions it is unclear how the balance of nd to fund necessary offsite infrastructure.	If development generates additional demand / need that cannot be accommodated, appropriate contributions will be secured from the development to address the deficit. Infrastructure providers have their own investment programmes.	No change.
Policy Number	Site Name		
H1 (8)	West of Church Road, Otham		
Number of Suppor	t (1) / Object (44) / General Observations (0)		
Summary of issues		Officer Response	Proposed change
concerns (including Highway safety con lanes of increased local roads. Highw	Downswood PC)/congestion. Highway capacity g at Otham village). Unsuitable road network. Incerns (including pedestrian), including on rural traffic (Otham PC). Pressure on rural lanes. Poor way impacts (including HGV traffic concerns along Increased rat-running. Rural roads unsuitable for	The council takes full account of the traffic and transport implications of any proposed development and seeks contributions for highway and other appropriate improvements from the highway authority and prospective	No change.

heavy traffic (Downswood PC). Additional train capacity needed. Lack of railway station / public transport. Lack of parking at train station. Impact on parking at St Nicholas church (Otham PC). Impact on cyclist / horses / pedestrians. Lack of traffic management survey (Otham PC). Cumulative impact on congestion and infrastructure. Collective impact of 2750 dwelling on SE edge of Maidstone on transport network unacceptable (Swale BC). Lack of evidence of transport assessments. Proposed road improvements inadequate.	developers; as an intrinsic element of the development management process. Full consultations have taken place with transport undertakings to ensure the most appropriate provision of facilities, including parking. The Local Plan seeks to promote alternatives to private car use wherever possible.	
Access and egress from the south side of the town is subject to severe delays (Swale BC). Willington Street / A20 junction already at capacity Willington Street / Wheatsheaf Junction unsuitable for increased traffic (Otham PC).	Criterion 10 requires specific strategic transport improvements.	No change.
Proposed alternative highway route via J8, removal of HGV traffic along Willington Street, 20mph speed limit and additional pedestrian crossing.	No new route is proposed in the Local Plan.	No change.
Inadequate infrastructure (Downswood PC, Otham PC), including sewerage capacity, drainage.	Extensive consultation has taken place with the appropriate statutory providers to ensure adequate provision.	New policy formulation to strengthen infrastructure requirements.
Detrimental impacts on historic and listed buildings (including listed church in Otham).Impact on rural setting and character of villages. Impact on rural character. Impact on Otham which is part of a Conservation Area and has a lack of shops and street lighting. Otham is unique in terms of the number of listed buildings, its topography and landscape setting. Impact of character of Downswood (Downswood PC). Impact on Grade 1 listed church (Downswood PC). Development out of character with listed church. Impact on heritage assets and character of Otham village (Otham PC).	Criteria 3 and 4 require the setting of the listed St Nicholas Church to be taken into account. Otham Conservation Area is a significant distance from this site to the east.	New policy formulation to strengthen heritage protection.
Pressure on / lack of local services and facilities (Downswood PC, Otham PC) – including school places, medical facilities, public	Strategic and detailed policies ensure that the appropriate level of community	No change.

services, hospital, burial space in local church yard (Downswood PC,	infrastructure is provided for proposed	
Otham PC), shops.	development and appropriate contributions will be sought.	
Lack of amenities. Impact on quality of life. Impact on rural activities	Strategic and detailed policies seek to	New policy formulation to strengthen
(Downswood PC, Otham PC). Loss of views. Increase in anti-social	reduce the detrimental impacts of	maintenance of rural character.
behaviour. Impact on existing residents. The screening proposed is	proposed development which is located	
not adequate. Impact on Chapman Avenue. 15m buffer should be extended to 50-100m to avoid overlooking.	adjacent to existing settlements.	
Coalescence with other settlements / merging of surrounding villages.	Strategic and detailed policies for the	No change.
Development will swamp Otham and merge it into the urban sprawl	protection of the countryside seek to	
of Maidstone. At odds with spatial characteristics of Maidstone, will	prevent the coalescence of villages and	
block the penetration of greenland into the centre. Loss of separation	maintain the rural character of the area	
for Otham from Maidstone. Coalescence with Downswood.	and secure appropriate green space. The	
	site is situated at the edge of Maidstone	
	and maintains separation between the	
	town and the village of Otham.	
Loss of agricultural land/ greenfield land. Unacceptable impact on	The site was classified as Grade 2 in the	New policy formulation to strengthen
countryside. Use brownfield first. Wrong to build on good quality	1994 ALC survey. However, some loss of	countryside protection and
farmland in food production. Loss of open space.	agricultural land is inevitable to enable	maintenance of rural character.
	development but this is kept to a	
	minimum. This has to be weighed against	
	the fact that this is a sustainable site on	
	the edge of the urban area.	
Detrimental to wildlife (including skylark, pipistrelle bat, owl, grass	Any proposed development will be	New policy formulation to strengthen
snake and slow worm) and habitats. Loss of hedgerows. Existing	subject to an ecological survey which will	biodiversity and habitats protection.
hedgerows must be retained. Impact on ancient woodland. Ecological	identify potential constraints.	
constraints (Downswood PC).		
Pollution – noise, light and air quality concerns. Deterioration of	Pollution, including air quality, issues are	New policy formulation to strengthen
water quality in the River Len.	covered by strategic and detailed policies	air quality measures.
	for the south-east strategic housing	
	location.	

Density inappropriate for area. Overdevelopment. Development of	Additional housing growth is proposed as	No change.
Maidstone misconceived. Number of houses does not take into	a result of a rigorous process of analysis	
account already built homes. Quantum of development around	of the housing required (SHMA) and the	
Otham is inappropriate. Too much housing on one area. High number	implementation of national policy which	
of houses compared to other areas. Housing numbers are out of scale	seeks to increase housing densities to	
with infrastructure. Many buildings stand empty in the town and	reduce land take required. The council's	
there are brownfield sites – seems disproportionate to destroy small	SHEDLAA studies identify the most	
rural village. Infrastructure should be in place before development	appropriate locations for proposed	
takes place. Large development at edge of urban boundary is	housing in terms of availability and	
contrary to NPPF. Yield should be reduced (Otham PC).	feasibility and policies seek to increase	
	the use of previously developed land.	
	The draft Local Plan does indeed identify	
	brownfield sites; more than 3,000 homes	
	are planned on previously used land in	
	the Maidstone urban area.	
Schools further than walking distance. No local employment	Site allocations are mainly adjacent to	No change.
opportunities. Site isolated from town centre.	existing settlements but it is accepted	_
	that in some cases this will mean schools	
	are not within walking distance.	
	Employment policies seek to promote	
	employment opportunities throughout	
	the borough. Maidstone itself is a major	
	employment centre.	
Access/egress from the estate would be a severe problem. All new	Proposed access arrangements and	No change.
housing should be accessed from Sutton Road (Downswood PC).	highway measures from Sutton Road	
Otham access via dedicated loop linked to Sutton Rd only (Otham	have been subject to consultation with	
OC). Unsuitable access. No mention of pedestrian access into	the highway authority.	
Woolley Road and this would provide access to a high quality bus		
service. Widening Church Road between the development and		
Derringwood Drove would give an opportunity for a bus service link		
to the area with Downswood and Madginford. Access would be a		
stumbling block at the very badly laid out Willington Street-		

	e Junction. Consideration should be given to access / access via Wooley Road only (Otham PC).		
Increased risk of f	looding.	The site is not within floods zones 2 or 3. Notwithstanding this, as the site is greater than 1ha in size, a planning application would be accompanied by a flood risk assessment. The Environment Agency would be consulted on this FRA and will advise on the suitability and adequacy of any mitigation measures proposed.	No change.
Houses in the Chapman Avenue valley have already been subject to subsidence and further pressure on the land above and its effect on the water table could exacerbate the problem.		Neither the Environment Agency or Southern Water have raised concerns in connection with this site.	No change.
	oper contributions it is unclear how the balance of und to fund necessary offsite infrastructure.	If development generates additional demand / need that cannot be accommodated, appropriate contributions will be secured from the development to address the deficit. Infrastructure providers have their own investment programmes.	No change.
Policy Number	Site Name	, ,	
H1 (9)	Bicknor Farm, Sutton Road, Otham		
Number of Suppo	ort (1) / Object (52) / General Observations (0)		
Summary of issue	es	Officer Response	Proposed change
concerns (includin	Downswood PC) /congestion. Highway capacity ng at Otham village). Unsuitable road network. oncerns (including pedestrian), including rural lanes	The council takes full account of the traffic and transport implications of any proposed development and seeks	No change.

		1
if increased traffic (Otham PC). Pressure on rural lanes. Poor local	contributions for highway and other	
roads. Highway impacts (including HGV traffic concerns along	appropriate improvements from the	
Willington Street). Increased rat-running (including Otham lanes).	highway authority and prospective	
Rural roads unsuitable for heavy traffic (Downswood PC). Additional	developers; as an intrinsic element of the	
train capacity needed. Lack of railway station / public transport. Lack	development management process. Full	
of parking at train station. Impact on parking at St Nicholas church	consultations have taken place with	
(Otham PC). Lack of motorway links. Impact on cyclist / horses /	transport undertakings to ensure the	
pedestrians. Lack of traffic management survey (Otham PC) / agreed	most appropriate provision of facilities,	
Local Transport Plan/ transport strategy Concern about cumulative	including parking. The Local Plan seeks to	
impact on infrastructure. Collective impact of 2750 dwelling on SE	promote alternatives to private car use	
edge of Maidstone on transport network unacceptable (Swale BC).	wherever possible.	
Cumulative impact on congestion and infrastructure (Langley PC).	·	
Lack of evidence of transport assessments.		
·		
Access and egress from the south side of the town is subject to severe	Criterion 12 requires specific strategic	No change.
delays (Swale BC).	transport improvements.	
Willington Street / A20 junction already at capacity. No plans to		
improve roads and junctions east towards Hollingbourne.		
Improvements proposed are inadequate. Willington Street /		
Wheatsheaf Junction unsuitable for increased traffic (Otham PC).		
Calution is not a now road at Loads / London		
Solution is not a new road at Leeds/Langley.	No new route is proposed in the Local	No change.
Booking was a second and the second	Plan.	
Bus priority measures are unworkable and undeliverable (Langley PC).	Consultation has taken place with Arriva	
	with regard to deliverability of bus	
	improvements.	
Proposed alternative highway route via J8, removal of HGV traffic	p. o territor	No change.
along Willington Street, 20mph speed limit and additional pedestrian	No new route is proposed in the Local	5-
crossing.	Plan.	
Inadequate infrastructure (Downswood PC, Otham PC), including	Extensive consultation has taken place	New policy formulation to strengthen
sewerage capacity. Impact on infrastructure. Concern about	with the appropriate statutory providers	infrastructure requirements.
_ , , ,	, , ,	•

cumulative impact on infrastructure (Langley PC).	to ensure adequate provision	
Detrimental impacts on historic and listed buildings (including listed church in Otham).Impact on rural setting and character of villages. Impact on rural character and character of built form. Impact on Otham which is part of a Conservation Area and has a lack of shops and street lighting. Otham is unique in terms of the number of listed buildings, its topography and landscape setting. Langley will lose its village status. Loss of character of Downswood (Downswood PC). Impact on Grade 1 listed church (Downswood PC). Impact on heritage assets and character of Otham Village (Otham PC).	Specific impacts on historic and listed buildings, and heritage matters are considered in Criterion 3.	New policy formulation to strengthen heritage protection.
Pressure on / lack of local services and facilities (Downswood PC, Otham PC) – including school places, medical facilities, public services, transport, hospital, burial space in local church yard (Downswood PC, Otham PC), shops. Concern about cumulative impact on infrastructure (Langley PC).	Strategic and detailed policies ensure that the appropriate level of community infrastructure is provided for proposed development and appropriate contributions will be sought.	No change.
Lack of amenities (including Langley). Impact on quality of life. Impact on rural activities (Downswood PC, Otham PC). Loss of views. Increase in anti- social behaviour.	Strategic and detailed policies seek to reduce the detrimental impacts of proposed development which is located adjacent to existing settlements. Specific policies encourage rural activities.	No change.
Increased urban sprawl (KCC). Coalescence of Langley with urban area (Langley PC). Coalescence with surrounding villages / merging of Maidstone Urban area with other settlements (KCC). Development will swamp Otham and merge it into the urban sprawl of Maidstone.	Strategic and detailed policies for the protection of the countryside seek to prevent the coalescence of villages and maintain the rural character of the area.	No change.
Loss of agricultural land/ greenfield land/ open countryside (KCC). Unacceptable impact on countryside. Use brownfield first. Wrong to build on good quality farmland in food production.	It is acknowledged that some of the proposed development site was classified as Grade 1 with the remainder Grade 3a, in the 1994 ALC survey. However the majority of the Grade 1 is area lies to the east of the site which has been excluded from the area proposed for development	New policy formulation to strengthen countryside protection and maintenance of rural character.

	as shown on the amended Proposals	
	Map. However, some loss of agricultural	
	land is inevitable to enable development	
	but this has been kept to a minimum.	
Detrimental to wildlife (including skylark) and habitats. Loss of	Any proposed development will be	New policy formulation to strengthen
hedgerows. Existing hedgerows must be retained. Impact on ancient	subject to an ecological survey which will	biodiversity and habitats protection.
woodland. Hedgerow along Sutton Road should not be removed.	identify potential constraints.	
Ecological constraints (Downswood PC).		
Pollution – noise and air quality concerns. Deterioration of water	Pollution, including air quality, issues are	New policy formulation to strengthen
quality in the River Len.	covered by strategic and detailed policies	air quality measures.
	for the South-east strategic housing	
	location.	
Density inappropriate for area. Overdevelopment. Development of	Additional housing growth is proposed as	No change.
Maidstone misconceived. Number of houses does not take into	a result of a rigorous process of analysis	
account already built homes. Quantum of development around	of the housing required and the	
Otham is inappropriate. Too much housing on one area. High number	implementation of national policy which	
of houses compared to other areas. Housing numbers are out of scale	seeks to increase housing densities to	
with infrastructure. Many buildings stand empty in the town and	reduce land take required. The council's	
there are brownfield sites – seems disproportionate to destroy small	SHEDLAA studies identify the most	
rural village.	appropriate locations for proposed	
	housing in terms of availability and	
	feasibility and policies seek to increase	
	the use of previously developed land.	
Unsustainable development not in accordance with Langley Parish	Policy SP1 requires the council to ensure	No change.
Plan. Site is located on the urban periphery of Maidstone and is	that proposed development is	
removed from the services and infrastructure of the town centre	sustainable, in line with the National	
(KCC). More than 3 miles from town centre (KCC). Will be reliant on	Policy Planning Framework. Transport	
car based transport, exacerbated by the distance to appropriate	Assessment will be required which will	
retail, employment, recreation and social infrastructure (KCC).	indicate the impacts of proposed	
Distance from services, facilities, transport infrastructure and	development in terms of transport and	
employment. Where are the employers. Unsustainable location.	access issues. Employment policy EMP1	
Schools further than walking distance. No local employment	seeks to protect and enhance	
opportunities.	employment opportunities. Maidstone	

		itself is a major employment centre.	
All new housing sh	nould be accessed from Sutton Road (Downswood	Proposed access arrangements from	No change.
PC). Otham acces	s via dedicated loop linked to Sutton Rd only	Sutton Road have been subject to	
(Otham PC). Site s H1(7).	hould have access, at least for public transport, with	consultation with the highway authority.	
Increased risk of flooding. A274 flooding will be exacerbated.		The site is not within floods zones 2 or 3. Notwithstanding this, as the site is greater than 1ha in size, a planning application would be accompanied by a flood risk assessment. The Environment Agency would be consulted on this FRA and will advise on the suitability and adequacy of any mitigation measures proposed.	No change.
Increase dwelling from 335 – 635 (John Bishop and Associates).		Increase not appropriate due to impact on the setting of Rumwood Court.	No change.
	oper contributions it is unclear how the balance of und to fund necessary offsite infrastructure.	If development generates additional demand / need that cannot be accommodated, appropriate contributions will be secured from the development to address the deficit. Infrastructure providers have their own investment programmes.	No change.
Policy Number	Site Name	- The second of	
H1 (10)	South of Sutton Road, Langley		
Number of Suppo	ort (2) / Object (47) / General Observations (0)		
Summary of issue	es s	Officer Response	Proposed change
concerns (includin	Downswood PC)/congestion. Highway capacity ag at Otham village). Unsuitable road network. Oncerns (including pedestrian) Including on rural	The council takes full account of the traffic and transport implications of any proposed development and seeks	No change.

lanes if increased traffic (Otham PC). Pressure on rural lanes. Poor local roads. Lack of footpaths. Highway impacts (including HGV traffic concerns along Willington Street). Increased rat-running (including Otham lanes). Rural roads unsuitable for heavy traffic (Downswood PC). Additional train capacity needed. Lack of railway station / public transport. Lack of parking at train station. Impact on parking at St Nicholas church (Otham PC). Lack of motorway links. Impact on cyclist / horses / pedestrians. Lack of traffic management survey (Otham PC)/ agreed Local Transport Plan/ transport strategy (Langley PC). Cumulative impact on congestion and infrastructure (Langley PC). Collective impact of 2750 dwelling on SE edge of Maidstone on transport network unacceptable (Swale BC).	contributions for highway and other appropriate improvements from the highway authority and prospective developers; as an intrinsic element of the development management process. Full consultations have taken place with transport undertakings to ensure the most appropriate provision of facilities, including parking. The Local Plan seeks to promote alternatives to private car use wherever possible.	
Bus priority measures are unworkable and undeliverable (Langley PC).	Consultation has taken place with Arriva with regard to deliverability of bus improvements.	No change.
Access and egress from the south side of the town is subject to severe delays (Swale BC).	Criterion 12 requires specific strategic transport improvements.	No change.
Willington Street / A20 junction already at capacity. No plans to improve roads and junctions east towards Hollingbourne. Improvements proposed are inadequate. Willington Street / Wheatsheaf Junction unsuitable for increased traffic (Otham PC).		
Solution is not a new road at Leeds/Langley. Proposed alternative highway route via J8, removal of HGV traffic along Willington Street, 20mph speed limit and additional pedestrian crossing.	No new route is proposed in the Local Plan.	No change.
Inadequate infrastructure (Downswood PC, Otham PC), including sewerage capacity and water supply. Concern about cumulative impact on infrastructure (Langley PC).	Extensive consultation has taken place with the appropriate statutory providers to ensure adequate provision.	New policy formulation to strengthen infrastructure requirements. Insert new criteria to state:

There is insufficient capacity in the existing sewerage network to accommodate this development. Due to the size of the development, significant new or improved infrastructure would be required to serve it. Developers are advised to work with Southern Water to identify solutions. Development proposals will need to demonstrate that the necessary sewerage infrastructure is either available, or can be delivered in parallel with the development (Southern Water).	The Council must ensure that specific provision is made in the policy and subsequent planning decisions to ensure appropriate levels of infrastructure are provided in a timely manner.	Development proposals will demonstrate that any necessary new or improved foul and surface water drainage infrastructure required to serve the development, to ensure no risk of flooding off-site has been delivered, or will be delivered in parallel with the development in consultation with the Environment Agency, Southern Water and the Borough Council.
Detrimental impacts on historic and listed buildings (including listed church in Otham).Impact on rural setting and character of villages. Impact on rural character and character of built form. Impact on Otham which is part of a Conservation Area and has a lack of shops and street lighting. Otham is unique in terms of the number of listed buildings, its topography and landscape setting. Langley will lose its village status. Loss of character of Downswood (Downswood PC). Impact on Grade 1 listed church (Downswood PC). Impact on heritages assets and character of Otham village (Otham PC).	Strategic and detailed policies for the protection of the countryside seek to prevent the coalescence of villages and maintain the rural character of the area Criterion 3 requires the preservation of the setting of the listed buildings surrounding the site.	New policy formulation to strengthen heritage and rural character protection.
Pressure on / lack of local services and facilities (Downswood PC, Otham PC) – including school places, medical facilities, public services, transport, hospital, burial space in local church yard (Downswood PC, Otham PC). Concern about cumulative impact on infrastructure (Langley PC). Lack of amenities (including Langley). Impact on quality of life. Impact on rural activities (Downswood PC, Otham PC). Views in	Strategic and detailed policies ensure that the appropriate level of community infrastructure is provided for proposed development and appropriate contributions will be sought. Strategic and detailed policies seek to reduce the detrimental impacts of	No change. New policy formulation to strengthen rural character protection.
general not impacted. Loss of views. Increase in anti- social behaviour. Increased urban sprawl. Coalescence of Langley with urban area	proposed development which is located adjacent to existing settlements. Specific policies encourage rural activities. Strategic and detailed policies for the	No change.

(Langley PC). Coalescence with surrounding villages / coalescence of	protection of the countryside seek to	
Maidstone urban area with other settlements (KCC). Development	prevent the coalescence of villages and	
will swamp Otham and merge it into the urban sprawl of Maidstone.	maintain the rural character of the area	
	Strategic and detailed policies for the	
	protection of the countryside seek to	
	prevent the coalescence of villages and	
	maintain the rural character of the area	
Loss of agricultural land/ greenfield land / Open countryside (KCC).	The agricultural land on this site has	New policy formulation to strengthen
Unacceptable impact on countryside (Swale BC). Use brownfield first.	been classified as Grade 3b which does	countryside protection and
Wrong to build on good quality farmland in food production.	not fall into the Best and Most Versatile	maintenance of rural character.
	category. A significant proportion of the	
	site is not in agricultural use.	
Detrimental to wildlife (including skylark) and habitats. Loss of	Any proposed development will be	New policy formulation to strengthen
hedgerows. Ecological constraints (Downswood PC).	subject to an ecological survey which will	biodiversity and habitats protection.
	identify potential constraints.	
Pollution – noise and air quality concerns. Deterioration of water	Pollution, including air quality, issues are	New policy formulation to strengthen
quality in the River Len.	covered by strategic and detailed policies	air quality.
	for the South-east strategic housing	
	location.	
Density inappropriate for area. Overdevelopment. Development of	Additional housing growth is proposed as	No change.
Maidstone misconceived. Number of houses does not take into	a result of a rigorous process of analysis	
account already built homes. Quantum of development around	of the housing required (SHMA) and the	
Otham is inappropriate. Too much housing on one area. High number	implementation of national policy. The	
of houses compared to other areas. Premature at this stage in time.	council's SHEDLAA studies identify the	
Housing numbers are out of scale with infrastructure.	most appropriate locations for proposed	
	housing in terms of availability and	
Without phasing of sites to ensure transport and community	feasibility and policies seek to increase	
infrastructure is in place, this housing development is overload.	the use of previously developed land.	
	The draft Local Plan does indeed identify	
	brownfield sites; more than 3,000 homes	
	are planned on previously used land in	
	the Maidstone urban area. The site is	
	considered to be in a sustainable location	

Unsustainable development not in accordance with Langley Parish Plan. Sustainable location. Site is located on the urban periphery of Maidstone and is removed from the services and infrastructure of the town centre (KCC). More than 3 miles from town centre (KCC). Will be reliant on car based transport, exacerbated by the distance to appropriate retail, employment, recreation and social infrastructure (KCC). Distance from services, facilities, transport infrastructure and employment. Where are the employers. Unsustainable location.	at the edge of Maidstone with its attendant services and facilities. Section 106 agreements will ensure infrastructure is in place to serve the development. This can include trigger points for infrastructure provision where justified. Existing Policy NPPF1 requires the council to ensure that proposed development is sustainable, in line with the National Policy Planning Framework. Transport Assessment will be required which will indicate the impacts of proposed development in terms of transport and access issues. The site is considered to be in a sustainable location at the edge of Maidstone with its attendant services and facilities. Employment policy EMP1 seeks to protect and enhance employment opportunities and Maidstone itself is a major employment centre.	No change.
All new housing should be accessed from Sutton Road (Downswood PC). Otham access via dedicated loop linked to Sutton Rd only (Otham PC), with emergency and pedestrian access onto Gore Court Road and White Horse Lane. Access points need to be addressed.	Proposed access arrangements from Sutton Road have been subject to consultation with the highway authority.	No change.
Increased risk of flooding. A274 flooding will be exacerbated.	The site is not within floods zones 2 or 3. Notwithstanding this, as the site is greater than 1ha in size, a planning application would be accompanied by a flood risk assessment. The Environment Agency would be consulted on this FRA	No change.

Mixed scheme with Park and Ride should be developed here.	and will advise on the suitability and adequacy of any mitigation measures proposed. The current Park and Ride Strategy is to	No change.
	provide additional capacity to the north and south of the town.	
Langley Loch should be protected.	Noted. Langley Loch is outside the proposed development area.	No change.
Other than developer contributions it is unclear how the balance of funding will be found to fund necessary offsite infrastructure.	If development generates additional demand / need that cannot be accommodated, appropriate contributions will be secured from the development to address and deficit. Infrastructure providers have their own investment programmes.	No change.
Policy Number Site Name		1

H1 (11)

Springfield, Royal Engineers Road and Mill Lane, Maidstone.

Number of Support (2) / Object (34) / General Observations (2)

Summary of issues	Officer Response	Proposed change
Increased traffic /congestion (including A299). Impact on parking facilities. Highway safety concerns. Impact on local roads / increased rat-running. Road system will not cope. Cumulative highway impacts not fully assessed. Impact of traffic on already busy roads.	The council takes full account of the traffic and transport implications of any proposed development and seeks contributions for highway and other appropriate improvements from the highway authority and prospective developers; as an intrinsic element of the development management process. Full consultations have taken place with the	No change.
	highway authority and will continue in	

Object to loss of employment generating site. Further consideration needed as to whether it is appropriate to lose the entire site to housing (KCC). Should be mixed use. Excellent site for residential and should not be changed to allow for retail. Appropriate for employment and retail as it is a sustainable site on a main arterial	the course of the current planning application. The Local Plan seeks to promote alternatives to private car use wherever possible. In view of the scale of the need for housing, 100% residential development is being proposed for this site.	No change.
route. Should be retained as a campus style employment site. Suitable for mixed use.		
Pollution – noise and air quality concerns.	Air quality mitigation measures will be required from proposed development on this site; noise will be considered.	New policy formulation to strengthen air quality measures.
Impact on local services and facilities – including medical facilities, social services, school and refuse collection. Community facilities must come forward early in the plan period and not await the Invicta Barracks development.	Strategic and detailed policies ensure that the appropriate level of community infrastructure is provided for proposed development and appropriate contributions will be sought.	No change.
Proposed number / density of dwellings too high. Increased density of development. Too much housing on top of deprived area. Reduce to 650 dwellings (KCC) / 500 dwellings. These are not brownfield sites — use Powerhub site instead. Need a new community elsewhere. Perhaps a lower number of dwellings would be appropriate as part of a mixed use scheme (KCC).	Additional housing growth is proposed as a result of a rigorous process of analysis of the housing required (SHMA) and the implementation of national policy. After further review, it is proposed that the capacity of this site be reduced from 950 dwellings to 500.	Amend site capacity to 500 dwellings.
Detrimental to wildlife and habitats. Would destroy habitat of Great Crested Newt, Slow Worms, Grass Snakes and a range of protected bird and bat species. Ecology criteria not clear. Loss of trees.	Any proposed development will be subject to an ecological survey which will identify potential constraints.	New policy formulation to strengthen biodiversity and habitats protection.
Inadequate infrastructure, including sewerage, water supply and power.	Extensive consultation has taken place with the appropriate statutory providers	New policy formulation to strengthen infrastructure requirements.

crossing would be Policy Number	Site Name		
	rs Road and the pedestrian crossing pedestrian		
	an access to just north of the northbound bus stop		
	the roundabout which currently accesses Invicta	roundabouts as per Criterion 4.	
	s intended from the southern roundabout (by the	Access is intended to be taken from both	No change.
	town cramming and loss of character.	development scheme.	
	nenity value of area. Impact on town centre. sect. The allocation of 2,460 dwellings in a confined	Criteria 1 and 3 require the special nature of the site to be respected in proposed	No change.
landscape not me spaces.	dscape Importance should be protected. Local ntioned. Absence of policy protection for green	Addressed under Policy SP5.	New policy formulation to strengthen countryside protection.
Flooding criteria n		Criterion 7 requires appropriate surface and flood water mitigation measures to be implemented, including SUDs.	No change.
accommodate this significant new or it. Developers are solutions. Develo necessary sewera delivered in parall	nt capacity in the existing sewerage network to s development. Due to the size of the development, improved infrastructure would be required to serve advised to work with Southern Water to identify pment proposals will need to demonstrate that the ge infrastructure is either available, or can be lel with the development (Southern Water).	to ensure adequate provision. The Council must ensure that specific provision is made in the policy and subsequent planning decisions to ensure appropriate levels of infrastructure are provided in a timely manner.	Insert new criterion to state: Development proposals will demonstrate that any necessary new or improved foul and surface water drainage infrastructure required to serve the development, to ensure no risk of flooding off-site has been delivered, or will be delivered in parallel with the development in consultation with Southern Water and the Borough Council.

Summary of issue	s	Officer Response	Proposed change
Not enough roads required. Impact of including pedestria	from traffic in terms of congestion and pollution. space for cycle links. Junction improvements on parking facilities. Highway safety concerns, an. Sufficient parking must be provided. No offsite Pedestrian crossings will exacerbate congestion.	Criterion 8 requires improvements to pedestrian and cycle links.	No change.
Reconsider density Reduce to 40 dwe	y. Lower density required. Cramped development. Ilings per hectare.	Agreed. Amend site capacity from 250 to 200 dwellings.	Amend site capacity to 200 dwellings.
Pollution concerns ground pollution.	s – noise, air quality, land contamination. Risk of	Air quality mitigation measures will be required from proposed development on this site together with noise and land contamination surveys. (Criteria 3, 4 and 5.)	New policy formulation to strengthen air quality measures.
facilities. Open spa	services and facilities, including school, health ace provision required. No public open space off-site contributions not acceptable.	Strategic and detailed policies ensure that the appropriate level of community infrastructure is provided for proposed development and appropriate contributions will be sought.	No change.
Inadequate infrast	ructure.	Extensive consultation has taken place with the appropriate statutory providers to ensure adequate provision.	New policy formulation top strengthen infrastructure requirements.
Flatted multi-store suitable for housing	ey development would be out of character. Site not ng.	The style of proposed development is not specified; policy only requires high density for a town centre location.	No change
Policy Number	Site Name		
H1 (13)	Medway Street, Maidstone		
Number of Suppo	rt (1) / Object (1) / General Observations		

Summary of issues		Officer Response	Proposed change	
Pollution and nois	se make this site unsuitable.	Appropriate noise and air pollution mitigation measures will be required in the development of this previously developed town centre site.	New policy formulation to strengthen air quality measures.	
Too small to accommodate sufficient residential units and associated parking.		This site is regarded as suitable for high density housing in a town centre location.	No change.	
Site should be use	ed for employment uses.	No interest has been expressed for employment use.	No change.	
Policy Number	Site Name			
H1(14)	American Golf, Tonbridge Road, Maidstone	American Golf, Tonbridge Road, Maidstone		
Number of Suppo	ort (3) / Object (1)/ General Observations (1)			
Summary of issue	es ·	Officer Response	Proposed change	
Density too high;	should be lower.	The proposed density is considered appropriate for this centrally located urban site.	No change.	
Green corridor along Medway Valley should be protected.		This is a brownfield site suitable for infill development in a town centre location. Appropriate open space will be provided during implementation.	No change.	
High density scheme, coupled with McDonalds development will lead to congestion – how will air quality be improved?		Appropriate air quality mitigation measures as specified in criterion 4 will be required during implementation of this brownfield site.	No change.	
Adjoining land at 3 Tonbridge Road should be included (developer).		This site has been has been considered in the latest Call for Sites.	No change	
Policy Number	Site Name	1	ı	

H1 (15)	6 Tonbridge Road, Maidstone		
Number of Suppo	ort (1) / Object / General Observations (1)		
Summary of issue	es	Officer Response	Proposed change
Concerned about	visual and architectural design.	New strategic policy will require high visual and architectural design quality.	New policy formulation to strengthen requirement for high quality design.
Policy Number	Site Name	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , ,
H1 (16)	Laguna, Hart Street, Maidstone		
Number of Suppo	ort (1) / Object (1) / General Observations (2)		
Summary of issue	es	Officer Response	Proposed change
Increased risk of f	flooding. What flood controls are in place?	Criterion 7 requires appropriate surface and flood water mitigation measures to be implemented, including SUDs.	No change.
Support development of brownfield site.		Noted.	No change.
How will air quali	ty be improved.	Criterion 4 requires that air quality mitigation measures be implemented as part of proposed development.	New policy formulation to strengthen air quality measures.
Clifford Way which could lead to serie	r a large number of residences in Hart Street and the have only one means of access - Hart Street. This ous safety issues, especially if a future flooding the levels experienced in December 2013.	We have had not had a Kent Highways or Environment Agency objection to this development.	
	ould be retained and enhanced (Natural England).	This will be secured as part of criterion 8 of the policy.	No change.
Policy Number	Site Name		
H1 (17)	Barty Farm, Roundwell, Thurnham		

Summary of issues	Officer Response	Proposed change
Increased traffic / congestion. Additional traffic through Bearsted on a dangerous stretch of road. Impact on footpath. No space for a footpath. Local road infrastructure unsuitable. Highway impacts. Increased rat-running.	The council takes full account of the traffic and transport implications of any proposed development and seeks contributions for highway and other appropriate improvements from the highway authority and prospective developers; as an intrinsic element of the development management process. Full consultations have taken place with transport to ensure the most appropriate provision of facilities, including parking. The Local Plan seeks to promote alternatives to private car use wherever possible.	No change.
Improvements to vehicle and cycle parking at Bearsted railway station have been sought for many years and none has been forthcoming.	At the application stage the Council can seek a contribution to enhancement of parking at Bearsted Railway Station.	
Pressure on / lack of local services and facilities, particularly school and health facilities. Affordable housing in this commercial development would not be reserved for people with local connections.	Strategic and detailed policies ensure that the appropriate level of community infrastructure is provided for proposed development and appropriate contributions will be sought.	No change.
Concerns about vehicle access to the site. Access too narrow. Dangerous access. Alternative access arrangements being explored (Hobbs Parker).	The Highways Authority has not raised objections to this allocation. It is noted that the site's agents are exploring alternative accesses.	No change.
Inadequate infrastructure. Impact on local infrastructure.	Extensive consultation has taken place with the appropriate statutory providers	New policy formulation to strengthen infrastructure requirements.

	to ensure adequate provision.	
Detrimental to amenities enjoyed by existing residents. Impact on	Amenity issues dealt with under Criterion	No change.
existing residents. Visual intrusion.	1 and at detailed planning stage.	
Harm to setting of AONB / countryside. Harm to character and	Further work is being done on policies for	New policy formulation to strengthen
appearance of the countryside and SLA. Landscape impact. Site is	protection of countryside and designated	countryside protection.
removed from the urban area. Controlled lighting and no street	areas. This site is however, considered to	
lighting would help conserve dark skies (AONB Unit).	be sufficiently separated and screened	
	from Kent Down AONB (which lies to the	
	north of the M20 motorway), by existing	
	features in the landscape. Development	
	does not extend northwards beyond the	
	Maidstone-East to Ashford railway line.	
Loss of agricultural land / greenfield land / countryside. Brownfield	The site is approximately 66% grade 2	New policy formulation to strengthen
sites should be prioritised.	and 33% grade 3a land. However, some	countryside protection.
	loss of agricultural land is inevitable to	
	enable development but this is kept to a	
	minimum and this has to be weighed	
	against the location of the development	
	on the edge of the existing urban area.	
Road floods. Water Lane is prone to flooding and development of	The EA has not objected to the allocation	No change.
fields will make this more likely. Road floods at Lilk Meadows.	of this site. The site is not within flood	
	zones 2 or 3. Notwithstanding this, as the	
	site is greater than 1ha in size, a planning	
	application would be accompanied by a	
	flood risk assessment. The Environment	
	Agency would be consulted on this FRA	
	and will advise on the suitability and	
	adequacy of any mitigation measures	
	proposed.	
Impact on rural / village character. Traffic increase will have an	Strategic and detailed policies for the	Insert new criterion to state:
impact on historic properties. Loss of a house and / or listed wall.	protection of the countryside seek to	The development proposals are
Impact on setting of listed Barty House.	prevent the coalescence of villages and	designed to take into account the
	maintain the rural character of the area.	results of a detailed Heritage Impact

		It is agreed that a further criterion should	Assessment that addresses the impact
		be added to this specific site policy	of the development on the character
		relating to heritage impacts.	and setting of the designated heritage assets adjacent to the site.
Loss of habitats.		Consideration will be further policy and	New policy formulation to strengthen
		Criterion 4 requires an ecological survey.	biodiversity and habitats protection.
Increased pollution	n. Noise and pollution associated with construction	Appropriate air pollution mitigation	New policy formulation to strengthen
traffic.		measures will be required in the	air quality measures.
		development of this previously	
		developed town centre site. Some	
		temporary nuisance is inevitable during the construction period.	
Urban sprawl. Sigr	nificant expansion of village envelope.	This site on the edge of the urban area is	No change.
		bounded by existing residential dwellings	
		on two sides.	
Existing over-deve	lopment of Bearsted area. Parkwood and Detling	This is regarded as a limited expansion of	No change.
Airfield should be	considered as alternatives. Part of KIG site and	an existing settlement; sites are identified	
development rejec	cted previously. Propose under-utilised coal yard by	following a 'call for sites' which indicates	
the station for dev	elopment. Deliverability questioned.	availability for development. Detling	
		Airfield is in the Kent Downs AONB.	
Policy Number	Site Name		
H1 (18)	Whitmore Street, Maidstone		
Number of Suppo	rt (1) / Object (1) / General Observations (0)		
Summary of issues		Officer Response	Proposed change
Density too low, yield should be increased from 5 – 15 (Wealden		In view of the characteristics and location	No change.
Homes)		of this small site, a net density of 45dph is considered appropriate.	
Policy Number	Site Name		
·			

H1 (19)	North Street, Barming				
Number of Supp	Number of Support (1) / Object (18) / General Observations (0)				
Summary of issu	es	Officer Response	Proposed change		
traffic in Hermita Hermitage Lane of contribution to the Hermitage Lane if development for The northern section on the local residual contribution to the local residual contribution in the lo	congestion. This development will create additional ge Lane and, if one or more of the developments off does not occur, suggest there should be a ne Hermitage Lane/ Heath Road and/or A20 unctions. Policy should address implication of A26. Pedestrian safety concerns. Highway impacts. tion of North Street is particularly narrow, just wide local bus to get through. We already experience rate e short cutting between the A26 and Hermitage that has noticeably increased since the hospital serious safety issues for cyclists and dog walkers as dents. Any Section 106 agreement must allow for craffic management measures.	The council takes full account of the traffic and transport implications of any proposed development and seeks contributions for highway and other appropriate improvements from the highway authority and prospective developers; as an intrinsic element of the development management process. Full consultations have taken place with transport undertakings to ensure the most appropriate provision of facilities, including parking. The Local Plan seeks to promote alternatives to private car use wherever possible.	No change.		
Assessment of ca	pacity of A26 is required (Wateringbury PC).	A number of traffic impact assessments have already been completed in connection with planning applications in this area and comprehensive strategic transport modelling for the whole of the urban area is in progress.			
Loss of Grade 2 a green corridor.	gricultural land (Barming PC). Loss of countryside/	The site was classified as Grade 2 in the 1994 ALC survey. The proposals map should be modified to clarify the extent of the area proposed for development. However, some loss of agricultural land is inevitable to enable development but this is kept to a minimum on this site through	Amend Proposals Map to make it clear that only the frontage of the site to North Street is suitable for development.		

	the clarification of the area to be developed.	
Urbanising effect on rural area. Loss of semi-rural character of Barming. Coalescence.	Strategic and detailed policies for the protection of the countryside seek to prevent the coalescence of villages and maintain the rural character of the area.	New policy formulation to strengthen rural character protection.
Pressure on local services and facilities, including the school, doctors' surgery and lack of dental surgery.	Strategic and detailed policies ensure that the appropriate level of community infrastructure is provided for proposed development and appropriate contributions will be sought.	No change.
Pollution. Air quality impacts, including Hermitage Lane / Tonbridge Road Junction.	Appropriate air pollution mitigation measures will be required in the development of this site.	New policy formulation to strengthen air quality measures.
Sensitive location which should not be developed. Should be protected at part of Medway valley. Site unsuitable for development (Barming PC).	This site is regarded as appropriate for road frontage development only and the site plan will be amended to make this clearer.	Amend site plan to more clearly define the actual developable area of the site.
Impact on ecological value of site. Biodiversity importance. No further loss of ancient woodland should be allowed.	No ancient woodland on site. The proposal is for frontage development only which limits the likely ecological impacts.	No change .
Too much housing proposed for the Barming area. There has been no consultation on moving the urban boundary. The easterly part is the more urban edge of Maidstone. North Street is the rural edge of Maidstone, particularly where it slopes up towards North Pole Road and faces the valuable local landscape / farmland area towards Teston. Additional housing here would be inappropriate and would urbanise this rural edge.	This site is regarded as appropriate for road frontage development only. The policy requires the design of development to respect the site's semi-rural location.	No change.
Non-developable land needs clarifying. Will create pressure to develop the rest of the site. The whole site should be allocated for development (Pegasus Group).	The redrawn boundary clarifies the developable area.	Amend site plan to more clearly define the actual developable area of the site
Concerns about vehicle access to the site and street lighting. Access	North Street is two-way and access	No change.

Policy Number	Sita Nama		_
		to ensure adequate provision.	
development on in	frastructure.	with the appropriate statutory providers	infrastructure requirements.
Inadequate infrast	ructure. Consider cumulative impact of	Extensive consultation has taken place	New policy formulation to strengthen
highway access app	oraisals (Wateringbury PC).	Highways.	
onto a single track	rural lane (Barming PC). Criteria should include	arrangements have the agreement of KCC	

Site Name

H1 (20)

Postley Road, Tovil

Number of Support / Object (8) / General Observations (0)

Summary of issues	Officer Response	Proposed change
Increased traffic/congestion. Development is outside the comfortable	Some increase in traffic generation is	No change.
walking distance to the nearest all day bus service, on Loose Road.	inevitable. The site is within reasonable	
Together with recent developments in the southern end of Postley	walking distance of bus routes to the	
Road there may be sufficient population to justify, at least, an off	north.	
peak service that would require pump priming.		
Impact on countryside/loss of green space. Should be left as a green	This is a greenfield site and design and	New policy formulation to strengthen
corridor alongside the footpath. Loss of green wedge. Loss of	layout criteria will be applied to ensure a	countryside protection.
greenfield site of local importance. Site provides an attractive	high quality development. Open space	
interface between the Loose Valley and urban area and should be	will be provided as part of proposed	
protected. Impact on countryside setting of Loose Valley.	development.	
Urban sprawl. Site provides relief from continuous built	This site is an extension of the built-up	No change.
development. Creep of development into the countryside.	area.	
Detrimental to wildlife. Receptor site for translocated wildlife.	An ecological survey will be required	No change.
Relocation of slow worms and common lizards to the adjacent nature	(criterion 6) prior to any proposed	
reserve took place after the ecological survey for this site – possible	development and any constraints	
migration onto this site.	identified.	
Concerns about vehicle access.	Access is only possible onto Postley Road.	No change.
Inadequate infrastructure.	Extensive consultation has taken place	New policy formulation to strengthen
	with the appropriate statutory providers	infrastructure requirements.
	to ensure adequate provision.	

Residents will use cars to access services.	Strategic policies in the Local Plan seek to promote the use of alternatives to the	No change.
	private car wherever possible.	
Proposed density too high because of proximity to Conservation Area and listed building Hayle Manor.	The proposed density is considered appropriate to the scale of existing development adjacent. Criterion 1 of the policy seeks the address the heritage impact.	No change.
Impact on views from existing properties.	Individual views are not a material consideration for planning policy.	No change.
Incorrectly defined as rough grassland.	This is considered to be a reasonable description of the current site state.	No change.
Policy Number Site Name		

Site Name

H1 (21)

Kent Police HQ, Sutton Road, Maidstone

Number of Support (2) / Object (2) / General Observations

Summary of issues	Officer Response	Proposed change
Impacts on congestion.	Noted. KCC Highways has not objected to the site allocation and the site is now subject to a resolution to grant planning permission.	No change.
Other than developers' financial contributions, it is unclear how the balance of funding will be found to fund the necessary off-site infrastructure.	If development generates additional demand / need that cannot be accommodated, appropriate contributions will be secured from the development to address and deficit. Infrastructure providers have their own investment programmes.	No change.
'Earthwork' may be a heritage / landscape asset (Natural England).	The site is subject to a resolution to grant planning permission. Agreed conditions will protect appearance and setting of the	No change.

	development. Reserved matters include a. Layout b. Scale c. Appearance d. Access e. Landscaping.	
All elements welcomed.	Noted.	No change.

Site Name

H1(22)

Kent Police Training School, Sutton Road, Maidstone

Number of Support (2) / Object (3) / General Observations (0)

Summary of issues	Officer Response	Proposed change
Poor air quality in the area. Proposed transport measures will not mitigate the delays experienced when travelling on local roads.	This site is now subject to a resolution to grant consent.	No change.
Other than developers' financial contributions, it is unclear how the balance of funding will be found to fund the necessary off-site infrastructure.	If development generates additional demand / need that cannot be accommodated, appropriate contributions will be secured from the development to address and deficit. Infrastructure providers have their own investment programmes. In relation to this specific site, infrastructure requirements have been addressed through the recent planning application.	No change.
Object in principle to the allocation of sports fields for housing development.	This site is subject to a resolution to grant planning permission. A Sport England objection to the application was considered, but did not warrant refusal. Although a net loss there will be replacement pitches on the Kent Police HQ site.	No change.
All elements welcomed.	Noted.	No change.

Policy Number	Site Name
H1 (23)	New Line Learning, Boughton Lane, Loose

Number of Support (0) / Object (15) / General Observations (1)

Summary of issues	Officer Response	Proposed change
Will add to traffic pressures on Postley Road and the A229. Pressure on Boughton Lane which has too much traffic already. Highway safety concerns and parking isues associated with the development of Hayle Park. Boughton Lane junction cannot be improved. This development is at least 900metres from either the A274 or the A229 and is of insufficient size to support a bus service. Pedestrian access needs to be provided to link as directly as possible with either of these roads. Highway impacts.	A certain amount of extra traffic on Boughton Lane will be inevitable but is not regarded as excessive. Access for pedestrians and cycles will be made to existing footpaths on the boundaries of the site.	No change.
Narrow access is unsuitable. Access is unacceptable.	Boughton Lane is regarded as a suitable access by the highway authority.	No change.
Impact on character and appearance of locality. Conservation Area Impacts. Together with H1(5) and H1(47) this will surround Boughton Monchelsea with development. Loss of village identity.	Criterion 1 requires that the semi-rural nature of the area be complemented by future development.	New policy formulation to strengthen heritage protection.
Lack of local services and facilities. Object in principle to the allocation of sports fields for development. If there is a requirement to provide alternative playing fields then the development should not take place and the provision remains in situ. Education land should be protected.	The site is located in Maidstone which, as the borough's main town, is the most sustainable location for new development. Sport England raised objections to the recent planning application but these were resolved as the application progressed. Loss of existing playing fields was not one of the reasons for refusal.	No change.
Impact on ancient woodland adjacent– proximity to woodland may cause damage or potential loss. Ancient woodland not shown on the plan.	Criterion 6 notes the presence of a designated area of ancient woodland (Five Acre Wood) and the need for a landscaped buffer to be planted following	No change.

	a detailed survey.	
Impact on countryside.	Existing Policy SP5 identifies the	New policy formulation to strengthen
	significance of countryside throughout	countryside protection.
	the Borough and the need to mitigate the	
	impacts of development on the	
	appearance and character of the	
	landscape.	
Urban sprawl. Site will close an important gap in the urban area.	Strategic and detailed policies for the	No change.
	protection of the countryside seek to	
	prevent the coalescence of villages and	
	maintain the rural character of the area.	
Air pollution impact cannot be adequately mitigated.	Appropriate air pollution mitigation	New policy formulation to strengthen
	measures will be required in the	air quality measures.
	development of this site.	

Site Name

H1 (24)

West of Eclipse, Maidstone

Number of Support (2) / Object (19) / General Observations (2)

Summary of issues	Officer Response	Proposed change
Detrimental to wildlife and habitats. Site has been cleared – should be preserved as semi-natural heath for leisure uses. Biodiverse site with important habitats. Proposal would damage Heath Wood. Impact on ancient woodland. 15 metre buffer suggested.	Further work being undertaken on habitats and wildlife issues which will provide guidance for designated areas and to prospective developers to maintain biodiversity. In relation to this specific site, the policy requires an ecological survey and a landscape buffer to Heath Wood.	New policy formulation to strengthen biodiversity and habitats protection.
Impact on countryside. Loss of open fields. Impact on foreground to	In the context of the built and permitted	No change.
AONB, impact on setting on AONB. Development criteria do not	development on adjacent sites, it is	
adequately safeguard proximity to AONB or ancient Heath Wood.	considered that this site is capable of	
Extension of development into countryside. Impact on ancient	accommodating the development	

woodland.	proposed without unacceptable	
	additional impact on the setting of the	
	AONB and the wider countryside.	
Increased traffic. Much development recently on Eclipse Park. Impact	The council takes full account of the	No change.
on parking facilities. Highway impacts.	traffic and transport implications of any	
	proposed development and seeks	
	contributions for highway and other	
	appropriate improvements from the	
	highway authority and prospective	
	developers; as an intrinsic element of the	
	development management process.	
Pollution impacts – air, litter, noise.	Appropriate air pollution mitigation	New policy formulation to strengthen
	measures are dealt with by Criteria 6 and	air quality measures.
	7.	
Pressure on local services and facilities, including school, GP surgery,	Strategic and detailed policies ensure	No change.
refuse collection.	that the appropriate level of community	
	infrastructure is provided for proposed	
	development and appropriate	
	contributions will be sought.	
Overhead electricity lines – question whether people would get	Noted.	No change.
mortgages.		
Access off the Old Sittingbourne Road is difficult and leads to delays.	Recent highway improvements have	No change.
	increased options to access the site.	
Would lower the value of existing homes – derelict and empty	There is no evidence that the provision of	No change.
properties should be put back into use before new development	new housing reduces general value levels.	
occurs.	Policies seek to promote the reuse of	
	previously developed land and	
	properties.	
Ideal location. Increase yield to 55 dwellings.	Noted.	No change.
Policy Number Site Name		

H1 (25)	Tongs Meadow, West Street, Harrietsham.				
Number of Supp	Number of Support (0) / Object (29) / General Observations (2)				
Summary of issu	ues	Officer Response	Proposed change		
Irreversible dam translocated wil	rtance. Detrimental to wildlife and habitats. rage to biodiversity. Designated receptor site for dlife from other development and has Slow Worms ed Newts. Ponds should be protected.	The policy requires a phase 1 ecological study to be undertaken. The receptor site issue is being addressed through the determination of the current planning application.	No change.		
landscape feature would request to covering: lighting developer contrain the adjacent to Street, Thurnham MBC's commitments	ing of AONB. Impact on AONB. Site has significant res that make it unsuitable for development. We hese are included in the development criteria, and, sufficient internal open space and improved GI, ibutions to the maintenance of boundaries and PROW KDAONB (AONB Unit). Recent decisions (incl Ware and Court Lodge Road, Harrietsham) demonstrate the protect and conserve the setting of the AONB. From the Downs across to Greensand Ridge will be	The policy requires the submission of a landscape survey which would address the impacts development could have on the setting of the AONB. The impact of lighting would be considered in detail as part of the planning application process.	No change.		
Loss of publicly a space. Loss of co development se retained as oper rural and urban. development be	accessible open space. Loss of greenfield land / green ountryside and open space for amenity. No more rved off West Street. Suggest land to the west be a space. It provides the start of the barrier between It has already been eroded by an existing allow the station and the extensive infill will swamp ode the edges of the existing village envelope.	Some loss of open land is inevitable to enable necessary development but this is kept to a minimum by strategic and detailed policies. The policy requires a landscape buffer along the site's western boundary to help mitigate the landscape impact of development.	New policy formulation to strengthen countryside protection.		
Increased traffic	. West Street constrained.	A certain amount of extra traffic on West Street will be inevitable but is not regarded as excessive. KCC Highways has not objected to the allocation of this site.	No change.		

Concerns about vehicle access to the site.	Vehicle access issues to the site will be	No change.
	determined at the detailed application	G
	stage. KCC Highways has not objected	
	to the allocation of this site.	
Emerging Neighbourhood Plan does not wish to see this site	The Council has taken account of	No change.
developed, other development underway is impacting on visual	emerging neighbourhood plans. The	_
amenity. Constraints and infrastructure required ignore the emerging	evidence base and the need for a	
neighbourhood plan.	Borough-wide perspective means in some	
	cases sites, capacities or policies may not	
	match those in neighbourhood plans and	
	they do not align in all respects.	
	Ultimately differences will be tested at	
	examination.	
Overhead electric cables.	Detailed design of proposed	No change.
	development will need to take account of	
	the presence of overhead cables.	
Density too high. Development of this site would further expand the	Harrietsham has been identified as a	No change.
village envelope.	Rural Service Centre capable of further	
	growth. To address the growing need for	
	housing some land must be allocated for	
	development at the edge of the	
	borough's most sustainable settlements	
	such as Harrietsham. The overall	
	proposed site capacity is considered	
	appropriate taking into account the	
	density of development in Harrietsham	
	itself, the characteristics of the site and	
	the need to make efficient use of land. It	
	is noted that the current application is for	
	5 more dwellings taking the total to 105.	
The development of the Tongs Meadow site would further constrain	Criterion 7 and 8 require appropriate	No change.
the school which is already lacking sufficient sports facilities. The area	contributions to both the school and	
surrounds the existing school and is open land.	community infrastructure.	

Policy Number	Site Name
H1 (26)	South of Ashford Road, Harrietsham

Number of Support (1) / Object (17) / General Observations (2)

Summary of issues	Officer Response	Proposed change
Density too high / lower density would be more appropriate / support	In the interests of making the most	Amend site boundary to the south.
a limit of 70 units / site should be enlarged to accommodate a further	efficient use of land it is considered that	Development capacity increase from
50 units (Bidwells). This brownfield site should be developed before	the developable area of this site should	70 to 117 dwellings.
greenfield sites.	be extended to the south. This would still	
	enable the 25m buffer to the HS1.	
It does not make any sense to extend the village on both sides of the	Access from the A20 is regarded as most	No change.
A20 as it renders the A20 redundant as a bypass and will inevitably	appropriate to reduce the impact on	
create stop/go traffic problems. This will bring: more noise, more	minor roads, Criteria 8 and 9 require	
pollution, with the associated health risks for the people of	improvements to the A20 corridor and	
Harrietsham, more fuel consumption and the consequent impact on	pedestrian and cycle facilities.	
the fragile local environment. The A20 is heavily used by articulated		
lorries, which can access and leave Lenham storage only via		
Harrietsham. It is not a safe option to create another entry point onto		
the A20 directly behind the railway bridge.		
This is agricultural land which has previously been ruined by the use	The site has been surveyed as Grade 4	No change.
of it for infrastructure developments i.e. M20 and the CTRL(HS1). The	land, which is not Best and Most	
building of houses so near to the Harrietsham PINCH point of the HS1,	Versatile. Policy favours the use of	
M20 and the A20 would provide the occupants with an	previously utilised land for mixed use	
environmentally disastrous situation.	development. Appropriate mitigation will	
	be put in place to address the impact of	
	the transport infrastructure, including the	
	incorporation of an air quality criterion.	
Inadequate infrastructure.	Extensive consultation has taken place	New policy formulation to strengthen
	with the appropriate statutory providers	infrastructure requirements.
	to ensure adequate provision.	
No mention of village square or retail in accordance with the	The Council has taken account of	No change.

neighbourhood plan. Constraints and infrastructure references ignore the emerging neighbourhood plan. Agreement to the provision of small scale retail on the site (Bidwells).		emerging neighbourhood plans. The evidence base and the need for a Borough-wide perspective means in some cases sites, capacities or policies may not match those in neighbourhood plans and they do not align in all respects. Ultimately differences will be tested at examination. The policy for this site refers to additional retail provision (criterion 2).	
Policy Number	Site Name		
H1 (27)	Mayfield Nursery, Ashford Road, Harrietsham		
Number of Suppo	rt (0)/ Object (18) / General Observations (1)		
Summary of issues		Officer Response	Proposed change
Increased risk of flooding. Development may cause flooding issues elsewhere. This land is very wet due to surface water draining onto the site. This area is a water sump impacted by the railway line.		The site is not within flood zones 2 or 3. Notwithstanding this, as the site is greater than 1ha in size, a planning application would be accompanied by a flood risk assessment. The Environment Agency would be consulted on this FRA and will advise on the suitability and adequacy of any mitigation measures proposed.	No change.
Density should be lower. 35 dwellings would be more appropriate. This brownfield site should be developed before greenfield sites.		The proposed number of houses is considered appropriate having regard to the site's characteristics and the need to make the efficient use of land. The draft Local Plan does indeed identify brownfield sites; more than 3,000 homes are planned on previously used land in	No change.

		the Maidstone urban area.	
Site lies outside th	e core of the village with its facilities. Would	Policy seeks to distribute new housing	No change.
provide an easterly expansion of the village through heavy infill within		allocations to the most sustainable	
an area which curr	ently has low density housing.	existing settlements. Of necessity some	
		greenfield sites at the edge of these	
		settlements will be required.	
Noise from rail fre	ight traffic would make these units intolerable –	Criterion 5 specifically requires a noise	No change.
A20 noise would a	dd to this.	survey to determine attenuation	
		measures to take account of road and rail	
		traffic.	
Safe pedestrian or	cycle access to the village would be extremely	Criterion 8 requires improvements to	No change.
	ld create another access point onto the A20.	pedestrian and cycle access.	
Parking and access	s problems would increase pressure on the area.		
The constraints an	d infrastructure requirements ignore the emerging	The Council has taken account of	No change.
Neighbourhood Pla	an.	emerging neighbourhood plans. The	
		evidence base and the need for a	
		Borough-wide perspective means in some	
		cases sites, capacities or policies may not	
		match those in neighbourhood plans and	
		they do not align in all respects.	
		Ultimately differences will be tested at	
		examination.	
Inadequate infrast	ructure.	Extensive consultation has taken place	
		with the appropriate statutory providers	
	1 .	to ensure adequate provision.	
Policy Number	Site Name		
H1 (28)	Church Road, Harrietsham		
Number of Suppor	rt (0) / Object (20)/ General Observations (1)		
Summary of issues		Officer Response	Proposed change

Density is too high. 45 dwellings would be appropriate. Site should only be developed after brownfield sites.	There is a resolution to grant consent for 80 dwellings on this site. The draft Local Plan does indeed identify brownfield sites; more than 3,000 homes are planned on previously used land in the Maidstone urban area. The scale of future housing growth is such that some greenfield sites are needed.	No change.
Increased traffic. Impact on parking facilities. Highway safety concerns (including pedestrian). It does not make any sense to extend the village on both sides of the A20 as it renders the A20 redundant as a bypass and will inevitably create stop/go traffic problems. This will bring: more noise, more pollution, with the associated health risks for the people of Harrietsham, more fuel consumption and the consequent impact on the fragile local environment. Noise from the road and rail activities would be negative environmentally and socially.	Access from the A20 is regarded as most appropriate to reduce the impact on minor roads, Criteria 8 and 9 require improvements to the A20 corridor and pedestrian and cycle facilities.	No change.
New housing would increase access problems to the A20 and add to the already dangerous accident prone zone The A20 is heavily used by articulated lorries, which can access and leave Lenham storage only via Harrietsham. It is not a safe option to create another entry point onto the A20 directly behind the railway bridge.	Access from the A20 is regarded as most appropriate to reduce the impact on minor roads, Criteria 8 and 9 require improvements to the A20 corridor and pedestrian and cycle facilities.	No change.
This is existing agricultural land and provides some of the green element within the village envelope. Need to retain hedgerows. Loss of trees. Loss of green lung for the village.	Some loss of some agricultural land is inevitable to enable necessary development but this is kept to a minimum by strategic and detailed policies which encourage the use of previously developed land wherever possible. The policy requires the retention of the northern boundary trees.	No change.
Contrary to Neighbourhood Plan. The constraints and infrastructure	The Council has taken account of emerging neighbourhood plans. The	No change.

requirements ign	ore the emerging Neighbourhood Plan.	evidence base and the need for a	
		Borough-wide perspective means in some	
		cases sites, capacities or policies may not	
		match those in neighbourhood plans and	
		they do not align in all respects.	
		Ultimately differences will be tested at	
		examination.	
Impact on Conser	vation Area.	Criterion 2 requires consideration of the	New policy formulation to strengthen
		impact on the listed almshouses; further	heritage protection.
		work to be considered on strategic	
		heritage and conservation criteria.	
Increased risk of	flooding.	The site is not within flood zones 2 or 3.	No change.
		Notwithstanding this, as the site is	
		greater than 1ha in size, a planning	
		application would be accompanied by a	
		flood risk assessment. The Environment	
		Agency would be consulted on this FRA	
		and will advise on the suitability and	
		adequacy of any mitigation measures	
		proposed.	
Lack of facilities.		Strategic and detailed policies ensure	No change.
		that the appropriate level of community	
		infrastructure is provided for proposed	
		development and appropriate	
		contributions will be sought.	
Inadequate infras	structure.	Extensive consultation has taken place	New policy formulation to strengthen
		with the appropriate statutory providers	infrastructure requirements.
		to ensure adequate provision.	
Policy Number	Site Name		
H1 (29)	Tanyard Farm, Old Ashford Road, Lenham		
	. (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)		
Number of Suppo	ort (0) / Object (13) / General Observations (1)		

Summary of issues	Officer Response	Proposed change
mpact on village character. Development would make Lenham as small town and mean loss of village feel. Inappropriate expansion of Lenham. Urban sprawl. Sits outside village envelope.	Lenham has been identified as a Rural Service Centre capable of further growth. To address the growing need for housing some land must be allocated for development at the edge of the borough's most sustainable settlements	
mpact on countryside. Impact on views to Lenham Cross. Impact on other local landscape areas. Impact on AONB and setting — (AONB Unit) maintain objection to this allocation (the views from the scarp are one of the purposes of designation. Mitigation would need to include more than boundary treatments — increased greening within the site to ensure tree cover between development, non-reflective roofing, controlled height of dwellings, controlled lighting, care of materials and colours, developer contributions to maintenance of coundaries and PRoW access to the Kent Downs (AONB Unit).	such as Lenham. Existing Policy SP5 identifies the significance of countryside throughout the Borough and the need to mitigate the impacts of development on the appearance and character of the landscape. Site is seen in context of existing development to the east and west of the site. Add additional criterion to deal with landscape and visual impact and the need to maintain vistas of 'Lenham Cross'. The impact of lighting would be considered in detail as part of the planning application process	New policy formulation to strengthen countryside protection. Amend existing criterion 1 to read: The hedgerow and line of trees along the northern and southern boundaries of the site will be retained and substantially enhanced by new planting in order to protect the setting of the Kent Downs AONB, and to provide a suitable buffer between new housing and the A20 Ashford Road and Old Ashford Road. Add new criteria to read: The development proposals shall be designed to maintain existing vistas and views of the Lenham Cross from Old Ashford Road through the site and along PROW KH433.

		incorporate substantial areas of internal landscaping within the site to provide an appropriate landscape framework for the site to protect the setting of the Kent Downs AONB Development proposals will be of a high standard of design and sustainability reflecting the location of the site as part of the setting the Kent Downs AONB incorporating the use of vernacular materials and demonstrating compliance with the requirements of policies DM2, DM3 and DM4.
		The development proposals are designed to take into account the results of a landscape and visual impact assessment undertaken in
		accordance with the principles of current guidance that particularly addresses the impact of development on the character and setting of the Kent Downs AONB.
Highway infrastructure is insufficient and unsafe. Impact on parking	Any proposed development will be	New policy formulation to strengthen
facilities. Highway impacts. Local roads cannot accommodate further traffic.	subject to consultation with the highway authority as appropriate.	infrastructure requirements.
Access should be via the A20.	For a site of this size, it is regarded as more appropriate for the access to be from Old Ashford Road.	No change.
Proposed number of dwellings too high. Too much development	Additional housing growth is proposed as a result of a rigorous process of analysis	No change.

already planned for village.	of the housing required (SHMA) . The	
	council's SHEDLAA studies identify the	
	most appropriate locations for proposed	
	housing in terms of availability and	
	feasibility and policies seek to increase	
	the use of previously developed land.	
	Lenham has been identified as a Rural	
	Service Centre capable of further growth.	
	To address the growing need for housing	
	some land must be allocated for	
	development at the edge of the	
	borough's most sustainable settlements	
	such as Lenham.	
Increased risk of flooding.	The site is not within flood zones 2 or 3.	No change.
	Notwithstanding this, as the site is	
	greater than 1ha in size, a planning	
	application would be accompanied by a	
	flood risk assessment. The Environment	
	Agency would be consulted on this FRA	
	and will advise on the suitability and	
	adequacy of any mitigation measures	
	proposed.	
Lack of local services including, including schools and medical.	Strategic and detailed policies ensure	No change.
	that the appropriate level of community	
	infrastructure is provided for proposed	
	development and appropriate	
	contributions will be sought.	
Lack of public open space.	Appropriate public open space is required	No change.
	to be provided as part of any proposed	
	development.	
Build on primary school site instead.	It is not regarded as appropriate to	No change.
	allocate the primary school site for	
	housing.	

Local views not being taken on board.		Extensive public consultation takes place as an intrinsic element of the local plan making process, and all representations are considered.	No change.
Policy Number	Site Name		
H1 (30)	Glebe Gardens, Lenham		
Number of Suppo	ort (1) / Object (9) / General Observations (2)		
Summary of issue	es .	Officer Response	Proposed change
Amend policy in li the Parish Council	ght of current application and gifting of the pond to	Criterion 2 refers to the pond. No further specific reference is required.	No change.
Safeguard pond as accessible open space. Glebe Pond is the visible source of the river Len and as such of high landscape value for the Maidstone Borough. It is also important in respect of Lenham's history and identity as it is regarded as the village pond.		Glebe Pond is to be enhanced as part of any proposed development of the site.	New policy formulation for countryside and landscape protection.
Request for added criteria relating to controlled lighting, developer contributions to the maintenance of boundaries and PRoW in the KDAONB, improved ProW network to join Prow on the south with Prow to the north (AONB Unit).		The impact of lighting would be considered in detail as part of the planning application process. Criterion 9 seeks to secure improvements to adjacent PROW	No change
Insufficient infrastructure and local services.		Strategic and detailed policies ensure that the appropriate level of community infrastructure is provided for proposed development and appropriate c ontributions will be sought.	New policy formulation to strengthen infrastructure requirements.
Too many houses, detrimental to village character.		Additional housing growth is proposed as a result of a rigorous process of analysis of the housing required (SHMA).	No change.

Damage to countrysi	de on the edge of the AONB.	Existing Policy SP5 identifies the	New policy formulation to strengthen
		significance of countryside throughout	countryside protection and policy on
		the Borough and the need to mitigate the	designated areas.
		impacts of development on the	
		appearance and character of the	
		landscape. This specific site is not on the	
		edge of the AONB.	
Local roads cannot ac	ccommodate further traffic / increased	A certain amount of extra traffic on Glebe	No change.
congestion.		Gardens will be inevitable but is not	
		regarded as excessive. KCC Highways has	
		not objected to the allocation of this site.	
Objections to planning	ng application sustained.	Noted.	No change.
Policy Number	Site Name		

Site Name

H1 (31)

Ham Lane, Lenham

Number of Support (0)/ Object (10)/ General Observations (2)

Summary of issues	Officer Response	Proposed change
No greenbelt between Westwood Grange and the proposed development will create light pollution to the detriment of night bird-life and bats. Wildlife habitat impacts.	An ecological survey has been submitted with the current planning application for this site. In the SHLAA, KCC Ecology assessed that the development of this site would have minor ecological impacts which would be likely to be capable of mitigation.	No change.
Out of character with village. Impact on the setting of the AONB. Coalescence with Harrietsham. Damage to countryside. Loss of visual amenity. Harm to landscape. Loss of agricultural land.	Specific requirements are included in the policy for this site to protect the setting of the Kent Downs AONB.	New policy formulation to strengthen countryside protection and policy on designated areas.
Access will be dangerous; cycle improvements not practical to implement; Ham Lane serves Lenham Storage, which makes any access from a side road dangerous. The improvements to pedestrian	Improvements to pedestrian and cycle links and crossings to Lenham and on Ham Lane are required by the policy for	No change.

and cycle links to Lenham village centre could only be achieved by	this site (Criteria 7 and 8). KCC Highways	
narrowing the road to accommodate a pavement and cycle lane but it	did not object to the allocation of this	
is doubted that Ham Lane is wide enough to allow such an alteration.	site.	
Roads cannot accommodate further traffic. Increased congestion.		
Ham Lane used by HGVs. Pedestrian safety implications. Parking		
issues will worsen. Car parking should be met within the site during		
construction.		
Insufficient infrastructure. Impact on school, GP places and shops.	Strategic and detailed policies ensure	New policy formulation to strengthen
	that the appropriate level of community	infrastructure requirements.
	infrastructure is provided for proposed	
	development and appropriate	
	contributions will be sought.	
This is a greenfield site. Building on greenfield sites does not meet the	Existing Policy NPPF1 requires all	No change.
objective of sustainability. Contest that the number of houses are	proposed development to satisfy national	
needed.	criteria for sustainability. Additional	
	housing growth is proposed as a result of	
	a rigorous process of analysis of the	
	housing required and the implementation	
	of national policy and it is inevitable that	
	some greenfield sites will be required to	
	provide the numbers required.	
Development will be unaffordable for local people	Policy DM24 specifies affordable housing	No change.
	thresholds and criteria.	-
Request for added criteria relating to: heights, and materials of roofs;	Agreed. Additional criterion should be	Add additional criteria to read:
controlled lighting; increased GI throughout site; developer	added to enhance landscaping within the	
contributions to the maintenance of boundaries and PRoW in the	site and to ensure the development	The development proposals are
KDAONB (AONB Unit).	proposals reflect the location of the site	designed to take into account the
,	in the setting of the Kent Downs AONB.	results of a landscape and visual
	<u> </u>	impact assessment undertaken in
		accordance with the principles of
	The impact of lighting would be	current guidance that particularly
	considered in detail as part of the	addresses the impact of development
		on the character and setting of the
		on the character and setting of the

		planning application process	Kent Downs AONB
			Development proposals shall incorporate substantial areas of internal landscaping within the site to provide an appropriate landscape framework for the site to protect the setting of the Kent Downs AONB Development proposals will be of a high standard of design and sustainability reflecting the location of the site as part of the setting the Kent Downs AONB incorporating the use of vernacular materials and demonstrating compliance with the
			requirements of policies DM2, DM3 and DM4
Policy Number	Site Name		
H1 (32)	Howland Road, Marden		
Number of Suppo	rt (1) / Object (14) / General Observations (1)		
Summary of issue	S	Officer Response	Proposed change
made to improver congestion, partic network, inadequa	n the south will increase. A contribution should be ments on the A229 where traffic may add to ularly in the Maidstone urban area. Unsuitable road ate transport strategy. Increased rat-running on ace for footpath widening.	The magnitude of development anticipated on this site is not adequate to require a contribution to major road improvements. Some increase in traffic is inevitable but this is regarded as appropriate.	No change.
Widen vehicular a	nd pedestrian access.	Criterion 10 requires the widening of the footpath on Howland Road to improve	No change.

	accessibility and safety.	
Increased risk of flooding. Policy needs to take account of flooding on adjacent sites. Issues with flooding. The EA has advised that this site is in flood zone 1 but that adjacent sites are at risk from surface water flooding. The site therefore requires suitable surface water drainage infrastructure and to take account of existing hydraulic structures even though the site is at low risk of fluvial flooding. (Environment Agency)	Flood mitigation measures have been addressed through the planning application recently granted for the site. Notwithstanding this, the criterion could be usefully clarified to respond to the EA's point.	Amend criterion 6 to read: Appropriate surface water and robust flood mitigation measures will be implemented where the site coincides with identified flood risk zones subject to a flood risk assessment incorporating sustainable drainage systems.
Inadequate infrastructure including – sewerage/draining/surface water drainage. Issues with surface water drainage.	See above comment.	No change.
Impact on agricultural land and impact on Low Weald, which is sensitive.	The site was classified in the 1994 ALC survey as having little or no agricultural value. Some loss of some agricultural land is inevitable to enable necessary development but this is kept to a minimum.	No change.
Hedge along site boundary required. New woodland adjacent to pond is required for wildlife.	Criterion 2 requires the provision of hedgerow along the northern boundary of the site. Criterion 6 requires an ecological survey. This site now has planning permission.	No change .
Development will overwhelm village. A smaller development of no more than 10 dwellings would be acceptable. Marden is remote and lacks facilities.	Marden has been identified as a Rural Service Centre capable of further growth. To address the growing need for housing some land must be allocated for development at the edge of the borough's most sustainable settlements such as Marden. This specific site now has planning permission.	No change.

No positive dialogu	e with the parish	Noted however a series of specific Local Plan/Parish Council meetings were held in Sept-Nov 2014.	No change.
Policy Number	Site Name		
H1 (33)	Stanley Farm, Plain Road, Marden		

Number of Support (0) / Object (13)/ General Observations (2)

Summary of issues	Officer Response	Proposed change
Increased congestion. Traffic problems to the south will increase. A	The magnitude of development	No change.
contribution should be made to improvements on the A229 where	anticipated on this site is not adequate to	
traffic from these sites may add to congestion, particularly in the	require a contribution to major road	
Maidstone urban area. Traffic monitoring is required. Road network is	improvements. Some increase in traffic is	
unsuitable and the transport strategy is inadequate. Increase in rat-	inevitable but this is regarded as	
running on rural lanes.	appropriate.	
Proposed requirements for access are not suitable and should be	Access is to be taken from Plain Road	No change.
amended. Access through land to the south of Napoleon Drive should	(Criterion 4) and improved pedestrian	
be suitable to serve the development. Access should be from	and cycle access required to Napoleon	
Napoleon Drive and Plain Road.	Drive. Access arrangements have now	
	been confirmed through the recent	
	planning application.	
Inadequate infrastructure. Issues with surface water drainage.	Extensive consultation has taken place	New policy formulation to strengthen
	with the appropriate statutory providers	infrastructure requirements.
	to ensure adequate provision.	
Increased risk of flooding. Flooding mitigation required. Include the	Site drainage matters have been	No change.
criteria titled 'flooding and water quality' (Marden PC) with	addressed through the recent planning	
subsequent conditions and references to SUDS. Issues with flooding.	application.	
Inappropriate extension to the village, especially when considered	Marden has been identified as a Rural	No change.
with H34. Will overwhelm village.	Service Centre capable of further growth.	
	To address the growing need for housing	
	some land must be allocated for	

	development at the edge of the	
	borough's most sustainable settlements	
	such as Marden. In this context, this site	
	with the mitigation measures proposed is	
	, ,	
	considered suitable for development.	
Marden is remote. Lack of facilities.	Marden has been identified as a Rural	No change.
	Service Centre capable of further growth.	
	To address the growing need for housing	
	some land must be allocated for	
	development at the edge of the	
	borough's most sustainable settlements	
	such as Marden	
Impact on agricultural land and the Low Weald which is sensitive.	Some loss of some agricultural land is	No change.
	inevitable to enable necessary	
	development but this is kept to a	
	minimum. The site is now subject to a	
	resolution to grant planning permission.	
Policy Number Site Name		

H1 (34) The Parsonage, Goudhurst Road, Marden

Number of Support (0) / Object (11) / General Observations (2)

Summary of issues	Officer Response	Proposed change
Increased congestion. A contribution should be made to improvements on the A229 where traffic from these sites may add to congestion, particularly in the Maidstone urban area. Traffic problems in the south will increase. Road network is unsuitable and the transport strategy is inadequate. Increase in rat-running on rural lanes.	The magnitude of development anticipated on this site is not adequate to require a contribution to major road improvements. Some increase in traffic is inevitable but this is regarded as appropriate. Planning permission has been granted for 144 units.	No change.
Inadequate infrastructure, issues with surface water drainage.	Extensive consultation has taken place with the appropriate statutory providers	No change.

	to an army adamenta was father with a	
	to ensure adequate provision. The policy	
	for this site includes a specific	
	requirement for surface water and flood	
	mitigation measures. The site now has	
	outline consent.	
Loss of agricultural/greenfield land. Impact on Low Weald which is	Some loss of some agricultural land is	No change.
sensitive.	inevitable to enable necessary	
	development but this is kept to a	
	minimum by strategic and detailed	
	policies which encourage the use of	
	previously developed land wherever	
	possible. The site now has planning	
	permission	
Increased risk of flooding. Issues with flooding.	Criterion 5 requires that appropriate	No change.
	surface water and robust flood mitigation	
	measures will be required for any	
	proposed development.	
Marden is remote. Lack of facilities.	Marden has been identified as a Rural	No change.
	Service Centre capable of further growth.	
	To address the growing need for housing	
	some land must be allocated for	
	development at the edge of the	
	borough's most sustainable settlements	
	such as Marden.	
Development will overwhelm village.	Additional housing growth is proposed as	No change.
30	a result of a rigorous process of analysis	
	of the housing required and the existing	
	character of the village will be taken into	
	account at the detailed planning	
	application stage.	
Amend to show addition of land to the south to enable the	Additional land submitted as part of most	No change.
development of 200 dwellings (Phase 2 Planning and Development	recent 'call for sites'.	
Ltd).	reserve sam for sites .	

Mix and integration of affordable homes required.		Policy DM24 specifies affordable housing thresholds and criteria.	No change.
Policy Number	Site Name		
H1 (35)	Marden Cricket and Hockey Club, Stanley Road, N	1arden	
Number of Suppo	ort (1) / Object (14) / General Observations (2)		
Summary of issue	es	Officer Response	Proposed change
improvements on congestion, partic	tion / traffic. A contribution should be made to the A229 where traffic from these sites may add to cularly in the Maidstone urban area. Traffic problems increase. Road network is unsuitable and the v is inadequate.	The magnitude of development anticipated on this site is not adequate to require a contribution to major road improvements. Some increase in traffic is inevitable but this is regarded as appropriate.	No change.
facilities for the vi allocation of sport	e. Lack of facilities. Will facilitate improved sports illage and other local communities. Object to the ts fields for development. Re-provision of sports the railway line not adequate.	Strategic and detailed policies ensure that the appropriate level of community infrastructure is provided for proposed development and appropriate contributions will be sought.	No change.
Access should be	through South Road.	Access from either Albion Road or Stanley Road is regarded as most appropriate, in discussions with the highway authority.	No change.
Inadequate infras	tructure, issues with surface water drainage.	Extensive consultation has taken place with the appropriate statutory providers to ensure adequate provision.	New policy formulation to strengthen infrastructure requirements.
	tural land. Impact on Low Weald which is sensitive. ce at the heart of the village.	Some loss of some agricultural land is inevitable to enable necessary development but this is kept to a minimum by strategic and detailed policies which encourage the use of previously developed land wherever possible.	No change.

Increased risk of flooding. Include flooding and water quality criteria (Marden PC) with subsequent conditions and references to	This issue has been addressed through the recent planning application with	No change.
sustainable drainage systems. Issues with flooding.	drainage improvements secured by condition.	
The proposal will turn Marden into a town. Overly large extension of village which will be overwhelmed.	Marden has been identified as a Rural Service Centre capable of further growth. To address the growing need for housing some land must be allocated for development at the edge of the borough's most sustainable settlements such as Marden.	No change.
Mix and integration of affordable housing required.	Policy DM24 specifies affordable housing thresholds and criteria.	No change.
Policy Number Site Name		

Policy Number

Site Name

H1 (36)

Hen and Duckhurst Farm, Marden Road, Staplehurst

Number of Support (1) / Object (12) / General Observations (2)

Summary of issues	Officer Response	Proposed change
Increased congestion. These are large developments which should either contribute to areas of congestion on the A229 in the Maidstone urban area or to enhancing the bus service between Maidstone and Staplehurst. Planning permission should only be granted if it includes a new rail crossing. Increased rat-running on rural lanes.	The magnitude of development anticipated on this site is not adequate to require a contribution to major road improvements. Some increase in traffic is inevitable but this is regarded as appropriate. Detailed Visim modelling is being undertaken for the Staplehurst crossroads.	No change.
Yield should be reduced to take account of ecological issues, trees and hedgerows, SUDS, play areas, roads (Staplehurst PC).	Agreed. Site capacity to be amended from 370 to 250 dwellings.	Amend site capacity to 250 dwellings.
Protect mature oak tree.	Tree Preservation Order will be made on any trees which merit specific protection.	No change.

No assessment of infrastructure requirements. Inadequate	Extensive consultation has taken place	New policy formulation to strengthen
infrastructure.	with the appropriate statutory providers	infrastructure requirements.
	to ensure adequate provision.	•
Lack of local services and facilities. Significant new facilities should be	Staplehurst has been identified as a Rural	No change.
provided. Housing should not be permitted without commitment to	Service Centre capable of further growth.	
provide a site for and fund and new village hall complex.	To address the growing need for housing	
	some land must be allocated for	
	development at the edge of the	
	borough's most sustainable settlements	
	such as Staplehurst.	
	Criteria 11 of the policy provides for	
	contributions for community	
	infrastructure where it is proven	
	necessary.	
New growth should be an asset - Conservation Area for the future.	Policies for Rural Service Centres seek to	New policy formulation to strengthen
Staplehurst should not be a Rural Service Centre as it would destroy	enhance village identity and facilities and	countryside protection and policy on
village identity. Will overwhelm character of village. Care required	strategic and detailed policies will ensure	designated areas.
with design.	that appropriate account is taken of the	
	character of existing settlements.	
Site can be delivered at a higher density (30-50) within 5 years.	Staplehurst has been identified as a Rural	Amend site capacity to 250 dwellings.
Redraw net developable area to reflect need for open space and	Service Centre capable of further growth.	
drainage. Yield should be reduced to 270. 905 is unsustainable.	To address the growing need for housing	
Numbers should be limited to 400, affordable housing too high.	some land must be allocated for	
	development at the edge of the	
	borough's most sustainable settlements	
	such as Staplehurst.	
	Policy for this site seeks to balance	
	housing need with the constraints onsite.	
	Open space is required as part of any	
	proposed development (Criterion 10). It	
	is agreed that the site capacity of this site	

		be amended to 250 dwellings. Affordable housing requirements are set out in Policy DM24. This policy is to be further reviewed.	
Policy Number	Site Name		
H1 (37)	Fishers Farm, Fishers Road, Staplehurst		
Number of Suppor	t (1) / Object (14) / General Observations (2)		
Summary of issues		Officer Response	Proposed change
should either contr Maidstone urban a Maidstone and Sta granted if it include rural lanes. Impact	congestion. These are large developments which ibute to areas of congestion on the A229 in the rea or to enhancing the bus service between plehurst. Planning permission should only be as a new rail crossing. Increased rat-running on on Staplehurst crossroads. Need northern road in Staplehust Neighbourhood Plan.	Some increase in traffic is inevitable. Criterion 12 seeks to address/mitigate for the impacts on the A229/Headcorn Road/Marden Road junction. Visim traffic modelling of this junction is being undertaken.	No change.
No assessment of infrastructure.	nfrastructure requirements. Inadequate	Extensive consultation has taken place with the appropriate statutory providers to ensure adequate provision.	New policy formulation to strengthen infrastructure requirements.
provided. Housing provide a site for a	es and facilities. Significant new facilities should be should not be permitted without commitment to nd fund and new village hall complex. Existing astructure cannot cope.	Strategic and detailed policies ensure that the appropriate level of community infrastructure is provided for proposed development and appropriate contributions will be sought.	No change.
_	d be an asset - Conservation Area for the future. aracter of village. Care required with design.	Policies seek to enhance village identity and facilities, and strategic and detailed policies will ensure that appropriate account is taken of the character of existing settlements in detailed planning	New policy formulation to strengthen countryside protection and policy on designated areas.

	applications.	
Yield should be reduced to take account of ecological issues, trees	Policy for this site seeks to balance	No change.
and hedgerows, SUDS, play areas, roads (Staplehurst Parish Council).	housing need with the constraints onsite.	
Proposed number of dwellings too high. Numbers should be limited	Open space is required as part of any	
to 400, affordable housing too high. Yield is too high.	proposed development (Criterion 10).	
	Development will be subject to the	
	results and recommendations of an	
	ecological survey (Criterion 7). Site	
	capacity is considered appropriate having	
	regard to the characteristics of the site	
	and its location. Affordable housing	
	requirements are set out in Policy DM24.	
	This policy is to be further reviewed.	
905 are unsustainable.	Staplehurst has been identified as a Rural	No change.
	Service Centre capable of further growth.	
	To address the growing need for housing	
	some land must be allocated for	
	development at the edge of the	
	borough's most sustainable settlements	
	such as Staplehurst.	
Loss of greenfield land. Pond should be protected. Hedgerows should	Some loss of some greenfield land is	No change.
be protected.	inevitable to enable necessary	
	development but this is kept to a	
	minimum by strategic and detailed	
	policies which encourage the use of	
	previously developed land wherever	
	possible. Criterion 1 requires the	
	retention and enhancement of hedges	
	and trees on the site. The strategy for the	
	ponds on site will be addressed through	
	the ecological survey (criterion 7) and site	
	drainage measures (criterion 8).	

Policy Number	Site Name
H1 (38)	Old School Nursery, Station Road, Headcorn

Number of Support (10) / Object (46) / General Observations (2)

Summary of issues	Officer Response	Proposed change
Inadequate infrastructure, including sewerage, drainage, water	Extensive consultation has taken place	New policy formulation to strengthen
supply, utilities. Growth should follow infrastructure. Plan in a comprehensive way.	with the appropriate statutory providers to ensure adequate provision.	infrastructure requirements.
Pressure on / lack of local services and facilities, including school,	This site has planning permission. The	No change.
doctors surgery, dental surgery and young people/children's facilities.	approved development is for 9 units which is below the threshold for a s106.	
Increased traffic / congestion. Impact on parking facilities. Highway safety concerns (including pedestrian). Impact on train services. Development will require off road provision for parking.	The magnitude of development anticipated on this site is not sufficinet to justify a contribution to road improvements. Some increase in traffic is inevitable but this is regarded as acceptable in the context of the site's location within the village. It is also adjacent to the railway station.	No change.
Proposed number of dwellings too high. Object to large scale of development. No consideration given to impact. Overdevelopment. Lack of demand for housing. Support for small development. Small piece of land not detrimental to surrounding area. Recognise need for housing in moderation. Allow 10, rather than 5 – smaller houses to accommodate commuters. Yield should be increased from 5-10 (Wealden Homes).	Site has consent for 9 dwellings.	No change.
Increased risk of flooding.	These matters have been addressed through the planning application.	No change.
Impact on village character, urbanising effect.	The site is located within the village adjacent to the railway station and existing development.	No change.

	ce and environment. Loss of agricultural /	The site is located within the village	
greenfield land. Small infill on brownfield land.		adjacent to the railway station and	
		existing development. It is previously	
		developed, not greenfield.	
Conflict with Neighbo	ourhood Plan. Density should be increased.	The Council has taken account of	No change.
		emerging neighbourhood plans. The	
		evidence base and the need for a	
		Borough-wide perspective means in some	
		cases sites, capacities or policies may not	
		match those in neighbourhood plans and	
		they do not align in all respects.	
		Ultimately differences will be tested at	
		examination.	
Alternative derelict farm site would be a better option.		This proposed alternative site was	No change.
		assessed and considered unsuitable for	
		housing development in the previous Call	
		for Sites.	
Impact on local residents. Insufficient amenities. Building needs to be		Impacts on local residents were	No change.
in harmony with existing housing.		considered as part of the planning	
		application process.	
	ere is agreement from the nursery.	Noted.	No change.
Policy Number S	Site Name		
111 (20)	Heavele Dood and Mill Donk Headenin		
H1 (39)	Ulcombe Road and Mill Bank, Headcorn		
Number of Support (0) / Object (110) / General Observations (0)		
Summary of issues		Officer Response	Proposed change
Inadequate infrastructure including sewerage, drainage, surface		Extensive consultation has taken place	New policy formulation to strengthen
Inadequate infrastruc			, ,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		with the appropriate statutory providers	infrastructure requirements.
	er supply, utilities. Growth should follow	with the appropriate statutory providers to ensure adequate provision.	infrastructure requirements.
water drainage, water infrastructure. Plan c	er supply, utilities. Growth should follow		infrastructure requirements. No change.

people / children's facilities, police presence. Lack of detail. Increased traffic / congestion. Local road infrastructure unsuited. Impact on parking facilities. Highway safety concerns (including pedestrian). Impact on train services – station is too small. Footpaths need improved. Pressure on rural lands / local roads. Not enough public transport. Concern about road safety in Grigg Lane. Concern about condition of Grigg Lane. Increased risk of flooding. Edge of flood plain. In a flood zone. On hillside and sewerage outflow will increase problems in Kings Road area and Moat Road. Increased flooding from over development. Site extends too far north. Impact on village character (30% increase). Urbanising effect. Would become a town. Increased risk of flooding. Edge of flood plain. In a flood zone. On hillside and sewerage outflow will increase problems in Kings Road area and Moat Road. Increased flooding from over development. Site extends too far north. Impact on village character (30% increase). Urbanising effect. Would become a town. Site extends too far north. Impact on village character (30% increase). Urbanising effect. Would become a town. Site extends too far north. Impact on village character (30% increase) increase) increase of further growth. To address the growing need for housing some land must be allocated for development at the edge of the
Increased traffic / congestion. Local road infrastructure unsuited. Impact on parking facilities. Highway safety concerns (including pedestrian). Impact on train services – station is too small. Footpaths need improved. Pressure on rural lands / local roads. Not enough public transport. Concern about condition of Grigg Lane. Increased risk of flooding. Edge of flood plain. In a flood zone. On hillside and sewerage outflow will increase problems in Kings Road area and Moat Road. Increased flooding from over development. Site extends too far north. Impact on village character (30% increase). Urbanising effect. Would become a town. Criteria 9 & 10 seek appropriate highway improvements. Criterio 6 requires that appropriate surface water and robust flood mitigation measures will be required for any proposed development. Service Centre capable of further growth. To address the growing need for housing some land must be allocated for development at the edge of the
Increased traffic / congestion. Local road infrastructure unsuited. Impact on parking facilities. Highway safety concerns (including pedestrian). Impact on train services – station is too small. Footpaths need improved. Pressure on rural lands / local roads. Not enough public transport. Concern about road safety in Grigg Lane. Concern about condition of Grigg Lane. Increased risk of flooding. Edge of flood plain. In a flood zone. On hillside and sewerage outflow will increase problems in Kings Road area and Moat Road. Increased flooding from over development. Site extends too far north. Impact on village character (30% increase). Urbanising effect. Would become a town. Criteria 9 & 10 seek appropriate highway improvements. No change. Surface water and robust flood mitigation measures will be required for any proposed development. Headcorn has been identified as a Rural Service Centre capable of further growth. To address the growing need for housing some land must be allocated for development at the edge of the
Impact on parking facilities. Highway safety concerns (including pedestrian). Impact on train services – station is too small. Footpaths need improved. Pressure on rural lands / local roads. Not enough public transport. Concern about road safety in Grigg Lane. Concern about condition of Grigg Lane. Increased risk of flooding. Edge of flood plain. In a flood zone. On hillside and sewerage outflow will increase problems in Kings Road area and Moat Road. Increased flooding from over development. Site extends too far north. Impact on village character (30% increase). Urbanising effect. Would become a town. Improvements. Criterion 6 requires that appropriate surface water and robust flood mitigation measures will be required for any proposed development. Headcorn has been identified as a Rural Service Centre capable of further growth. To address the growing need for housing some land must be allocated for development at the edge of the
pedestrian). Impact on train services – station is too small. Footpaths need improved. Pressure on rural lands / local roads. Not enough public transport. Concern about road safety in Grigg Lane. Concern about condition of Grigg Lane. Increased risk of flooding. Edge of flood plain. In a flood zone. On hillside and sewerage outflow will increase problems in Kings Road area and Moat Road. Increased flooding from over development. Site extends too far north. Impact on village character (30% increase). Urbanising effect. Would become a town. Service Centre capable of further growth. To address the growing need for housing some land must be allocated for development at the edge of the
need improved. Pressure on rural lands / local roads. Not enough public transport. Concern about road safety in Grigg Lane. Concern about condition of Grigg Lane. Increased risk of flooding. Edge of flood plain. In a flood zone. On hillside and sewerage outflow will increase problems in Kings Road area and Moat Road. Increased flooding from over development. Site extends too far north. Impact on village character (30% increase). Urbanising effect. Would become a town. Service Centre capable of further growth. To address the growing need for housing some land must be allocated for development at the edge of the
public transport. Concern about road safety in Grigg Lane. Concern about condition of Grigg Lane. Increased risk of flooding. Edge of flood plain. In a flood zone. On hillside and sewerage outflow will increase problems in Kings Road area and Moat Road. Increased flooding from over development. Site extends too far north. Impact on village character (30% increase). Urbanising effect. Would become a town. Criterion 6 requires that appropriate surface water and robust flood mitigation measures will be required for any proposed development. Headcorn has been identified as a Rural Service Centre capable of further growth. To address the growing need for housing some land must be allocated for development at the edge of the
about condition of Grigg Lane. Increased risk of flooding. Edge of flood plain. In a flood zone. On hillside and sewerage outflow will increase problems in Kings Road area and Moat Road. Increased flooding from over development. Site extends too far north. Impact on village character (30% increase). Urbanising effect. Would become a town. Service Centre capable of further growth. To address the growing need for housing some land must be allocated for development at the edge of the
Increased risk of flooding. Edge of flood plain. In a flood zone. On hillside and sewerage outflow will increase problems in Kings Road area and Moat Road. Increased flooding from over development. Site extends too far north. Impact on village character (30% increase). Urbanising effect. Would become a town. Service Centre capable of further growth. To address the growing need for housing some land must be allocated for development at the edge of the
hillside and sewerage outflow will increase problems in Kings Road area and Moat Road. Increased flooding from over development. Site extends too far north. Impact on village character (30% increase). Urbanising effect. Would become a town. Service Centre capable of further growth. To address the growing need for housing some land must be allocated for development at the edge of the
area and Moat Road. Increased flooding from over development. Site extends too far north. Impact on village character (30% Headcorn has been identified as a Rural increase). Urbanising effect. Would become a town. Service Centre capable of further growth. To address the growing need for housing some land must be allocated for development at the edge of the
Site extends too far north. Impact on village character (30% increase). Urbanising effect. Would become a town. Service Centre capable of further growth. To address the growing need for housing some land must be allocated for development at the edge of the
Site extends too far north. Impact on village character (30% increase). Urbanising effect. Would become a town. Service Centre capable of further growth. To address the growing need for housing some land must be allocated for development at the edge of the
increase). Urbanising effect. Would become a town. Service Centre capable of further growth. To address the growing need for housing some land must be allocated for development at the edge of the
To address the growing need for housing some land must be allocated for development at the edge of the
some land must be allocated for development at the edge of the
development at the edge of the
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
borough's most sustainable settlements
such as Headcorn. Potential sites,
including this site, have been assessed for
their suitability fully through the SHLAA.
The policy for this site requires additional
landscaping to help mitigate the visual
impact of the development from the
countryside to the north.
Proposed number of dwellings too high. Too dense. Cumulative Additional housing growth is proposed as No change.
impact not assessed. Object to large scale development. No a result of a rigorous process of analysis
consideration given to impact. Overdevelopment. Smaller sites of the housing required and the
preferred. No need. Development out of scale. 425 are too many implementation of national policy which
homes. seeks to increase housing densities to
reduce land take required.
Loss of agricultural land/greenfield land/countryside. Use brownfield. The site was classified as Grade 3b in the New policy formulation to strengthen

Outside village envelope. Impact on green/open space. Major	1994 ALC survey which is not Best and	countryside protection.
extension into SLA.	Most Versatile land. The proposed site	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	capacity is considered appropriate having	
	regard to the site's characteristics and	
	the need to make efficient use of land.	
Contrary to emerging neighbourhood plan.	The Council has taken account of	No change.
	emerging neighbourhood plans. The	-
	evidence base and the need for a	
	Borough-wide perspective means in some	
	cases sites, capacities or policies may not	
	match those in neighbourhood plans and	
	they do not align in all respects.	
	Ultimately differences will be tested at	
	examination.	
Lack of / detrimental to amenities of existing residents. Inadequate	Appropriate measures to address	No change.
screening from existing development. Impact on quality of life.	residential amenity and landscaping will	
	be secured through detailed design at	
	planning application stage.	
Access to Millbank unsuitable.	Millbank is a classified A road. KCC	No change.
	Highways have not objected to the	
	allocation of this site.	
Detrimental to local wildlife and trees.	Criterion 5 of the site specific policy	No change.
	requires a phase 1 ecological survey.	
Environmental impact. Concern about standards of construction.	Detailed policies enable the consideration	No change.
	of the environmental impact of proposed	
	development. Building control	
	regulations determine standard of	
	construction.	
Alternative derelict farm site would be a better option.	This proposed alternative site was	No change.
	assessed and considered unsuitable for	
	housing development in the previous Call	
	for Sites.	

Policy Number	Site Name
H1 (40)	Grigg Lane and Lenham Road, Headcorn

Number of Support (2) / Object (79) / General Observations (0)

Summary of issues	Officer Response	Proposed change
There is inadequate infrastructure – including sewerage, drainage,	Extensive consultation has taken place	New policy formulation to strengthen
surface water disposal, water supply, utilities. It is important that	with the appropriate statutory providers	infrastructure requirements.
growth follows infrastructure improvements.	to ensure adequate provision	
There will be increased traffic and congestion, an impact on parking	Some increase in traffic is inevitable. KCC	No change.
facilities, increased highway safety concerns, an impact on train	Highways has not objected to the	
services and an impact on rural lanes. Footpaths need improved and	allocation of this site. Criterion 9 will	
the station is too small. Concern about vehicle access.	provide for an improved pedestrian	
	environment.	
There is a lack of/pressure on local services and facilities – including	Strategic and detailed policies ensure	No change.
schools, doctor surgery, dental surgery, young people/children's	that the appropriate level of community	
facilities, transport, communications and police presence.	infrastructure is provided for proposed	
	development and appropriate	
	contributions will be sought.	
The site is on the edge of a flood plain, there will be increased	Planning permission granted on part of	No change.
flooding and potential for water pollution.	the site. The identified developable part	
	site is not within flood zones 2 or 3.	
The proposed number of dwellings is too high with no consideration	Headcorn has been identified as a Rural	No change.
of the impact on Headcorn. Cumulative impacts are not assessed and	Service Centre capable of further growth.	
the proposed development is too large. Overdevelopment.	To address the growing need for housing	
Development should be more evenly distributed around Kent.	some land must be allocated for	
	development at the edge of the	
	borough's most sustainable settlements	
	such as Headcorn. Potential sites,	
	including this site, have been assessed for	
	their suitability fully through the SHLAA.	
Detrimental impact on village/rural character, urbanising effect.	Development of 25 dwellings and a	No change.

Inappropriate extension to village. Impact on existing residents / inadequate screening from existing development. Major extension into SLA.	doctors' surgery has recently taken place on Grigg Lane to the south east of this site.	
Loss of countryside / agricultural / greenfield land. Use brownfield land. Loss of green space	Some loss of open land is inevitable to enable necessary development but this is kept to a minimum by strategic and detailed policies which encourage the use of previously developed land wherever possible.	New policy formulation to strengthen countryside protection.
Inconsistent with emerging Neighbourhood Plan.	The Council has taken account of emerging neighbourhood plans. The evidence base and the need for a Borough-wide perspective means in some cases sites, capacities or policies may not match those in neighbourhood plans and they do not align in all respects. Ultimately differences will be tested at examination.	No change.
Detrimental to local wildlife.	The policy requires a phase 1 ecological survey. Mitigation measures have been secured as part of the previous phases of development.	New policy formulation to strengthen biodiversity and habitats protection.
Environmental impact, concerns over standards of construction.	Detailed policies enable the consideration of the environmental impact of proposed development. Building control regulations determine standard of construction.	No change.
Yield could be lower due to ecological and surface water constraints.	It is proposed that the yield be amended to take account of the extant permissions.	Amend the site capacity to 80 dwellings.
Site should be extended to include other proposal sites HO30, HO131,	These alternative sites have been considered as part of the second call for	No change.

HO132, HO134.		sites.	
Alternative derelict farm site would be a better option for development		This proposed alternative site was assessed and considered unsuitable for housing development in the previous Call for Sites.	No change.
Policy Number	Site Name		
H1 (41)	South of Grigg Lane, Headcorn		
Number of Suppor	rt (0) / Object (92)/ General Observations(2)		
Summary of issues	S	Officer Response	Proposed change
schools, doctor sui	pressure on local services and facilities – including rgery, dental surgery, young people/children's t, and police presence.	Strategic and detailed policies ensure that the appropriate level of community infrastructure is provided for proposed development and appropriate contributions will be sought.	No change.
There is inadequate infrastructure – including sewerage, drainage, surface water disposal, water supply, utilities. It is important that growth follows infrastructure improvements.		Extensive consultation has taken place with the appropriate statutory providers to ensure adequate provision.	New policy formulation to strengthen infrastructure requirements.
There will be incre facilities, increased an impact on train	ased traffic and congestion, an impact on parking d highway safety concerns (including pedestrian), services and an impact on rural lanes. Footpaths d the station is too small. Inadequate road widths.	The magnitude of development anticipated on this site is not regarded as excessive and contributions for pedestrian improvements will be required. Some increase in traffic is inevitable but this is regarded as appropriate.	No change.
flooding and poter a problem occurre	<u> </u>	Criterion 6 requires that appropriate surface water and robust flood mitigation measures will be implemented for any proposed development.	No change.
The proposed number of dwellings (scale of development) is too high		Additional housing growth is proposed as	No change.

with no consideration given to impact. Communicative impacts and mate	a regult of a rigorous areases of analysis	
with no consideration given to impact. Cumulative impacts are not	a result of a rigorous process of analysis	
assessed and the proposed development is too large.	of the housing required (SHMA) and the	
Overdevelopment. Development should be more evenly distributed	implementation of national policy. The	
around Kent.	density of development on this site is	
	considered appropriate having regard to	
	the site's characteristics and context.	
Detrimental impact on village/rural character, urbanising effect.	There has been recent development on	No change.
	the north side of Grigg Lane opposite the	
	site and the substantial development of	
	the glasshouses to the north east. In this	
	context, development of this site is	
	considered appropriate.	
Reservations about limited capacity which is based on out of date	The site plan does need to be amended	Amend site plan to show the revised
flood mapping no longer used by EA. Additional land should be	to more clearly define the developable	extent of the developable area of the
included which will increase the net developable area and dwelling	area of the site. The site's agent has now	site.
numbers as per the site submission to the plan.	provided further flooding information,	
	agreed by the Environment Agency,	
	which supports development of a larger	
	part of the site.	
	part of the site.	
Loss of countryside/agricultural/greenfield land. Use brownfield land.	The site is classified as Grade 3b land	Amend site plan to show the revised
Loss of green space. Not unused land. Clarity on plan needed to	which is not Best and Most Versatile.	extent of the developable area of the
ensure the grey area remains undeveloped.	Some loss of open and agricultural land is	site.
	inevitable to enable necessary	
	development but this is kept to a	
	minimum. The site plan does need to be	
	amended to more clearly define the	
	developable area of the site. The site's	
	agent has now provided further flooding	
	information, agreed by the Environment	
	Agency, which supports development of a	
	larger part of the site.	

Summary of issues		Officer Response	Proposed change
Number of Support (5) / Object (37) / General Observations (0)			
H1 (42)	Knaves Acres, Headcorn		
Policy Number	Site Name		
		for Sites.	
		housing development in the previous Call	
development.	. Tarm site would be a better option for	assessed and considered unsuitable for	ito change.
Alternative derelict	farm site would be a better option for	This proposed alternative site was	No change.
		the need to make efficient use of land.	
20 – 30 dwellings co	ouia de supportea.	The proposed capacity of this site is considered appropriate having regard to	No change.
20 20 decelling	and displaying a whole	regulations.	Nie alson es
		primarily dealt with by Building Control	
standards of constr	ruction.	of the site. Construction standards are	
•	act, detrimental to local wildlife, concern about	Criterion 5 requires an ecological survey	No change.
		considered appropriate.	
		context, development of this site is	
0 >p	,	the glasshouses to the north east. In this	
	ent. Major extension into SLA.	site and the substantial development of	
	ing greenspace / inadequate screening from	the north side of Grigg Lane opposite the	ito change.
Inannronriate exter	nsion to village. Impact on existing residents / loss	There has been recent development on	No change.
		Ultimately differences will be tested at examination.	
		they do not align in all respects.	
		match those in neighbourhood plans and	
		cases sites, capacities or policies may not	
		Borough-wide perspective means in some	
		evidence base and the need for a	
		emerging neighbourhood plans. The	

There is inadequate infrastructure – including sewerage, drainage, water supply, utilities. It is important that growth follows infrastructure improvements and planning is done in a comprehensive way.	Extensive consultation has taken place with the appropriate statutory providers to ensure adequate provision.	New policy formulation to strengthen infrastructure requirements.
Pressure on local services and facilities – including schools, medical facilities, young people/children's facilities, and police presence.	Strategic and detailed policies ensure that the appropriate level of community infrastructure is provided for proposed development and appropriate contributions will be sought.	No change.
There will be increased traffic and congestion, an impact on parking facilities, increased highway safety concerns (including pedestrian) and an impact on train services. Inadequate road widths.	The magnitude of development anticipated on this site is not regarded as excessive and contributions for pedestrian improvements will be required. KCC Highways has not objected to the allocation of this site.	No change.
Inappropriate access.	Access can be gained from adjacent permitted site.	No change.
The proposed number of dwellings (scale of development) is too high with no consideration given to impact. Cumulative impacts are not assessed. Overdevelopment. Recognise need for housing in moderation, support but concerned the site would be expanded, small infill site which accords with Local Plan.	This is a modest development of 5 dwellings.	No change.
Increased risk of flooding.	This site does not fall within the flood plain.	No change.
Detrimental impact on village character, urbanising effect.	This site is adjacent to a site which has permission for residential development.	No change.
Impact on existing residents / loss of amenities including greenspace	Impacts on existing residents are considered as part of the development management process. Criterion 4 requires the provision of publicly accessible open space.	No change.

		T	
Inconsistency with	n emerging Neighbourhood Plan.	The Council has taken account of	No change.
		emerging neighbourhood plans. The	
		evidence base and the need for a	
		Borough-wide perspective means in some	
		cases sites, capacities or policies may not	
		match those in neighbourhood plans and	
		they do not align in all respects.	
		Ultimately differences will be tested at	
		examination.	
Loss of agricultura	Il greenfield land. Use brownfield land.	The site is classified as Grade 3b which is	No change.
-		not within the Best and Most Versatile	_
		category.	
Environmental im	pact, detrimental to local wildlife, concern about	A criterion in the policy requires an	New policy formulation to strengthen
standards of const	truction.	ecological survey of the site.	biodiversity and habitats protection.
		Construction standards are primarily	
		dealt with by Building Control	
		regulations.	
Alternative derelic	ct farm site would be a better option for	This proposed alternative site was	No change.
development		assessed and considered unsuitable for	_
•		housing development in the previous Call	
		for Sites.	
Policy Number	Site Name		
H1 (43)	Linden Farm, Stockett Lane, Coxheath		
Number of Suppo	rt (4) / Object (170) / General Observations (0)		
Summary of issues		Officer Response	Proposed change
Inadequate transp	oort strategy, unsuitable road network, highway	The magnitude of development	Add a criterion to the policy to read
impacts, increased traffic and congestion, highway capacity concerns,		anticipated on this site is not regarded as	
highway safety concerns, footpaths need improved, pressure on local		excessive and contributions for highway	Appropriate contributions towards
roads, increased r	at-running, lack of footpaths, support providing	and pedestrian improvements will be	improvements at the junction of the
		required.(Criteria 7 and 8). Further	B2163 Heath Road with the A229
		required.(Criteria / and o). Farther	DZ 103 FICALII NOAU WILII LIIC AZZJ

road improvements are made.	criteria will require an appropriate	Linton Road/Linton Hill at Linton
	contribution towards improvements at	Crossroads.
	the junction of B2163 and A229 Linton	
	crossroads junction. Some increase in	
	traffic is inevitable but this is regarded as	
	appropriate subject to the proposed	
	mitigation.	
Concerns about vehicle access to the site.	Access will be taken from Stockett Lane	No change.
	only which is considered suitable.	
Pressure on local services and facilities, including school, doctor	Strategic and detailed policies ensure	No change.
surgery, chemist, dental surgery. No recreation facilities or	that the appropriate level of community	
community facilities proposed.	infrastructure is provided for proposed	
	development and appropriate	
	contributions will be sought.	
Inadequate infrastructure, including sewerage, drainage, water	Extensive consultation has taken place	New policy formulation to strengthen
supply, utilities. Growth should follow infrastructure.	with the appropriate statutory providers	infrastructure requirements.
	to ensure adequate provision.	
Loss of agricultural land/greenfield/countryside. Use brownfield land	The land is classified as Grade 3b which is	New policy formulation to strengthen
at Olders Field and Clockhouse Farm in preference. Support in	not within the Best and Most Versatile	countryside protection.
preference to Clockhouse Farm and Heathfield Sites.	category. Some loss of agricultural and	
	open land is inevitable to enable	
	necessary development but this is kept to	
	a minimum.	
Detrimental impact on village character/identity. Coalescence.	Policies seek to enhance village identity	New policy formulation to strengthen
	and facilities, and strategic and detailed	village character protection.
	policies will ensure that appropriate	
	account is taken of the character of	
	existing settlements in detailed planning	
	applications. In respect of this site	
	specifically, substantial separation from	
	the adjacent settlement is maintained.	
Proposed number of dwellings too high, density too high, 40	The capacity of this site should be	Amend site capacity to 40 dwellings.
dwellings appropriate (Coxheath PC), Coxheath should not have the	reduced to reflect the provision of	Amend site plan to show reduced

same proposed le	vel of growth as a Rural Service Centre.	community facilities within the site.	developable area for housing.
Contrary to neighbourhood plan, would prefer number of homes in the Neighbourhood Plan		The Council has taken account of emerging neighbourhood plans. The evidence base and the need for a Borough-wide perspective means in some cases sites, capacities or policies may not match those in neighbourhood plans and they do not align in all respects. Ultimately differences will be tested at examination.	No change.
Pollution – air and noise		Air and noise pollution issues are not regarded as particularly significant in this location.	New policy formulation to strengthen air quality measures.
Detrimental to local farmland wildlife		Development will be subject to the results and recommendations of an ecological survey (criterion 4).	New policy formulation to strengthen biodiversity and habitats protection.
Detrimental to the amenities of existing residents, disruption during construction, impact on visual amenity of existing homes.		Appropriate detailed design will address amenity issues. Construction disruption is considered under environmental health legislation.	No change.
Policy Number	Site Name	registation.	
H1 (44)	Heathfield, Heath Road, Coxheath		
Number of Suppo	ort (0) / Object (266)/ General Observations (1)		
Summary of issues		Officer Response	Proposed change
Inadequate transport strategy, unsuitable road network, highway impacts, increased traffic and congestion, impact on parking facilities, insufficient parking, highway safety concerns (including pedestrian), pressure on local roads, increased rat-running, lack of footpaths,		The magnitude of development anticipated on this site is not regarded as excessive and contributions for highway improvements will be required.(Criterion	No change

impact on existing footpath.	9). Some increase in traffic is inevitable but this is regarded as appropriate.	
Pressure on / inadequate infrastructure, including sewerage, drainage, surface water disposal, water supply, utilities. Growth should follow infrastructure. Waste water management is already problematic.	Extensive consultation has taken place with the appropriate statutory providers to ensure adequate provision.	New policy formulation to strengthen infrastructure requirements.
Western hedgerow does not exist, detrimental to local farmland wildlife.	Amendment of Criterion 1 needed to reflect existing tree screen and the need for enhanced landscaping.	Amend criterion 1 to read The hedgerow-tree screen/windbreak along the western boundary of the site will be retained and reinforced with additional landscaping in order to provide a suitable buffer between new housing and existing housing on Aspian Drive, and to protect the amenity and privacy of residents living in Aspian Drive.
Detrimental to the amenities of existing residents (including Aspian Drive), disruption during construction. No privacy for existing residents. Impact on human rights.	Appropriate detailed design will address amenity issues. Construction disruption is considered under environmental health legislation.	No change.
Concerns about vehicle access to the site, exit onto Heath Road will be dangerous, another access will be required.	KCC Highways has not objected to the allocation of this site.	No change.
Pressure on / lack of local services and facilities, including school, doctor surgery, chemist, dental surgery. The impact on services means this is an unsustainable site. Improve facilities before housing is developed.	Strategic and detailed policies ensure that the appropriate level of community infrastructure is provided for proposed development and appropriate contributions will be sought.	No change.
Loss of agricultural land / greenfield / countryside. Use brownfield land at Olders Field and Clockhouse Farm in preference. Loss of accessible countryside. Contradicts paragraph 5.57 which seeks to	80.5% of the site is classified as grade 3b which is not in the Best and Most Versatile category, the remaining 19.5% in small pockets is grade 2. Some loss of	New policy formulation to strengthen countryside protection.

safeguard and support farming.	agricultural and open land is inevitable to	
	enable necessary development but this is	
	kept to a minimum.	
Proposed number of dwellings too high, density too high (Coxheath	Site capacity is considered to be	No change.
PC), Coxheath should not have the same proposed level of growth as	appropriate having regard to the site and	
a Rural Service Centre. Affordable housing provision too high –	locations characteristics and the need to	
potential increase in crime, ASB.	make efficient use of land. Coxheath has	
	a range of facilities and services which	
	make it one of the more sustainable	
	settlements in the borough suitable for	
	some growth. Affordable housing is	
	covered in Policy DM24 which is being	
	further considered.	
Detrimental impact on village character / identity. Development	Policies seek to enhance village identity	New policy formulation to strengthen
would be intrusive, would become part of urban sprawl. It is vital that	and facilities, and strategic and detailed	village character protection.
urban sprawl does not impinge on local villages or merge villages.	policies will ensure that appropriate	
Would cause coalescence (Coxheath PC). Coalescence with Loose.	account is taken of the character of	
Ribbon development.	existing settlements in detailed planning	
	applications. In this case, sufficient	
	space would be maintained to avoid	
	coalescence with Loose.	
Pollution – light, air and noise.	Pollution issues are not regarded as	New policy formulation to strengthen
	sufficiently significant for policy criteria.	air quality measures.
Contrary to neighbourhood plan (Coxheath PC).	The Council has taken account of	No change.
	emerging neighbourhood plans. The	
	evidence base and the need for a	
	Borough-wide perspective means in some	
	cases sites, capacities or policies may not	
	match those in neighbourhood plans and	
	they do not align in all respects.	
	Ultimately differences will be tested at	
	examination.	
Impact on countryside (Coxheath PC) and rural character, impact on	Existing Policy SP5 identifies the	New policy formulation to strengthen

greensand ridge,	could become a country park, loss of landscape	significance of countryside throughout	countryside and rural character
-	al impact on rights of way.	the Borough and the need to mitigate the	protection.
		impacts of development on the	
		appearance and character of the	
		landscape.	
		Development proposals will address	
		visual impact and impacts on the	
		character of the surrounding area.	
		Criteria 4 requires impact on the PROW	
		to be taken into account.	
Concern about bu	ilding design and standards, loss of property value.	Detailed policies require the	No change.
		consideration of building design and	
		building control regulations deal with	
		building standards.	
Increased risk for	flooding from surface water runoff.	The site is not within flood zones 2 or 3.	No change.
		Notwithstanding this, as the site is	
		greater than 1ha in size, a planning	
		application would be accompanied by a	
		flood risk assessment. The Environment	
		Agency would be consulted on this FRA	
		and will advise on the suitability and	
		adequacy of any mitigation measures	
		proposed.	
Policy Number	Site Name		
H1 (45)	Forstal Lane, Coxheath		
HI (43)	Forstar Larie, Coxileatii		
Number of Suppo	ort (3) / Object (273) / General Observations (0)		
Summary of issues		Officer Response	Proposed change
Inadequate transport strategy, unsuitable road network, highway		The magnitude of development	Additional criterion to read
	traffic and congestion, inadequate parking facilities,	anticipated on this site is not regarded as	
highway safety concerns (including pedestrian, and horse riders),		excessive and contributions for highway	Appropriate contributions towards

pressure on rural lanes /local roads, increased rat-running, lack of footpaths, Forstal Lane dangerous, impact on footpath. Support providing road improvements are made.	and pedestrian improvements will be required (Criteria 8, 9 and 10). Further criteria will require an appropriate contribution towards improvements at the junction of B2163 and A229 Linton crossroads junction. Some increase in traffic is inevitable but this is regarded as appropriate.	improvements at the junction of the B2163 Heath Road with the A229 Linton Road/Linton Hill at Linton Crossroads.
Concerns about vehicle access to the site. Pedestrian and vehicle access is dangerous. Inappropriate access (Coxheath PC).	Vehicle access will be from Forstal Lane only and Criterion 10 requires pedestrian improvements.	No change.
Western hedgerow does not exist, detrimental to local farmland wildlife, impact on greensand ridge.	Hedgerow exists. Ecological impacts are addressed through criterion 5.	No change.
Inadequate infrastructure, including sewerage, drainage, water supply, utilities. Growth should follow infrastructure.	Extensive consultation has taken place with the appropriate statutory providers to ensure adequate provision.	New policy formulation to strengthen infrastructure requirements.
Loss of agricultural land / greenfield / greenbelt /countryside. Use brownfield land at Olders Field and Clockhouse Farm in preference. Support in preference to Clockhouse Farm and Heathfield Sites. Loss of publically accessible countryside. Support in preference to Heathfield site and Clockhouse Farm. Contradicts paragraph 5.57 which seeks to safeguard and support farming.	The site comprises a mixture of grade 3a 63%, grade 3b 22% and grade 2 15% land. Some loss of agricultural and open land is inevitable to enable necessary development but this is kept to a minimum. This has to be weighed against the sustainable location of this site adjacent to an existing settlement.	New policy formulation to strengthen countryside protection.
Pressure on local services and facilities, including school, doctor surgery, chemist, dental surgery. No recreation facilities or community facilities proposed.	Strategic and detailed policies ensure that the appropriate level of community infrastructure is provided for proposed development and appropriate contributions will be sought.	No change.
Detrimental impact on village character / identity. Development would be intrusive, impact on character of Loose village, the area	Policies seek to enhance village identity and facilities, and strategic and detailed	New policy formulation to strengthen villager character protection.

Impact on countryside (Coxheath PC) – rural development, loss of separation between Coxheath and Loose, field is the boundary between Coxheath and Loose, contravention of anti-coalescence	policies will ensure that appropriate account is taken of the character of existing settlements in detailed planning applications. Development of this site will still enable sufficient separation to be maintained to avoid coalescence with neighbouring settlements. Development of this site will still enable sufficient separation to be maintained to avoid coalescence with neighbouring	No change.
policy. Would cause coalescence (Coxheath PC). Landscape impact. Vital urban sprawl does not impinge on villages or merge villages. Impact on public rights of way.	settlements. Criterion 8 addresses the issue of the PROW.	
Proposed number of dwellings too high, density should be lower, Coxheath should not have the same proposed level of growth as a Rural Service Centre, affordable housing provision too high.	Site capacity is considered to be appropriate having regard to the site and locations characteristics and the need to make efficient use of land. Coxheath has a range of facilities and services which make it one of the more sustainable settlements in the borough suitable for some growth. Affordable housing is covered in Policy DM24 which is being further considered.	No change.
Detrimental to the amenities of existing residents, disruption during construction, impact on adjacent properties.	Detailed design proposals will address any amenity concerns. Construction impact is addressed under environmental health legislation.	No change.
Pollution – air, light and noise	Pollution issues are not regarded as sufficiently significant for policy criteria.	New policy formulation to strengthen air quality measures.
Contrary to neighbourhood plan (Coxheath PC).	The Council has taken account of emerging neighbourhood plans. The	No change.

	evidence base and the need for a	
	Borough-wide perspective means in some	
	cases sites, capacities or policies may not	
	match those in neighbourhood plans and	
	they do not align in all respects.	
	Ultimately differences will be tested at	
	examination.	
Contrary to rural lanes protection policy.	The lane is semi-rural in nature. Criteria	No change
Contrary to rural lanes protection policy.		No change
	in policy will assist in ensuring	
	development is suitable for edge of	
to conflict and the	village location. Loss of house value is not a material	No alcono
Loss of house values		No change.
	planning consideration.	
Unsustainable site. Concern about building and design standards.	Site is immediately adjacent to Coxheath	No change.
	with its attendant facilities and services.	
	Detailed policies require the	
	consideration of building design and	
	building control regulations deal with	
	building standards.	
Increased risk of flooding.	The site is not within flood zones 2 or 3.	No change.
	Notwithstanding this, as the site is	
	greater than 1ha in size, a planning	
	application would be accompanied by a	
	flood risk assessment. The Environment	
	Agency would be consulted on this FRA	
	and will advise on the suitability and	
	adequacy of any mitigation measures	
	proposed.	
Site description wrong.	Not agreed. Site is considered to be	No change.
	grazing land.	-
Policy Number Site Name		

H1 (46)	Vicarage Road, Yalding			
Number of Suppor	Number of Support (0) / Object (172) / General Observations (2)			
Summary of issues	S	Officer Response	Proposed change	
impact on parking pedestrian) – Unsu station with infreq transport policy –	nd congestion – highway capacity concerns – facilities – highway safety concerns (including uitable road network – rat-running – 1.2 miles from uent services and no disabled access - inadequate public transport constrained – Vicarage Road is sted – pedestrian crossing would be required.	The magnitude of development anticipated on this site is not regarded as excessive and contributions for highway and pedestrian improvements will be required. (Criteria 7 and 8). Some increase in traffic is inevitable but this is regarded as appropriate.	No change.	
on village characte	et on listed buildings and Conservation Area, impacter and appearance (including nature and structure). character of the site and would extend built form ad (Yalding PC)	Policies seek to enhance village identity and facilities, and strategic and detailed policies will ensure that appropriate account is taken of the character of existing settlements in detailed planning applications. Criterion 1 of the site policy considers impact on the conservation area.	New policy formulation to strengthen countryside protection and policy on designated areas.	
Detrimental to will hedgerows.	dlife, habitats and endangered species. Loss of	Further work being undertaken on habitats and wildlife issues which will provide guidance for designated areas and to prospective developers to maintain biodiversity. Criterion 3 requires a phase 1 ecological survey.	New policy formulation to strengthen biodiversity and habitats protection.	
	f village services and facilities, including school doctor surgery, shops and post office.	Strategic and detailed policies ensure that the appropriate level of community infrastructure is provided for proposed development and appropriate contributions will be sought.	No change.	
Insufficient amenit	ties to support new households. Harm to quality of	Policies seek to enhance amenities and facilities, and ensure that quality of life is	No change.	

life.	maintained and where possible	
	enhanced. Yalding has been identified as	
	a settlement suitable for additional	
	housing based on an assessment of its	
	facilities and services.	
Loss of agricultural land / greenfield land / countryside/ allotments.	The site is classified as grade 2 land.	New policy formulation to strengthen
Fields are pretty and add value to living in a village.	Some loss of agricultural and open land is	countryside protection
	inevitable to enable necessary	·
	development but this is kept to a	
	minimum. This has to be weighed against	
	the sustainable location of this site	
	adjacent to an existing settlement.	
	Criterion 1 requires structural	
	landscaping to mitigate the impact on	
	rural character.	
Inadequate infrastructure.	Extensive consultation has taken place	New policy formulation to strengthen
	with the appropriate statutory providers	infrastructure requirements.
	to ensure adequate provision.	·
Increased risk of flooding. Flood defence infrastructure for village is	Criterion 4 requires that appropriate	No change.
yet to evolve	surface water and robust flood mitigation	
	measures will be implemented for any	
	proposed development. Environment	
	Agency has not objected to development	
	of this site.	
Concerns about access to the site.	Access will be taken from Vicarage Lane	No change.
	only at an appropriate width. KCC	
	Highways did not object to the allocation	
	of this site.	
Unsustainable development (KCC). Yalding has a small convenience	Existing Policy NPPF1 requires that all	No change.
store, post officer, pub and restaurant. Having services locally does	proposed development is sustainable.	
not mean people will use them and having an outside village	Strengthening settlements with	
development will simply mean people will shop on their way home	additional development on the edges	
from work (KCC). Site is outside the settlement boundary and people	adjacent to existing housing provides an	

Yalding has poor tra	to the local community or economy (KCC). ensport links. Outside existing village boundary, is to the Plan and has been rejected previously	opportunity for increased use of village facilities and services. Based on a assessment of its services and facilities, Yalding has been identified as one of the more sustainable settlements in the borough, capable of accommodating some growth.	
	eal for 5 dwellings so 65 would have a greater umber of dwellings too high.	Historic application (1966) for 3 units refused on road frontage. The current and projected need for new homes means that additional land is now required.	No change.
Noise pollution		Noise pollution is not regarded as being significant at this location.	No change.
Lack of communica	tion with community, impact on equality.	Consultation has taken place at all stages of the plan making process.	No change.
Policy Number	Site Name		

H1 (47)

Hubbards Land and HasteHill Road, Boughton Monchelsea.

Number of Support (3) / Object (20) / General Observations (1)

Summary of issues	Officer Response	Proposed change
Increased traffic and congestion, poor parking facilities, impact on parking facilities, lack of parking on Hubbards Lane unsuitable road	The magnitude of development anticipated on this site is not regarded as	New criterion be added to read
network, inadequate transport strategy, rat-running on rural lanes.	excessive. Some increase in traffic is inevitable but this is regarded as appropriate. A new criterion is needed to ensure	Appropriate contributions towards improvements at the junction of the B2163 Heath Road with the A229 Linton Road/Linton Hill at Linton
	contribution from this site to improvements to the Linton crossroads	Crossroads.
Inadequate infrastructure. Infrastructure required including school	Extensive consultation has taken place	New policy formulation to strengthen

and health facilitie	es. Lack of local services and facilities.	with the appropriate statutory providers	infrastructure requirements.
		to ensure adequate provision.	
Site is in Loose Par	rish, density should reflect this (Loose PC).	Noted. Amend site policy to confirm that	Amend site policy to confirm that the
Boughton Monchelsea will be surrounded by development.		the site falls within Loose parish.	site falls within Loose parish.
		Nonetheless, the site is physically much	
		more closely related to Boughton	
		Monchelsea village	
Loss of agricultura	I/ greenfield land. Detrimental to local wildlife and	Some loss of open land is inevitable to	New policy formulation to strengthen
habitats. Loss of la	andscape.	enable necessary development but this is	biodiversity and habitats protection.
		kept to a minimum by strategic and	
		detailed policies which encourage the use	
		of previously developed land wherever	
		possible. Further work being undertaken	
		on habitats and wildlife issues which will	
		provide guidance for designated areas	
		and to prospective developers to	
		maintain biodiversity.	
		In respect of this site specifically, criterion	
		3 requires an ecological survey.	
Impact on village i	dentity. Urban sprawl. Ribbon development.	Policies seek to enhance village identity	New policy formulation to strengthen
		and facilities, and strategic and detailed	village character protection.
		policies will ensure that appropriate	
		account is taken of the character of	
		existing settlements in detailed planning	
		applications.	
Impact on amenity/privacy of existing residents.		Detailed design at planning application	No change.
		stage will address amenity issues.	
Pollution.		Noise pollution is not regarded as being	No change.
		significant at this location.	
Policy Number	Site Name		
H1 (48)	Heath Road, Boughton Monchelsea		
пт (40)	neath road, boughton Montheisea		

Summary of issues	Officer Response	Proposed change
Increased traffic and congestion, poor parking facilities, impact on parking facilities, highway safety concerns (including pedestrian), pressure on local roads, unsuitable road network, inadequate transport strategy, rat-running on rural lanes poor bus service, poor connections. Lack of street lighting.	It has been confirmed that the access to the site is not within the control of the promoter of the site. On this basis it is no longer deliverable.	Delete as an allocation in the Plan.
Additional infrastructure required. Lack of local services and facilities, including school, medical facilities, shops		
Concerns about vehicle access to the site. Cobnutt Platt cannot be retained if access taken from church street. Poor pedestrian access. Access issues from Church Road.		
Inadequate infrastructure, including sewerage (Loose PC).		
Detrimental to wildlife and loss of habitat.		
Impact on amenity of existing residents, lack of community infrastructure, lack of privacy for existing residents. Loss of house values.		
Pollution and noise, including during construction.		
Loss of agricultural / greenfield land. Loss of landscape, loss of rural outlook. Use brownfield sites to regenerate the town of Maidstone.		
Increased risk of flooding (Loose PC).		
Loss of village identity.		
Change site name from Heath Road to Church Street. Site contains land no submitted by the landowner resulting in a smaller parcel that is 100% greenfield. Development previously refused due to harm to		

character of the are	22		
EIA required.			
EIA required.			
Policy Number	Site Name		
H1 (49)	East of Eyhorne Street, Eyhorne Street		
Number of Suppor	t (2) / Object (3) / General Observations (1)		
Summary of issues		Officer Response	Proposed change
Lack of local service public transport.	es and facilities including school, health service and	Strategic and detailed policies ensure that the appropriate level of community infrastructure is provided for proposed development and appropriate contributions will be sought as required by criterion 7.	No change.
Increased traffic/co	ongestion, highway infrastructure insufficient.	The magnitude of development anticipated on this site is not regarded as excessive. Some increase in traffic is inevitable but this is regarded as appropriate.	No change.
Detrimental impact rural character.	t on listed building and setting / historic centre /	Policies seek to enhance village identity and facilities, and strategic and detailed policies will ensure that appropriate account is taken of the character of existing settlements in detailed planning applications. Criterion 1 seeks to protect existing heritage assets.	New policy formulation to strengthen heritage protection and policy on designated areas.
Inadequate infrastr	ructure, including drainage.	Extensive consultation has taken place with the appropriate statutory providers to ensure adequate provision	New policy formulation to strengthen infrastructure requirements.
Loss of open fields.		Some loss of open land is inevitable to enable necessary development but this is	No change.

kept to a minimum by strategic and detailed policies which encourage the use of previously developed land wherever possible.	
Not agreed.	No change.
Noted.	No change.
Noted.	No change.
Detailed policies determine the issues to	No change.
be considered when a planning	
application is made, including scale and	
materials.	
	detailed policies which encourage the use of previously developed land wherever possible. Not agreed. Noted. Noted. Detailed policies determine the issues to be considered when a planning application is made, including scale and

Policy Number

Site Name

H1 (50)

West of Eyhorne Street, Eyhorne Street (Hollingbourne)

Number of Support (1) / Object (5) / General Observations (1)

Summary of issues	Officer Response	Proposed change
Lack of local services and facilities including school, health service and	Strategic and detailed policies ensure	No change.
public transport.	that the appropriate level of community	
	infrastructure is provided for proposed	
	development and appropriate	
	contributions will be sought. There is now	
	a resolution to grant planning permission	
	subject to completion of a s106	
	agreement which will secure appropriate	
	and justified contributions	
Increased traffic/congestion, highway infrastructure insufficient	The magnitude of development	No change.
	anticipated on this site is not regarded as	
	excessive. Some increase in traffic is	
	inevitable but this is regarded as	
	appropriate. Resolution to grant	
	planning permission for 14 units. Kent	

	Highways do not object.		
Detrimental impact on listed building and setting / historic centre /	Policies seek to enhance village identity	New policy formulation to strengthen	
rural character.	and heritage, and strategic and detailed	heritage protection and policy on	
	policies will ensure that appropriate	designated areas.	
	account is taken of the character of		
	existing settlements in detailed planning		
	applications.		
Inadequate infrastructure, including drainage.	Extensive consultation has taken place	New policy formulation to strengthen	
	with the appropriate statutory providers	infrastructure requirements.	
	to ensure adequate provision. There is		
	now a resolution to grant planning		
	permission subject to completion of a		
	s106 agreement which will secure		
	appropriate and justified contributions		
Loss of open fields/countryside. Some development on the road	Some loss of open land is inevitable to	New policy formulation to strengthen	
frontage may be acceptable.	enable necessary development but this is	countryside protection.	
	kept to a minimum by strategic and		
	detailed policies which encourage the use		
	of previously developed land wherever		
	possible. There is now a resolution to		
	grant planning permission for 14 units.		
Detrimental to local community.	Not agreed.	No change.	
Additional criteria proposed relating to heights, and materials of	Detailed policies determine the issues to	New policy formulation to strengthen	
roofs, controlled lighting, increased GI throughout site and developer	be considered when a planning	countryside protection and policy on	
contributions for the maintenance of boundaries and PRoW in the	application is made, including scale and	designated areas.	
KDAONB (AONB Unit).	materials. There is now a resolution to		
	grant planning permission for 14 units.		
	This site is largely screened from the Kent		
	Downs AONB by existing woodland and		
	tress and the railway line to its north.		
Some development on the road frontage may be acceptable	There is now a resolution to grant	No change	
	planning permission		
Planning application for 14 units only.	Noted.	No change.	